Today's Weather.
Fair; Light Westerly Winds Is the Prediction.

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NEWS SUMMARY

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PENNSYLVANIA.

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M'LEAN SAYS PARKER IS LIKE ROOSEVELT

Honest, Outspoken and Fearless, Manifestly Not Controlled by David B. Hill.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 10.—John R. McLean said today, "Judge Parker's remarkable declaration of Saturday shows that he is a big, capable and courageous man. He did what the convention had not been able to do—that is, he forced a surrender from Bryan—and at the same time he took command of the Democratic party. Like Mr. Roosevelt he is honest, outspoken and fearless. It is no longer possible to suppose that he proceeds upon the guidance and suggestion of D. B. Hill, who exerts no influence whatsoever over him, and is not even in his confidence. Nothing could be more obvious than Hill's ignorance of his views or Hill's ability to speak for him as to any matter of serious importance."

THE WEATHER

Fair weather for today and tomorrow is the prediction made by the Washington forecaster for Pittsburgh and vicinity. The maximum temperature yesterday was 83 and the minimum 68 degrees. The sun rose cloudy at 4:00 and set cloudy at 7:00 yesterday. The daily report furnished by the local weather office follows:

Fair.

Time.	Bar.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m.	29.30	70	55	W.	Cloudy.
8 p. m.	29.36	80	50	N. W.	Pt. Cldy.

Comparative temperature and precipitation for July 10:

	1904	1903		1904	1903
Maximum	83	86	Mean	76	80
Minimum	68	74	Precipitation	.01	.00

Nor. temp. 31 yrs. 75 — Nor. precip. 31 yrs. .76
Exc. for day ..... 1 — Defy. for day ..... .76
Defy. since July 1. 24 — Defy. since July 1 ... .22
Defy. since Jan. 1.445 — Exc. since Jan. 1 ... 3.54

Washington Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia—Fair Monday and Tuesday, light westerly winds.

Ohio—Fair Monday and Tuesday, light variable winds.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

Chicago	68 Clear	Indianapolis	80 Pt.Cldy
Omaha	66 Clear	Cincinnati	82 Pt.Cldy
Memphis	82 Clear	Oklahoma	90 Pt.Cldy
Cleveland	74 Clear	Philadelphia	74 Cloudy
St. Paul	82 Pt.Cldy	New York	70 Cloudy
St. Louis	80 Clear	New Orleans	78 Pt.Cldy
St. Paul	76 Clear	Vicksburg	80 Pt.Cldy
Duluth	72 Clear	Kansas City	88 Cldy
Galveston	84 Pt.Cldy	Des Moines	82 Pt.Cldy
Denver	84 Cloudy		

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

KENNYWOOD PARK—Free band concerts, miscellaneous horse attractions and "The Flying Dutchmen" afternoon and evening.

SOUTHERN PARK—Crimmins & Gore Comedy Company and a bright site, afternoon and evening.

EXPOSITION PARK—National championship series, Pittsburgh vs. Boston, 3:00 p. m.

17 ARE KILLED MANY INJURED

Excursion Train Run Into from Rear by Regular Passenger.

OPERATOR AT FAULT

Lowers Signal Too Soon, and Flagman Is Not Seen Because of Curve.

DEBRIS DOES NOT TAKE FIRE

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

New York, July 10.—Seventeen persons were killed and about a hundred injured in a collision, which occurred at Midvale, N. J., just before noon today when a regular passenger train on the Greenwood Lake branch of the Erie railroad ran into an excursion train that had stopped to take water. All the dead and injured lived in Hoboken, Jersey City and New York.

THE DEAD:

HENRY OTTERSTEDT, Hoboken.
WILLIAM WEIDEMEYER, JR., Hoboken.
WILLIAM RENZ, New York.
MRS. ANNA LEMKOHL, New York.
WILLIAM LANE, Hoboken.
HENRY BECKER, Hoboken.
WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Hoboken.
WILLIAM WINDERKNECHT, Hoboken.
GEORGE SCHEER, Hoboken.
HENRY KOCH, Hoboken.
SADORE MANSER, Hoboken.
FRANK HOLNWEDDEL (child), Hoboken.
GEORGE M'DERMOTT, Hoboken.
WILLIAM WISTOW, West Hoboken.
E. K. KELLY, Jersey City.
AGNES LEMKOHL (child), New York.
BOY, name supposed to be Batterson.

The accident is believed to have resulted from a tower operator having lowered his signal too soon, and this was admitted by D. W. Cooke, general passenger agent of the Erie railroad, who gave out a statement, in which he said:

"The operator in the tower failed to set the block signal against the train following."

The train which was run into was a special carrying members of the First Plattdeucher association of Hoboken on their annual outing, and had 800 passengers. It consisted of 12 cars and two engines. The first engine had taken water and the train had moved up and stopped with the second engine beside the tank where the regular train drew near. The flagman of the special signalled the engineer of the oncoming train, but owing to a curve in the road, his flag was not seen until too late.

It is claimed the engineer of the regular train had slowed down to about 10 miles an hour before he crashed into the special, but his engine tore through the rear car the greater part of its length and drove the forward end of that car into the car ahead. The killed and injured were in these two cars.

The wreckage did not catch fire and the work of taking out the dead and maimed was accomplished quickly.

The engineer and fireman of the regular train disappeared from the scene just after the accident. They both escaped injury by jumping just before the crash.

The operator in the tower was Walter Richards. He would make no statement and was relieved and left the scene soon after the accident.

ST. LOUIS, July 10.—While running at full speed the tender of an engine drawing an eastbound excursion train on the Missouri Pacific railroad jumped a switch near Labadie, 45 miles west of here, tonight, derailing four coaches, which were thrown down an embankment. Thirty-eight passengers were injured, but only three seriously.

ANTI-CHRISTIAN RIOTS START AGAIN IN CHINA

LONDON, July 11.—The Chefoo correspondent of the Standard in a dispatch dated July 9 says: "The American consul general (John Fowler) received news last night that anti-Christian riots have broken out at Chao-Yuen, about 65 miles south of Teng-Chou-Foo and 50 miles west of Chefoo. Immediate assistance was asked. The Taotai dispatched troops and telegraphed the authorities at Hwang-Hallen and Teng-Chou-Foo also to send assistance if required. Foreigners are not believed to be in danger. The cause of the riots is not known."

RUSSIA ADMITS LOSING KAI-CHOU

Gen. Sakharoff's Report of Defeat Reaches General Staff.

COUNT NYRODT DEAD

Commander Says His Losses Do Not Exceed 150 in Killed and Wounded.

CLOSING IN ON PORT ARTHUR

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

St. Petersburg, July 10.—Lieut.-Gen. Sakharoff, in a dispatch to the general staff, confirms the report of the Japanese occupation of Kai-Chou. He says that the Russian loss did not exceed 150 killed or wounded. Gen. Sakharoff adds that the Japanese are on the Yin-Kow road. Gen. Sakharoff says:

"Our detachment remained during July 8 at Kai-Chou station, having its advance posts on the right bank of the Kantakhe river, the enemy occupying the heights on the left bank and fortifying themselves thereon.

"Our battery on the railroad bridge opened fire at the enemy's patrols, which appeared in Kantakhe village. Towards noon a fusillade occurred between a detachment of the enemy and our company, which observed the enemy retiring. Our losses were six wounded.

"Towards the evening of July 8 the enemy's force, consisting of four divisions and a brigade, could be made out in front of Kai-Chou, extending along the seashore. At dawn July 9 the enemy resumed the offensive upon the rear guard of our detachment, which retired about 6:30 in the morning from Kai-Chou to two and a half miles northward toward the Shuanlunsa pass.

Retire Under Pressure.

"At 10 o'clock, under heavy pressure, our rear guard retired on our position at Makhuntsuiiga and Yaolintse, three miles north of the Shuanlunsa pass. The rear guard held this position under a fire until 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when, in accordance with instructions, it retired slowly and in perfect order on the third position at Tehjoutzuziandiandza, just as our main body was concentrating at Datchapu and on the position at Makhuntsuiga.

"The enemy kept up a very heavy cannonade for two hours uninterruptedly, but our battery carried on the struggle successfully, firing along the Shuanlunsa pass. It finally left back with hardly any casualties.

"On our right flank our horse battery shelled the Japanese battery. At the same time the enemy's cavalry advanced slowly along the shore road to Kai-Chou.

"Our losses are not yet known, but according to the commander of our forces they do not exceed 150. Among the killed was Count Nyrodt, captain on the general staff, who abandoned the last position after brilliantly carrying out his duties as chief of staff with the rear guard."

Gen. Sakharoff also reports an ambush of Japanese 25 miles north of Siu-Yen, when the Japanese had one officer and 11 dragoons killed or wounded.

On July 7, Gen. Sakharoff says, the Japanese began to advance, but not in considerable force, toward Siaosyou, occupying Sien-Chan.

While the Baltic fleet on its way to the far east is not likely to be able to get coal at French ports, it is understood that the contractors will send out coal from these ports to meet the fleet beyond territorial waters.

Torpedo Attack on Askold.

TOKYO, July 10.—On Friday night, July 8, during a storm, a flotilla of torpedo boats of Admiral Togo's fleet, approached Port Arthur. On the following morning one of the torpedo boats found and attacked the Russian cruiser Askold, but the result of the attack is unknown. The Askold fired on the torpedo boat two petty officers being severely wounded.

Gen. Kuroki reports that on Wednesday, July 6, a detachment of Japanese troops drove off 300 Russian cavalry and occupied Kun-Chang, the enemy retiring northward. The Japanese had no casualties. On the afternoon of July 5 1,300 Russian cavalry attacked a Japanese detachment near the north entrance of Fen-Shui pass. The Russians were repulsed

Continued on Second Page, Fourth Column.

KUROPATKIN PLANNED INVASION OF INDIA

Filed Statement in War Office at St. Petersburg Saying War Could Easily Be Begun.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

LONDON, July 11.—The Daily Express today prints what it claims is Gen. Kuropatkin's signed plan of invasion of British India, which, it is stated, was filed in the Russian war office as the official method of procedure in case of war between Russia and Great Britain. The document goes into minute details and is three columns in length.

Briefly summed up, Gen. Kuropatkin divides such a war into two campaigns, one ending with the capture of Herat and the other after two or three years' administration of the country, with the capture of Kashmir, Kandahar and Kabul. After that, says Gen. Kuropatkin, the British would find themselves without native support in India proper.

The plan deals minutely with the methods Russia ought to adopt to secure the co-operation of the Persians and Afghans by an elaborate system of agents and Sheikhs. It estimates that one Turkestan army corps and one Transcaspian corps would be required in the initial stage of the campaign which "I should prefer to begin in November, as the weather is healthier for the men and all Russian ports are frozen. A casus belli can, any time when required, be found through a collision between Russian and Afghan outposts."

BRAVE MARINE UNABLE TO SAVE COMPANIONS

Boat Is Overturned and Three of a Party of Five Perish.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

KEY WEST, FLA., July 10.—The naval tug Osceola, sent by Capt. George Bicknell, commandant of this station, to Dry Tortugas yesterday evening, returned here this morning, bringing the bodies of Capt. George W. Peck, his wife and their 15-year-old daughter, who were drowned at Dry Tortugas about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Capt. Peck, in command of the collier Mae, with a cargo of coal from Newport News for the government, arrived several days since. Desiring to give his family a sail in the harbor of Dry Tortugas, he took his wife and daughter, and accompanied by two marines from Fort Jefferson, Corporal Gologly and Private Smith, to assist in handling the dinghey, started on what promised to be a pleasant excursion. A sudden squall upset the craft, throwing the five occupants into the water.

Private Smith, the only one who could swim, succeeded after great efforts in getting his companions back to the boat, which had turned bottom side up. As one by one dropped off the slippery bottom from exhaustion, Private Smith would swim out and bring them back, and, with words of encouragement try to instill new life. The test of human endurance, however, was soon reached and one by one all were drowned, but Smith and Gologly.

Have Handsome West Virginia Homes

Residence in Elkins, W. Va., of U. S. Senator Stephen B. Elkins, the Republican son-in-law of Henry G. Davis.

Graceland—Residence at Elkins, W. Va., of Henry G. Davis, Democratic candidate for vice president.

CONFESSED TO FIVE MURDERS

John Johnson Killed and Robbed His Companions in Crime.

HE DIES ON THURSDAY

Slayers of Grocer James Donnelly Say They Never Would Have Reformed.

FRANK OUSLEY IS BAPTIZED

"You deserve your fate, and you owe society and your race your lives."

The Rev. J. W. Lee, pastor of the Wylie Avenue A. M. E. church, thus admonished John Johnson and Frank Ousley, negroes, condemned to be hanged on Thursday for killing James Donnelly, the Bedford avenue grocer.

Both men admitted the justice of the minister's statement, and to further confirm it, Johnson confessed to committing four more murders. This confession is in the possession of Jail Warden Lewis and will be made public after the execution.

Johnson, who is aged 27, has been a thieving tramp for years. Two of his victims were tramps like himself, and he killed them for the little money they had upon them. These murders were committed on freight trains. From one he secured about $3, and from the other less than $1. Both these murders occurred in Virginia. The other two men he killed were laborers on railroad construction in the south, and he secured their small savings.

Johnson left his home in Georgia when about 18 years old and at once developed criminal instincts. He worked on railroad construction and traveled about the country on freight trains. He would commit robbery, sometimes accompanied by murder, and beat his way on a freight train to another place. By this means he left no clue by which to be followed, and until he came to Pittsburgh was never arrested. According to his own statement, Johnson had no compunction about murder. Twice he killed his companions in crime in order to rob them.

Mr. Lee baptised Ousley in the jail yesterday. Johnson was baptised at his boyhood home when 15 years old. After Ousley's baptism both men took the sacrament. They say they are ready to die, and told the jailers they would never have reformed had they remained at liberty.

Some time ago friends of the condemned men suggested to Mr. Lee that funds be collected to take the prisoners' case before the pardon board. Mr. Lee told these persons they should think seriously before they acted, as Johnson and Ousley had led lives of crime and deserved their fate.

Mr. Lee was just as plain spoken to Mrs. Ousley, the stepmother of one of the condemned men. She came to this city from Urbana, O., to say farewell to her stepson. She thought she should be permitted to see him every day during her stay here. Warden Lewis refused this and Mrs. Ousley thought it unkind.

SPANISH GEN. TORAL DIES IN INSANE ASYLUM

MADRID, July 10.—Gen. Toral, who commanded the Spanish garrison at Santiago when that place surrendered to the United States forces, died today at an asylum for the insane near here. The general became insane brooding over his capitulation.

PARKER'S MOVE FELLS BRYAN

Causes Complete Overthrow by Convention Indorsing Gold Standard.

HILL IS REPUDIATED

Message Stunned New Yorker and Southern Leaders Pulled the Convention Through.

DELEGATES MAD FOR A TIME

By HENRY J. FORD.
(Staff Correspondent.)

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

St. Louis, July 10.—The Parker torpedo which exploded under the convention, while it was in the midst of vice presidential nominations was such a complete surprise that some of the delegates had actually left the city, thinking everything was settled. Among them was Bourke Cockran of New York, after whom a hurry call was sent by telegraph. The first effect of the shock was to produce unbounded anger. Senator Tillman of South Carolina had one of his characteristic eruptions, and the lava flow was particularly hot stuff even for him. After the convention adjourned to find where it stood, cyclones of wrathful oratory rolled through the hotel lobbies and it looked as if Hill's work, done with so much cunning, would come down with a smash.

A special cause of indignation was that Parker had delayed utterance until after he was nominated, instead of letting his position be known during the protracted sessions of the committee on resolutions, when his views might have influenced the making of the platform. This point was energetically stated in a speech made by Congressman Ollie James of Kentucky in the lobby of the Planters' Hotel. He shouted: "If Parker did not know the kind of platform that would probably be adopted he should have had sense enough to have informed himself through the public prints, and if he did not have sense enough to do that, his New York delegation ought to have had sense enough to have informed him. We made that platform, and if there is any man who does not care to stand on it, I say let him get off d——d quick."

Kentuckian's Picturesque Talk.

Some one suggested that Judge Parker was swimming while the platform was being discussed, and consequently could not know its probable purport, whereupon the big Kentucky congressman yelled at the top of his voice: "D——n him; if that's the reason he ought to go and take another bath; he's dirty yet. David Hill spent 16 hours in preparing that platform and for Parker to repudiate it at this late hour is simply folly, and I am in favor of putting the old banner in Bryan's hands."

The Kentuckian's sentiments expressed a feeling that was spreading rapidly among the delegates. The leaders realized that, if they did not control the situation, there was liable to be a row that would tear the party to pieces. Even Tillman cooled off under the influence of such considerations.

Hill's leadership had been completely overthrown by the shock of the explosion. He had been blown completely out of water just as he had imagined that he had safely reached harbor. Everybody recognized the fact that the telegram was a repudiation of Hill's management. There has been no doubt that a platform frankly accepting the gold standard as

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BRYAN MEN DISGRUNTLED

Will Give the Democratic Ticket Only Half Hearted Support.

WOE TO THE PEOPLE

So They Say, if Parker Wins. Some Believe Sending of Message Prearranged.

PENNSYLVANIANS ARE PLEASED

By WALTER J. CHRISTY.
(Staff Correspondent.)

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

St. Louis, July 10.—Now that the Democratic national convention has completed its bungling work, the Democrats, who favored the nomination of Judge Alton B. Parker, are endeavoring to make themselves believe that they have started on the highway to success. Those who were not for him do not share the views of the friends of the nominee. One Hearst manager puts it: "It is a fight of the bankers for control and God save the people if the Democratic party wins this fall."

There is no disguising the fact that the Bryan men are sore over the eleventh hour declaration for the gold standard. While they realize that they must go along, if they are to remain in their party, it will be a half-hearted support that they will give in November. This is plain in the statement made by the Nebraskan. He says: "I have nothing to say except that I expect to cast my vote for the ticket."

Bryan Presents Pitiable Sight.

Bryan came out of a sick bed last night to overthrow the nomination of Parker if possible. He was wrapped in mustard plasters and left his room with the warning of his doctor ringing in his ears that he took his life in his hands. It was almost necessary to carry him to the convention hall. It was a pitiable sight that he presented when he stepped upon the platform. Pale, haggard, and with a voice hardly stronger than a whisper, he endeavored to sway the body to his way of thinking. Pitted against him was a man his superior in debate. Much of the credit for the victory of last night must be given to John Sharp Williams. He riddled the arguments of the orator of the Platte and succeeded by an overwhelming vote in sending to Parker a message that is supposed to make the candidate remain a-straddle of the Democratic mule.

Last night conditions were chaotic. On every hand Democrats were gloomy. They thought that the gold afterthought was to work the undoing of their party. Having slept on the proposition, the leaders awakened this morning determined to grin and bear the extra load which had been shoved upon them. On every hand one was told that the action of Parker was courageous and that the nominee had greatly strengthened himself by his stand for gold.

Think It Scheme of Hill.

There are some who think that the whole affair was a set-up job. They argue that Senator David B. Hill had to do something to show that Parker did not jump when he and the Wall street crowd pulled the string. To bring this about Parker was instructed to send his "manly" telegram and a gambler's chance was taken on holding the convention. Of course this is indignantly denied, and now the story is told that Hill knew nothing of the message to Sheehan until late yesterday afternoon.

The leaders know that another blunder has been added to the many of the convention, but they hope by cheerful statements to gloss over the mistakes and have the people believe that out of the dramatic closing of the convention will come a great admiration for the man, who they say was big enough to declare that he would "rather be right than be president." To date the show has not been a success and the bosses now hope to fall back on press agents to pull the aggregation of blundering king makers out of a hole. A verbatim report of the proceedings of the convention will be about as good literature as the Republican party could place before the voters of the nation.

Garman Is Pessimistic.

With one exception Pennsylvanians take a cheerful view of the situation, and bring themselves to believe, with William J. Brennen that hope is never absent from the Democratic breast. The exception is ex-State Chairman John M. Garman of Luzerne county. He came into prominence in Pennsylvania with the Bryan wave and refuses to take the reorganization germ and look pleasant. He regrets today that he visited the fair last night and missed an opportunity to express himself on the attempt of the nominee to build a platform by wire. In summing up Mr. Garman says: "The Democratic party is in a deplorable and disorganized

Continued on Second Page, Fifth Column.

EMPEROR WILLIAM ONCE MORE BREAKS INTO FAR EAST WAR

Sends Telegram to Colonel of Finland Regiment Saying He Is Proud That Body of Which Kaiser Is Honorary Head Is Going to Battle.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

ST. PETERSBURG, July 10.—A sensation has been caused by the publication in the Russky Invalid, the army organ, of a telegram from Emperor William to the colonel of the Wiborg (Finland) regiment, of which the emperor is honorary colonel-in-chief.

The emperor congratulates the regiment on the prospect of meeting the Japanese and adds that he is proud his Wiborg regiment will have the honor of fighting for its emperor, the fatherland and the fame of the Russian army. In concluding the emperor says:

"My sincere wishes accompany the regiment. God bless its standards."

This telegram was only published this morning, but by evening its contents formed the general topic of conversation. A considerable section of the public even deduced from the message that Germany intends before long to abandon her position as a mere onlooker in the far east.

In diplomatic circles, while the telegram has caused much surprise and comment, it is immediately associated with the approaching commercial treaty negotiations in Berlin. It seems to be generally understood that Russia is prepared to make considerable tariff concessions in exchange for the benevolent neutrality of Germany during the war, as well as for the assistance Germany is rendering in keeping the enemies of the Russian government in Germany under police surveillance. Moreover, it has been repeatedly affirmed, that Russia desires to raise money in Berlin.

DAVIS GREETED BY NEIGHBORS

Expresses Appreciation of Honor Conferred by National Convention.

SON-IN-LAW TALKS

Would Have Been Named for Governor, If Not Nominated at St. Louis.

SERVED TWO TERMS IN SENATE

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

Elkins, W. Va., July 10.—A most flattering reception was tendered ex-Senator Henry G. Davis, Democratic vice presidential candidate, upon his return to his home at "Graceland," in Elkins early this afternoon. Ex-Senator Davis left St. Louis before the convention adjourned and returned to Elkins via Belington in his private car "Graceland," which bears the same name as his magnificent home at Elkins, where he lives during the summer.

Fully 2,000 persons had gathered at the West Virginia Central & Pittsburgh railroad station. When the train pulled in the music of the Elkins band, which headed the throng, was drowned by the shout that went up when the candidate appeared on the platform of his car. At Belington, in Barbour county, at least 100 men, including the Belington band, had boarded the train to which ex-Senator Davis' car was attached, and their shouts joined those of the crowd at the station. The Hon. T. W. Dalley and Senator Elkins each delivered an address of congratulation, to which the ex-senator responded, voicing his appreciation of the honor which the Democratic convention had conferred upon him.

Hundreds of those in the throng marched to the music of the bands to the Davis home as an escort. At his home, which is on a commanding hill west of the town, Mr. Davis slept most of the afternoon. He expressed his weariness as a result of his work at the convention. He had received the news of his nomination through a telegram that was handed to him when his train stopped at Grafton. While he slept this afternoon scores of congratulatory messages came from every part of the United States. These were read to him when he awoke by his private secretary, P. S. Robb. This evening Mr. Davis attended services with his daughter, Mrs. Lee, at the Memorial Presbyterian church. His removal from the gubernatorial contest in West Virginia is a source of much pleasure to the Republican party. Senator Davis stood foremost with the Democracy of this state and would have been accorded the nomination.

In 1866 he was elected as a Union conservative to the West Virginia legislature and later was elected to the state senate. He was elected to the United States senate by an almost unanimous vote, both parties voting for him, and took his seat in Washington in 1883. He served two terms in the senate.

PLACES PARTY ON DEFENSIVE

Harrity Says Democracy Has to Explain at Very Outset.

MISTAKE WAS MADE

National Convention and Parker Unfortunate in Their Actions.

TO TRY TARIFF AS AN ISSUE

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Press Building,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., July 10.

The action of the Democratic national convention in evading the currency issues and the consequent long-distance argument between it and its candidate for the presidency, has, in the opinion of William F. Harrity, former Democratic national chairman, put the party on the defensive and in the unpleasant position of having to make explanations to the people at the very beginning of the campaign. Mr. Harrity today was asked the following questions:

"Do you not think that the failure to put a plank in the party platform regarding the gold standard for currency, in connection with the telegram of Judge Parker and the telegraphic reply of the convention, are calculated to create a feeling of doubt in the minds of the conservative men of the party as to the course of the party in case it should be victorious in the coming campaign? Would they not fear that the party when in control would be likely to take some action which would cause business disturbances and a feeling of distrust?"

Mr. Harrity replied:

"It has already done so. I see by the reports of the convention as published in the papers that such doubts have been expressed and some of the delegates before the convention adjourned, were already trying to make explanations. I regret to say that the action of the convention has placed the Democratic party on the defensive. It is in the position of having to make explanations. This is always an unfortunate position for a party to be in.

"Everybody knows my personal views on the money question and I am sorry that the convention did not see fit to adopt a good strong plank on that subject."

"Does not the plank regarding the tariff indicate a complete surrender of the party to the extreme southern free trade element of the party?"

"It was necessary to have an issue and the tariff will be the issue. A moderate plank, stating that a partial revision of the tariff or a moderate revision is necessary, would not have done."

PITTSBURGHER'S SON-IN-LAW WOUNDED IN FAR AWAY TIBET

Very little of importance happens in this world nowadays with which Pittsburgh or Pittsburghers are not mixed up in some way. From far-off Tibet, the most inaccessible country on earth, a cable message was flashed on Saturday to the Chronicle Telegraph stating that in a fight at the Jong near Gyant-Tse, where Col. Younghusband's British advance expedition has been for some time, four English officers were wounded.

Yesterday a parishioner of the Rev. J. H. McIlvaine of the Calvary Protestant Episcopal church, East End, drew the pastor's attention to this item of about 12 printed lines. It mentioned that one of the wounded was Capt. Baldwin. The captain is the minister's son-in-law.

It is half way around the world from here to that Tibetan fort which is on the "roof of the world," because it is the highest inhabited land, and yet in one day the news reached the minister in Pittsburgh that his son-in-law had been wounded in the fighting. The Rev. Mr. McIlvaine is somewhat perturbed until he can get news by a more roundabout way than cable, giving details.

Capt. Baldwin is an officer of the Forty-fourth Ghurkas, a regiment of Indian highlanders, and was married six years ago in Geneva, Switzerland, to the minister's daughter. Mrs. Baldwin is at present at Darjeeling, one of the finest hill sanitariums in India, with her little daughter. Her husband has been hurt far beyond the Himalayas, to the north of where she is.

LITTLE GIRL DROWNED, GREAT DAMAGE IS DONE

Serious Results of Storm That Struck Vicinity of Punxsutawney Saturday.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

PUNXSUTAWNEY, PA., July 10.—Death and destruction of property followed in the train of a terrific storm that visited Punxsutawney and the region west of here yesterday and last night.

Nettie Dibelbiss, aged 10, daughter of Robert Dibelbiss of Walston, was one of three girls who tried to cross Sawmill run at tipple No. 4. They were on their way from the company store to tipple No. 6.

The girl was caught in the current and swept away from her companions, who gave the alarm. Hundreds of people living in the neighborhood of Walston joined in the search for the child's body, which was found five hours later. It had been carried down the stream a quarter of a mile by the swift current.

The losses from the storm are enormous. The damage suffered by farmers will amount to thousands of dollars. Bridges were carried away. Ripening rye and wheat were hammered flat. Corn and potato crops were literally washed out. Mahoning creek overflowed its banks for several miles above and below this place, and the water rose in three hours to a point almost touching high water mark.

JOHNSTOWN, July 10.—(Special.)—The heaviest rainfall since the memorable flood in 1889 visited Johnstown last night. Three inches of rain fell. In the Eleventh ward, which is in the lower part of the city, about a dozen houses were flooded. The water filled the first floors and the inmates were prisoners till this morning, when the flood subsided.

ODELL SAYS DEMOCRATS MADE A GREAT MISTAKE

So Declares of Platform, but Declines to Discuss Message of Parker.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

ALBANY, N. Y., July 10.—Gov. Odell, who spent Sunday at the executive mansion, has taken a deep interest in the Democratic national convention, and particularly in the gold standard telegram of Judge Parker, but is not yet ready to express his estimate.

"I have nothing to add at this time to what I said in New York city on Saturday," he said tonight. "That the convention made a great mistake in its platform is evident."

"What is your opinion of the telegram sent to Mr. Sheehan by Judge Parker?" he was asked.

"I must refrain from making any comment on that matter tonight," he replied. "Later in the week I will probably have something to say."

The governor will leave Albany for Newburg tomorrow and will go to New York city either tomorrow evening or Tuesday morning, and will remain there for several days attending to campaign matters.

"I expect to hold a conference with Senator Platt later in the week," he said, "but I do not expect to see President Roosevelt during this visit to New York city."

Japanese Capture Guns.

LONDON, July 11.—Special dispatches to the Daily Telegraph and the Daily Mail from Tokyo assert that the Japanese captured eight guns during the fighting around Port Arthur July 4 and that they reconnoitered from a war balloon.

PLAN OF TAGGART KNOCKED IN HEAD

He Tries to Secure an Immediate Election as Democratic National Chairman.

FINALLY OBTAINS A PLEDGE

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 10.—The national committee, now in its make-up, met at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, with the avowed intention, on behalf of the supporters of Taggart of Indiana, of organizing by electing him chairman. The early morning meeting was not fully attended and the latest timed at was not accomplished. It was called out by Norman E. Mack of New York after it would be impossible to take any action until Mr. Parker as the candidate was consulted.

The Taggart men, while not having enough to elect, still suggested that David B. Hill, William F. Sheehan and August Belmont, the candidate's friends, were still here, and should, if possible, that they be invited to meet the committee this afternoon. At the afternoon session Chairman Jones of the old committee asserted that the contemplated action would be unprecedented and, in fact, illegal. It was also stated that at a late hour the committee adopted a resolution authorizing Mr. Jones to call the new committee together in New York city at such time as he might suggest.

Sheehan Not Present.

Senator Hill and Mr. Sheehan left for New York at noon and could not, therefore, attend the meeting. Mr. Jones made this statement:

"The national convention, by special resolution adopted last night, authorized me, in fact instructed me, to call the first meeting of the new committee in New York city. I shall call the new committee cannot organize and meetings they have are unauthorized. Now, let me say forcibly, if need be, that acting under the convention authority I shall call the national committee to meet in New York city at such time as Judge Parker shall designate, for before I call it I shall consult him. It would be an unprecedented thing for the new committee to organize without consultation with the candidate. Such a thing was never heard of."

Just after the afternoon session began Mr. Taggart, who was presiding, was asked to retire, so that he need not be embarrassed. August Belmont of New York was called into the room and asked to give Judge Parker's views. He said he could not do so.

Opposed by Col. Guffey.

Col. Guffey of Pennsylvania insisted that precedent demanded that the committee courteously await Judge Parker's opinion. "In fact," he said, "the resolution of last night precluded any action until Chairman Jones issues a call for New York."

Senator Paddy of Texas said the matter should be settled at once. It was customary, he said, for the committee to adjourn immediately after the adjournment and elect, and a resolution was passed last night to that effect by the convention. "I guess," he said, "that we can have Judge Parker's message in a few minutes from his friends here, if they care to give it."

After nearly two hours' debate Senator Bailey offered to compromise if the committee would adopt a resolution indorsing the candidacy of Thomas Taggart for chairman of the committee. Mr. Mack accepted this, and the resolution was adopted. The committee will therefore meet in New York on the call of Chairman Jones.

MILLIONS SEE FAIR.

Total Number of Visitors Up to July 10 Announced by Management to Be 4,093,226.

ST. LOUIS, July 10.—The statement given out by the world's fair management tonight regarding the number of admissions to the exposition during the past week, ending with today, follows: Monday, July 4, 172,140; Tuesday, July 5, 75,-859; Wednesday, July 6, 80,332; Thursday, July 7, 88,686; Friday, July 8, 74,195; Saturday, July 9, 99,051. Total, 592,863.

Previously admitted, April 30 to day, 187,-764; May, 25 days, 1,007,201; June, 26 days, 2,124,856; July 8 days, 179,206. Total to July 10, 4,093,226.

About 100 newspaper men from various parts of the country, who have been in attendance on the national Democratic convention, visited the Philippine section today, as the guests of the management. The visitors were escorted by Executive Officer E. A. Felder, visiting all the exhibit buildings and the native villages.

ASSAULTED AND ROBBED.

Aged Tollgate Keeper in Cumberland County Victim of Fiend, and Arrest Follows.

CARLISLE, Pa., July 10.—(Special.)—Mrs. Minerva Fickes, an aged woman who keeps the tollgate at Mount Holly Springs, Cumberland county, was last night assaulted and robbed.

She lives just at the foot of the South mountain. The assailant bound and gagged her. George Smith was arrested by Officer Bentley near Cashtown, Adams county and committed to jail here this evening.

The stolen money was found on him.

Vaudeville in the Parks.

There were crowds at all the traction resorts yesterday, where bands, vocalists and entertainers contributed to the amusement of the audiences. At Kennywood during the week will be the Flying Wheelers, one of the cleverest troupes of aerial acrobats in the business, who perform on trapeze, tight rope and on the stage. Moving pictures of the Japanese war may also be shown. Southern will have a strong bill of entertainment all this week, beginning this evening, in the Cummins & Gore Comedy Company, in their two-act musical comedy, "A Warm Match."

No Cameras in the Cemetery.

An order issued some time ago by Superintendent Wm. Falconer of the Allegheny cemetery, barring camera fiends from the cemetery is being rigidly enforced. Each week persons carrying cameras are detected and ejected, especially on Sundays. A number of them, however, smuggle their machines into the grounds, but the policemen on duty there eject them as soon as they try to take a picture.

Charged With Robbery on a Bridge.

Alex Eaton, aged 26, of Second avenue, Pittsburgh, and Ezram Wyland, aged 21, of East Liberty street, Allegheny, are locked up in the North Side Central station, charged with holding up a man on the Fifth avenue bridge Friday night at the Seventh street bridge.

Drowned at Demmler Station.

John D. Mosnowich, a foreigner, was drowned in the Monongahela river near Demmler station yesterday. The body was recovered.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived, July 10.

New York—Astoria from Glasgow. Caesar II. from Genoa. Naples. Sicilian Prince from Genoa. Liverpool—Slavic from New York. Southampton—Germanic from New York. Luzon—Germanic from New York.

Sailed, July 10.

London—Mesaba for New York. Queenstown—Etruria for New York. Southampton—Friedrich der Grosse for New York. Glasgow—Laurentian for New York.

Excursion to Atlantic City, Saturday, July 16, via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. $10 round trip; tickets good 10 days, $2 additional for tickets good in Pullman cars. Trains leave Pittsburgh 8:00 a. m., 1:30 and 9:00 p. m.

Adirondacks Within Pittsburgh's Reach. Through Sleepers Tuesdays and Fridays. Leaving Pittsburgh 9:30 p. m., daily (Eastern Standard Time) via Lake Erie running via Buffalo & New York Central, due Saranac Lake 7:35 a. m., Lake Placid 8:35 a. m.

ACT OF DEMENTED WOMAN CAUSES HEAVY LOSS BY FIRE

Declares She Decided to Baptize Her Friend Who Was in Coal Tipple, Then Burn Him Up So He Would Be Out of Trouble.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

ASHVILLE, PA., July 10.—The loss of $40,000 by fire and 600 men thrown out of work for at least three months is the result of a demented woman's act early this morning.

Miss Theresa Cassidy, aged 40, a well-to-do resident of this place, slipped out of her brother's house, wearing only a night gown, and waited four miles through wood and swamp in her bare feet to Baker's mines. After arranging a candle and crucifix, she tore her night gown into shreds and set fire to the tipple and engine house.

The flames spread rapidly and before the watchman discovered them the roof of the tipple was about to fall in. A telephone message was sent to Altoona and the fire department was rushed to the mines, a distance of six miles, but arrived too late to save the property. The boiler exploded and was heard several miles away.

Miss Cassidy was discovered, about 8 o'clock, throwing water over her head and repeating the baptismal rites of her choice. When questioned she said she was about to be sent to Dixmont, and as her friend was confined in the tipple she thought it was her duty to first baptize him, then burn him up, so that he would be out of trouble.

She is a powerful woman, nearly six feet tall, and is now confined in a room at Baker's with a strong guard.

The mine belongs to the Altoona Coal and Coke Company and is one of the best producers in this section. It employs 600 men who have not lost a day's work for several years. The property is fully insured.

JUDGE PARKER'S MOVE FELLS BRYAN

Continued from First Page.

an established fact would have been adopted, but Hill was afraid that the fight over the adoption might possibly recast upon Parker's candidacy, under the two-thirds vote. Fears of what Bryan might do, if excited by a platform fight, disturbed him, so he exerted all his finesse to secure a unanimous report on the platform, and have the previous question moved upon adoption.

Hill Had No Plan.

The idea that Parker himself would force a reconsideration and bring on a scalding discussion of platform issues never entered his head. A situation was created for which he was quite unprepared, and he had no plan of action except to say nothing, do nothing and stand pat. No such program would have gone down with the convention.

The southern orators stepped into the breach. John Sharp Williams, Senator Daniel and Senator Carmack got together and pulled together and they pulled the convention through. They replied to Bryan's speeches and in the contest he was visibly overmatched. He is an orator who draws his inspiration from the crowd, and there was no crowd present in the midnight hours when the issue was decided. The galleries were empty, he had to speak to the delegates, who were tired out and disgusted and showed it plainly. He was in bad voice, as he was exhausted by the long sessions of the platform committee and lack of sleep, but now no speaker had difficulty in being heard, as the noisy crowds had departed and for the first time the convention was running its own business. Williams' voice, too, was badly frayed, but he spoke with great vigor and earnestness. He had stepped instinctively into the post of party leader and spoke with the authority of that office. The southern delegations rallied solidly to their representative statesman of the New South.

Bryan Unable to Score.

Congressman James and the other irate Kentuckians cooled off and lined up with the rest. Bryan's hour's power had departed. He resorted to the old claptrap, and it fell flat. Extending his arms appealingly to his audience and raising his voice to its full power, he cried: "Must we choose between a god of war and a god of gold?"

The allusion failed to score. From being defiant he became conciliatory. He talked of his desire for harmony and enlarged upon the concessions he had made. Toward the last he became quite deprecating in his plea. All his tactics failed and toward the last he was interrupted by cries of "Question!" "Question!" The delegates had made up their minds to adopt the solution of the problem proposed by Williams—the sending of a telegram to Judge Parker acquiescing in his right to declare for the gold standard. With the southern delegations lined up under their leaders in favor of acceptance of the gold standard, the result was a foregone conclusion. Four votes from Florida were the only ones cast from the south against the Williams resolution apart from Missouri, which had been anti-Parker from first to last.

After all Hill's efforts to avoid a contest in the convention over the monetary standard, the issue was presented and fought out, and the result was the lining up of the south in favor of the gold standard and the open, complete and decisive defeat of Bryan.

Delegates Seemed Relieved.

When they had finished their work the delegates seemed relieved and gratified, but they were still mystified. Opinion among them today is much mixed, but satisfaction predominates. The eastern gold standard men, particularly those opposed to Hill, are exultant. As they put it, Parker has put life into a dead platform by an injection of gold elixir. The effect upon Hill's party position is a matter of much speculation. Some contend that, to use their own expression, it was all a put up job; that Hill tied up Bryan by platform concessions to get Parker's nomination through under the two-thirds rule, and that the likelihood that the money issue would then be brought forward, figured in his calculations. But this credits Hill with too much finesse. He was as much surprised as anybody and had to confess to inquiries that Judge Parker had not made him a confidant as to his financial views.

Some delegates hold that the exposure of Parker's detachment from Hill will be a help to the party in the campaign. The first feelings of wrath and indignation against Judge Parker have to a marked extent given away to admiration over the force of the utterance when the Sphinx of Esopus at last broke silence. The great majority don't know as yet what they ought to think. They want to get off to some quiet place where they can have a chance to think, and find how the extraordinary episode has affected party sentiment.

Surprise Over Davis' Nomination.

There is some mild wonder over the selection for the vice presidency. Not that the delegates care much, as after the Parker telegram was disposed of they were ready to vote for anybody the leaders might suggest, on the principle that the tail goes with the hide. It is, however, thought that the leaders must have been hard up for a candidate when they picked up the West Virginia octogenarian, whose political career, never noble, had been supposed to have been ended long ago.

Mr. Davis is a sociable old gentleman of garrulous tendencies and kindly nature, but his political attainments are of the sort that furnish material for amusing stories. When a member of the senate, in the 70s, his ruling idea was that by an ingenious manipulation of accounts some tens of millions of dollars had been lifted out of the treasury. His motion was based upon misunderstandings occasioned by a change in the mode of treasury statements, but attempts to explain the matter were useless and his assertions soon thereafter assumed the character of a fixed hallucination. His Democratic colleagues took no stock in his agitation, but he produced a wonderful series of speeches to demonstrate his discovery of a financial mare's nest. The West Virginia delegates were astonished when they learned that their venerable, retired statesman had been brought forward for a place on the ticket. Questions as to his competence are fended off by reference to the fact that he is a cousin and a close friend of Senator Gorman, in whose interest he came to St. Louis, and who may be depended upon to steer him right. Mr. Davis is also father-in-law of Senator Elkins of West Virginia, so that he is well connected in both parties.

PARKER CONGRATULATES HIS RUNNING MATE

Judge Attends Church and Assists in Taking Up the Collection.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

ESOPUS, N. Y., July 10.—Judge Parker arose this morning as early as usual, despite the fact that it was 2:30 o'clock when he retired for the night. Accompanied by Mrs. Parker and Mrs. Howard Osternoudt of Utica, who is visiting the family, the jurist attended the Episcopal Methodist church of the Holy Cross, at Kingston.

Judge Parker is a vestryman of the church and today assisted in taking up the collection. Returning, the family dined at 2:30 o'clock. Judge Parker found a lot of additional telegrams of congratulations. Comment was made upon the fact that no message of any sort has thus far come from Charles E. Murphy, the leader of Tammany Hall; from former President Cleveland, William J. Bryan or William R. Hearst. One of the first things Judge Parker did today was to send this dispatch to his running mate, Henry G. Davis, Sistersville, W. Va.:

"I congratulate both you and the party upon your nomination for vice president.

"ALTON B. PARKER."

RUSSIA ADMITS LOSING KAI-CHOU

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and the Japanese retained possession of the entrance to the pass. The Japanese had four men killed and three wounded.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The following dispatches have been received at the Japanese legation from Tokyo:

"Gen. Oku reports that our second army commenced operations July 6 for occupying Kaiping. After successively dislodging the Russians from their positions we finally occupied Kaiping and the neighboring heights on July 8.

"Gen. Kuroki reports that on July 6 our detachment after expelling 300 Russian cavalry occupied Hsiencheng, 40 miles northeast of Saimachi. There were no casualties on our side. On July 5 we repulsed a Russian cavalry regiment under Col. Chkshinsky, which came to attack us near North Fenshuiling. Our casualties were four killed and three wounded.

Reports Are Conflicting.

CHEFOO, July 10.—A fair wind brought a fleet of junks from Port Arthur today carrying both Chinese and Europeans. Reports which they bring of conditions at Port Arthur are contradictory, but they all say that a Japanese division from the northward is entrenching seven miles from the marine camp, while another division from the eastward is fighting continuously and with the aid of the fleet is endeavoring to gain a position commanding the town and naval basin.

A Russian says that the Japanese occupied the summit of Takushan mountain, which is about three miles from Port Arthur, on the night of July 6 with a mounted battery of artillery.

On July 7 the Russian cruiser Novik and four gunboats went out under protection of the guns on Golden Hill and shelled a Japanese battery, which was surrounded and captured finally by Russian infantry.

The fighting to the eastward of Port Arthur has been very heavy since July 4. The Japanese ships along the shore are shelling the Russian position in the hills. Dead and wounded are being brought in at all hours, and many private houses have been turned into hospitals. Only skirmishes have occurred to the northward. The main Japanese army is 10 miles away, but Japanese scouts have been seen in the vicinity of the marine camp, which commands the principal pass to the hills directly back of Port Arthur. On the nights of July 2, 3 and 4 the Japanese fleet bombarded the roads from the south of the town. The forts were not damaged.

No further night attacks have been made since July 4. A Chinese mechanic from the Port Arthur drydock says that two large three funneled ships have been passing and repassing the harbor since the fight off Port Arthur on June 23. The battleship Sevastopol is still undergoing repairs and four torpedo boat destroyers are in drydock.

The Russians, on the other hand, say that their fleet is intact and that as a result of the recent fighting the Japanese have been the losers in the fights off Port Arthur.

The Russians assert that the Japanese have lost no less than 10 torpedo boats in their attempts to reach the Russian guardship, which was protected by the stone-laden ships sunk by the Japanese in their effort to block the entrance to Port Arthur. The guardship is anchored behind the wrecked vessels. An entrance was opened around the foot of Golden Hill, but the rest of the channel was closed with booms, making it impossible for torpedoes to pass. Seven hundred Russian and 100 Chinese mechanics are still at work in the dockyards at Port Arthur.

Some of the torpedo attacks of the Japanese have been almost fanatical. Frequently they have made attacks where success was impossible and when the torpedo boats have been sunk the Japanese have refused assistance, either committing suicide or fighting off their rescuers.

Bayonet Work of Russians.

LIEUT.-GEN. COUNT KELLAR'S HEADQUARTERS, in the Mountains, West of Hoi-Yan, July 8, via Liao-Yang, July 10.—The reconnoissance in force beyond Hoi-Yan was carried out with swiftness and decision. The Russians twice caught the Japanese napping and demonstrated the effectiveness of Russian bayonet work once the troops got to close quarters.

Count Kellar personally accompanied the force to Hoi-Yan and from there sent Col. Garnetsl with three companies to the right, toward Tcha-Kumyn-Za, and Col. Letschitsky with two battalions in the direction of Tekalinze.

Col. Garnetsl's column arrived at the Japanese camp at midnight, July 4. A Japanese picket was surprised and wiped out after fighting bravely, one Japanese killing a Russian officer in a sword duel.

The Russians, without pausing, swept into the camp, carrying the half-awakened Japanese over the brow of the hill at the point of the bayonet. The few who escaped carried the news, as the result of which the next day the Japanese brought up two regiments and forced a Russian retreat.

Col. Letschitsky had a very similar experience. He caught the Japanese camp asleep at 2 o'clock in the morning and carried it with the bayonet after terrible slaughter and without firing a shot.

The Russians lost heavily on the retreat next day, but the reconnoisance was satisfactory, as it developed the strength and location of the Japanese forces.

Col. Letschitsky's force marched over 16 miles in a single night, carrying the wounded back over a mountainous road.

Count Kellar is holding the gateway to Liao-Yang.

SCHWAB GOING TO VISIT KRUPP ARMOR FACTORY

NEW YORK, July 10.—Charles M. Schwab, it is announced tonight, will sail Tuesday for Germany to confer with the Krupp people as to the virtues of a new process of manufacturing armor plate which is said to be much superior to that used by American manufacturers. Mr. Schwab expects to meet at the Krupp works several other men, both from this country and abroad, interested in the manufacture of armor plate. If the new process is found to be all that is claimed for it it will be adopted in the Bethlehem Steel plant.

LANDSLIDE BLOCKS TRAINS ON PENNSYLVANIA

ALTOONA, July 10.—(Special.)—A landslide near South Fork, 25 miles west of here, about 7 o'clock this morning took the earth from the hills for a stretch of more than a mile. The slide went directly over the Pennsylvania railroad main line tracks, and blocked traffic for 10 hours. Four coal cars were caught in the debris and smashed into splinters.

Jewish Asylum Trustees Meet.

CLEVELAND, O., July 10.—The annual meeting of the board of trustees of the Jewish Orphan asylum, located in Cleveland, was held here today. The annual report of Supt. Wolfenstein showed a large number of children discharged and received. Memorial exercises were held this morning for Isaac M. Levi and Abram Hart. Tomorrow is children's day and they will give a program of entertainment for the delegates, who will remain for the festivities.

No Owner for $207,960.

NEW YORK, July 10.—(Special)—Certificates of stocks and bonds having a face value of $207,960 were unearthed from a mass of old rubbish today in a storeroom in Smith & McNeill's hotel, at Greenwich and Vesey streets. To whom they originally belonged or for how many years they had been lying on a shelf buried in dust and dirt no one knows.

Charles W. Randall Dead.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Charles W. Randall, western and division freight agent of the Panhandle line, died here today, after an illness of several months. Mr. Randall had been in the service of the Pennsylvania lines for 35 years.

TWO MORE YOUTHS FIND GRAVES IN THE RIVER

Party of Boys and Sisters Have Narrow Escape from Drowning—Saved by Deckhand Who Rescued the Girls.

The local rivers continue to reap their harvest of youthful victims, two boys being drowned in the Allegheny and Monongahela and two boys and two girls escaped death in the Allegheny river, near the Sixth street bridge, very narrowly last evening.

John Horning, aged 12, was drowned in the Allegheny at Natrona yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

He was swimming and bantering some boys to follow him, swam out nearly to the middle of the stream. He became exhausted and sank before any effort could be made to reach him. His body was recovered two hours later. Lewis Scorting, aged 10, of 522 Ewing alley, McKeesport, was drowned while bathing in the Monongahela river at Glassport Saturday night, his body being recovered yesterday afternoon.

Four children—Gertrude Eldridge, aged 13, and her brother Florence, aged 9, of East Ohio street, and Archie Butler, aged 16, and his sister Anna, aged 10, of Penn avenue—were in a sail-boat just below the Sixth street bridge, near the Allegheny side, last evening at 6 o'clock, when the waves from the towboat S. S. Goucher, which was passing, carried the sail-boat against a coal barge and capsized it.

A deck hand on the towboat jumped into the water when he saw the sail-boat upset and swam to the two girls. He caught a girl under each arm and held them above water until George Miller and William Allen, nearest, came in a skiff to his assistance and rescued the girls. In the meantime the boys had clung to the overturned sail-boat and were carried down with the current to near the Union bridge, where they were taken out by men in a skiff. The Butler girl had gone down once before the deck-hand reached her, but she revived when taken to the bank. The others were none the worse, except for a soaking and bad scare.

THE BRYAN MEN ARE DISGRUNTLED

Continued from First Page.

condition. Perhaps when we go to our homes and have time to think it over we may find some way out of the tangle."

Col. J. M. Guffey, who was one of the big men in this convention and through whose leadership the nomination of Parker was made possible, has this to say of the work of the convention and the prospects of the future:

Guffey Praises Convention's Work.

"The convention has done its work and done it well. There was an utter absence of dictation. The delegates came here to deliberate and to decide for themselves and they did so. They were deeply conscious of the seriousness and the fear which today fills the minds of the people. They desired to present the real issues which will be decided by the campaign in such shape as to bring them directly before the voters, not complicated by dead and settled issues. The candidates selected and the platform upon which they stand do this, and ought to meet with the approval of all Democrats and of all public thoughtful citizens who place public good first.

"The American people are fine and brave and the incident of last night will appeal straight to their hearts. The straightforward and manly, and at the same time courteous and respectful stand taken by Judge Parker on the monetary question and the approval of his position on the floor of the convention, after full discussion and explanation, should satisfy the people that the business interests of the country will be safer under a Democratic administration and prevent any possibility of question because no reference was made to it in the platform.

"The position of the candidates and the party is stronger than if the gold plank had been reported by the committee on resolutions and adopted without discussion. All question as to the permanency of the gold standard has been eliminated from Democratic politics. Judge Parker and Senator Davis are well known to the people. Their lives have been spent in full view, and their characters and conduct are above reproach. They are tried men and their lives show that they can be trusted in any position or under any emergency. Wherever the highest integrity, best judgment and truest courage are required, it will not be found wanting. The party and its candidates command approval. They will grow stronger as the campaign progresses. They will appeal with constantly growing force to the hearts and consciences of the people."

George W. Guthrie of Pittsburgh said: "This was a magnificent convention and its work is entirely satisfactory to me. I came here with the hope that there would be a gold standard declaration in the platform. Had I not known that Judge Parker stood for sound money, I would not have been here. The absence of the plank from the platform cannot be charged to Pennsylvania. We did our full duty. The action of Parker was courageous.

Will Endear Him to People.

"The people like courage and the stand that he took yesterday will endear him to the people. It is even better than though we had placed a straightforward currency declaration in the platform. The scene last night was the most dramatic I have ever witnessed and it showed that no man was in control of the work of the convention. The delegates were not a class of men to be swayed by oratory and the man who would secure their votes had to show that his position was sound. No, the speeches of Bryan will not injure the ticket. The Democratic party is no longer responsible for the utterances of William J. Bryan."

James Kerr of Clearfield said: "The result of the convention, now that it has adjourned, will show an extraordinary growth of sentiment in the direction of the Democratic candidate and in support of the Democratic party. I really believe that it will bring to our standard bearers all the Democrats who left us in 1896. It was the most remarkable convention that I ever saw and I never again expect to see like conditions in a political convention. The Democratic party has had a thorough cleansing out. It has thrown up during the last week about all of the life of the party stench. The liver of the organization ought to be in a wholesome condition for at least the next four years.

Says Party Ought to Win.

"With a conservative standard bearer like Parker on the safe and sane platform we prepared for him, the Democratic party ought to win the next election. Parker did the most remarkable thing that I ever knew a candidate for president to do. It was a brave act and the leaders treated it in a manly way in allowing the convention to take the action it did. As a result, Parker is stronger than ever, not only with the Democrats, but with the people of the United States. He can be relied upon, if elected, to meet similar emergencies in a brave and manly way. He has strengthened the ticket and helped the party."

Charles P. Donnelly of Philadelphia said: "The action of Parker was the best thing that could have happened. It clears the atmosphere. There is now no cause for the conservative people to be apprehensive of the ability of the Democratic party to administer the affairs of the country."

B. F. Meyers of Harrisburg said: "The action of Parker was a happy termination of the convention. The atmosphere is now cleared and he can write his letter of acceptance in line with his telegram to Mr. Sheehan. The people like a manly man better than a mousing politician."

Hall Likes the Ticket.

State Chairman James K. P. Hall said: "It was a remarkable, old-fashioned convention. The long, interesting session resulted in the nomination of what I consider the strongest ticket the Democratic party has offered the people in many years. To meet the demand for a cessation of strenuous, erratic government, our party has given the people a man of known force, a characteristic conservative. Both the platform and the candidates are guarantees of a conservative government within and along constitutional lines."

Robert E. Wright of Allentown said: "Parker shows that he is not the silent man his opponents have charged him with being. He has opinions and is not afraid to express them."

James A. Clark of Pittsburgh said: "Parker has shown that he would 'rather be president.' Last night I was alarmed, but today I am satisfied that the convention did the right thing and the action has strengthened us. Had there been a gold plank in the platform thousands of people would not have read it. The declaration coming in the dramatic way in which it did was much better. Today every reader of a newspaper knows where Parker stands."

Allegheny County Convention Soon.

Mr. Clark says the Allegheny county convention will be assembled in a short time. He expects that a straight Democratic ticket will be named, but admits that there will be a conference to determine whether an offer of fusion with the Citizens will be made.

Ex-Gov. Robert E. Pattison was summoned to New York last night on a matter of business and was not in the convention when the Parker telegram was read.

The special train carrying the Pennsylvanians left here at 12:30 o'clock this afternoon. It will arrive in Pittsburgh tomorrow morning at 6 o'clock. Col. Guffey was prevented from leaving because of a meeting of the national committee called for 4 o'clock this afternoon. Just before the convention adjourned this morning a resolution was adopted providing for a meeting of the national committee at the time the candidates are formally notified of their nominations. Believing that this order would be followed, Col. Guffey went to bed. At 8 a. m. a number of the western members were summoned to a meeting at the Jefferson hotel. The promoter of this scheme was Thomas Taggart of Indiana, who is eager to be chairman. He tried to secure the election this morning and failing procured an adjournment until 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Guffey Opposes Taggart's Scheme.

Col. Guffey was notified of the meeting just as he was preparing to leave for Pittsburgh on the Pennsylvania special. He had to change his plans and set to work to block Taggart's scheme. He hopes to be able to leave St. Louis tonight.

On the first car of the special is a streamer bearing these words: "Pennsylvania will give a million votes to Parker and Davis." Nothing was said of the 1,200,000 that Pennsylvania will give Roosevelt and Fairbanks.

Delegate Pauley of Greene county had to appeal to his friends this morning. Some one took his money, railroad tickets and other valuables. He was staked for car fare and the price of a few sandwiches. A number of delegates from Pennsylvania and other states have been victims of the pickpockets infesting this city and all who attended the convention have been robbed by everyone who has had anything to sell.

PLANS FOR THE PICNIC.

Last Details for the Great Outing for the Orphans at Calhoun.

The last meeting of the general committee on the annual picnic which is to be held for the benefit of St. Paul's orphanage at Calhoun park next Wednesday and Thursday was held at the Epiphany church last night. The most important business was the appeal of Father M. Lynch and Chairman T. A. Dunn to the committeemen to stir up the women to make a greater effort to gather supplies. In past years provisions have been scarce, and this year even a greater amount of supplies is needed than in the past.

The complaint from the asylum are to have a pagoda on the grounds where they will sell photographs, sing, dance and recite. Arrangements have been made to send out trucks to collect supplies which may be contributed. The committees on distribution of tickets report that the prospects hopeful that the record will be eclipsed, and as a guide it was stated that about 7,000 additional tickets would be disposed of through the United Mine Workers. President Dolan having sent that number to the various locals to be sold.

ASSAULT COMES AFTER THREATS

J. Henry Jahn Mysteriously Injured on Way Home from Hoboken Railway Station.

CLUB AND PISTOL USED

"If you don't keep quiet and lay low, your wife will have the pleasure of planting flowers on your grave." Following this threat, which was received in an anonymous letter two weeks ago, John Henry Jahn, an Allegheny real estate dealer, was murderously assaulted near his home in Hoboken shortly before midnight Saturday. Jahn is involved in the Schopfer murder case, which is to come up for trial this morning. He is charged with being an accessory before and after the fact. Lizzie Schopfer is alleged to have shot her husband last fall. Schopfer died. John is said to have had knowledge of the crime. For months Jahn has received threatening anonymous letters, which have been turned over to his counsel, Attorney John S. Robb. Among these was one received last week which said: "Don't imagine because the district Attorney's office is with you, that you are a 'dead' one." On Saturday, Mr. and Mrs. Jahn had been in Pittsburgh and returned to their home on the train which reaches Hoboken at 11 o'clock.

They had started from the station walking through a dark lane. Mrs. Jahn says she saw a man suddenly spring from the high weeds and deal her husband two terrific crushing blows with a club. She screamed with terror. The assailant drew a revolver, fired one shot and disappeared in the darkness. Jahn lay unconscious on the ground. She roused neighbors who lived near by and Jahn was carried to the house.

A telephone message brought a physician who dressed Jahn's injuries, which consisted of a great welt along the right side of the face, extending from the eye to the chin, and a large lump on the back of the head, the bullet missing its mark passing through his hat and singeing his hair. It will be several days before he will be able to leave the house.

Nearly all the letters intimated that he would be killed if he did not "clear out." One recently received declared: "If you don't let up you will get a chance to plead your case at the beautiful bar."

James Phillips, one of the first to arrive in response to Mrs. Jahn's cries for help, says that he saw two strange men lurking about the place earlier in the evening. Mrs. Annie Myers had heard two men talking in the lane. Mrs. Agnes Taylor saw two strange men near the Jahn home early in the evening. John says that besides the anonymous letters that threaten him, there have been attempts to bribe him from producing certain evidence in the murder trial.

FEAR HE WAS DROWNED.

Neil Berg, Watchman on Keystone State, Missing Since Boat Passed Ripley, O.

CINCINNATI, O., July 10.—(Special.)—Neil Berg, watchman on the Keystone State, has not been seen since the boat passed Ripley, O. It is feared he has fallen overboard and was drowned.

The Pittsburgh coal fleet, which started from Pittsburgh Friday, met with several disasters. Some coal will be lost.

The management think they will be able to bring out at least 5,000,000 bushels on the rise. On account of accidents the flagship of the fleet will not reach here before Wednesday.

TO SING IN ST. LOUIS.

Pittsburgh Choristers Will Enter Contest at the Exposition.

The choir of St. Paul's cathedral expects to take part this week in the choral competition at the world's fair at St. Louis. The choirs which will attend St. Louis will remain there several days and will take part in solemn union services which will be held in the cathedral in that city, which is in the see of Archbishop Glennon. The musical services will be one of the unique features of the exposition.

Forty-five members of St. Paul's choir will go to St. Louis under Director Joseph Otten. The prizes for which the choir will enter are $2,500, $1,500 and $1,000. Two compositions which will be on the program are "Ave Verum," by Saint Saens, and "Jubilate Deo," by Adlinger, a five-part chorus a capella. Mr. Otten was a former resident of St. Louis, and for five years was director of the St. Louis Philharmonic society.

CHURCH WAS REDEDICATED.

Christ Lutheran Church Reopened With Two Impressive Services.

Two special services marked the rededication yesterday of Christ Lutheran church, Sheridan avenue, East End. Both services were largely attended. In the morning the pastor, the Rev. J. L. Smith, was in charge of a devotional service, during which the Rev. Dr. J. C. Kunsmann of Greensburg preached.

The rededicatory service was held in the evening. This was in charge of the pastor, assisted by the Rev. Dr. D. H. Geissinger, who preached the sermon. Addresses of congratulation were made by the Rev. Edmund Balfour of Allegheny, the Rev. D. Luther Roth of the South Side, the Rev. S. S. Gilbert of McKees Rocks and the Rev. Dr. Kunsmann.

New Officers Are Installed.

The newly elected officers of the Christian Endeavor society of the Sheraden Methodist Protestant church were installed yesterday. They are president, G. C. Jenkins; vice president, Frank McElroy; treasurer, Miss Ada Moyler; secretary, Miss Abbie Fleming; corresponding secretary, Miss Ella Anderson; junior superintendent, Mrs. J. Leland; assistant junior superintendent, Mrs. F. Lewis.

Berlin Will Get First Chance.

LONDON, July 10.—Special dispatches to the Daily Telegraph from Berlin and Brussels assert that M. Witte, president of the Russian ministerial council, notwithstanding statements to the contrary, will, while in Berlin, arrange to give the people of Germany the first opportunity to subscribe to the Russian loan, to issue at the close of hostilities.

Accepts Call to Wilkinsburg.

It was announced yesterday that the Rev. George C. Herter, pastor of the Third Baptist church of Camden, N. J., to whom a call from the Wilkinsburg church was extended last Sunday, has accepted.

Miner Dies from Injuries.

Jacob Bannage, a coal miner, died at the South Side hospital yesterday morning of injuries received last Friday, at a Pittsburgh Coal Company mine at Imperial, where he was crushed. He was single, aged 25.

ADMIRAL CERVERA HONORED

Presented With Engrossed Message as Manifestation of Good Will of American Admirers.

MEDINA SIBONIA, SPAIN, July 10.—As a demonstration of gratitude regarding his conduct at Santiago and his care of American sailors, Admiral Cervera was presented with an engrossed message bearing the signatures of a number of well-known Americans, besides letters from the subscribers, bound in a volume. The presentation was made by Mr. Bird of Vienna, in behalf of his fellow Americans.

The admiral in returning thanks for this manifestation of American good will said that his conduct toward Lieut. Hobson and the American sailors after the sinking of the Merrimac had been inspired by superior orders. Admiral Cervera had repeatedly refused to permit his American admirers to so honor him, but notwithstanding these refusals the plan to make the presentation was carried out.

GERMAN FLEET AT PLYMOUTH

Owing to Wish of Kaiser There Will Only Be an Informal Welcome.

PLYMOUTH, ENGLAND, July 10.—Thousands of persons witnessed the arrival at Plymouth today of the most powerful fleet ever seen in Great Britain. Eight battleships and seven cruisers steamed into the naval base on a visit of courtesy amid deafening salutes, and the British and German admirals exchanged visits. The courtesies will be kept up until July 13, when the Germans will depart.

Owing to a wish expressed to King Edward, the Germans will receive no formal public welcome and the ceremonies will be confined to naval honors and to an informal luncheon by the Mayor of Plymouth.

Will Be Pittsburgh Production.

ERIE, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—The water commissioners have awarded the contract for constructing the new five foot steel intake pipe to extend one mile into the lake outside the bay to the Gillespie Company of Pittsburgh at $130,-000. James McNeals & Co., of Pittsburgh will furnish the pipe, and work will begin immediately.

BRYAN IS IMPROVED.

Left His Bed Saturday Night, While the Attendants Were Absent.

ST. LOUIS, July 10.—Wm. J. Bryan left the Jefferson hotel today and went to the residence of his cousin, Dr. Jennings, in this city. His physical condition was much improved over yesterday, and he expects to leave for his home in Lincoln tomorrow night. When Mr. Bryan left his bed last night to go to the convention hall, his temperature was above 100 and his condition of much soreness of the lungs. He was examined after the close of the convention by Dr. Osborne, who decided that there was nothing alarming in his condition, and that quiet and rest would quickly restore him to his usual good health.

His appearance at the convention hall was in opposition to the commands of his physician and contrary to the wishes of his friends. He left his bed at a time when his attendants were absent from the room, and in doing so created considerable alarm for his safety.

NEGRO KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Form a Grand Encampment to Take in North and South America.

John G. Jones, a negro attorney from Chicago and an ex-member of the Illinois legislature, reported last night that colored knights templar from Illinois, Ohio, Michigan, Arkansas, California, Colorado and the District of Columbia met in Pittsburgh yesterday and organized a general grand encampment of colored Knights templar of North and South America, the only one of its kind in the world.

They elected the following officers: John G. Jones, Illinois, most eminent grandmaster; J. J. Fletcher, California, deputy grandmaster; Alexander Payne, District of Columbia, most grand generalissimo; J. H. Blount, Arkansas, most grand captain general; S. R. Johnson, Texas, grand treasurer; N. E. Jones, Virginia, grand recorder; H. T. Brandus, Pennsylvania, grand senior warden; W. Mercer Grandmaster, Minnesota, grand junior warden, and Thomas J. Riley, Colorado, grand swordbearer.

$5.00 Niagara Falls and Return $5.00 Via B., R. & P. Ry.

Saturday, July 16. Tickets good five days. Trains leave 9 a. m. and 10 p. m. city time.

WOMEN CLIMB TREES AS HORSES ARE WASHED AWAY

Raging Waters Near New Florence Cause Havoc: Team Carried Off and Lodged In Fence While Baggage Swims Miles.

Several had thrilling experiences as a result of the high water in Tub Mill creek, two miles south of New Florence yesterday. J. R. Mellon, of Pittsburgh, has a summer home six miles south of New Florence. Y

HUMP BOND ISSUE IN GRAVE DOUBT

East End Wards Favor Filtration, but Are Opposed to Companion Project.

PROMISE THOUSANDS OF JOBS

If the reports from many quarters of the city to the administration can be believed, the hump bond issue is doomed to defeat tomorrow, but the filtration bond issue will probably win in a walk. Outside of the South Side and the Thirty-seventh ward there appears to be no general opposition to the filtration bond issue, but in almost every ward the sentiment against the hump issue is strong. Knowing this, the administration is directing all its efforts to put the hump bond issue through.

More promises of jobs are being made than at any previous election in the history of Pittsburgh. Not a single dollar will be spent tomorrow, but the administration is offering jobs by the wholesale to get votes for the hump proposition. Meetings have been held in every ward by administration supporters, and members of the city payroll have been directed to promise a job to every unemployed man and every party worker a better job than he has if his district goes for the bond issue.

Jobs for Almost Everybody.

Mayor Hays, in his statements to the public, has declared there will be 140,000 jobs to give out.

Every member of councils for the administration has been promised that he will have several hundred jobs to give away if he carries his ward. The councilmen are told that 140,000 men will be employed on the filtration and hump contracts for two or three years.

The sentiment in the East End is particularly strong in favor of the filtration bond issue and equally strong against the hump propect. "Every property owner in my ward, whom I have talked with, is opposed to the hump bond issue, but they are all in favor of filtration," said a prominent member of councils from the Twentieth ward yesterday.

"They say the hump removal will not benefit their property, and they are not in favor of paying higher taxes for Mr. Frick and other property owners in the hump district, who will be chiefly benefited. Nearly every person wants filtration and they will vote for it, although Director Bigelow's estimates of the cost are considered extravagant. I have been told by a number of payroll men that they have been promised good jobs if the bond issues carry, it seems, however, that every person is to be a superintendent and none laborers."

In view of the fact that the expenditure of $7,000,000 is at stake at the election, the impression has gone out among a certain class that an unlimited amount of money will be spent tomorrow to carry the election, but this is wrong. A prominent city official said yesterday:

Will Not Pay for Votes.

"Not a dollar will be spent tomorrow, except the $15,000 to pay the election officers and other ordinary expenses. No money will be used to secure votes. We depend entirely upon the payroll and the promise that every person can get employment if the bond issues win."

"Filing is for the bond issues," said Director Bigelow, "and he wants them to go through because he expects to get the contract. I believe that both bond issues will carry."

Both branches of councils are called to meet at 8 o'clock this afternoon to transfer $15,000 from the fire fund to pay the expense of holding the election tomorrow. Each election officer will get only $2.50 for the day's work, no matter how long it may take to count the votes. If councils fail to get a quorum today the election officers will not get their pay the day after the election, as customary.

The administration has made arrangements to flood the city with dodgers, so that no man can forget to go to the polls. The dodgers are small and contain but few words, the gist being not to forget that there will be a bond election and to turn out and vote for both issues.

The United Labor league last night adopted resolutions favoring the bond issues and requesting the city officials who have charge of the work to have it done by union men.

T. J. Shaffer, president of the Amalgamated association, last night issued a statement strongly indorsing both bond issues.

Larkin Wants 3 Per Cent.

Controller Larkin has strong hopes that if the bond issues carry, the $7,000,000 to be derived from the sale of bonds will be placed in banks that will pay 3 per cent, or 1 per cent more than the present city depositories pay, and the four new depositories are required to pay after the present contract expires. The controller says he has offers of 3 per cent from national banks of good standing, which means that the banks he has in mind will pay the city $70,000 a year more than the city depositories must pay now.

Mr. Larkin believes that if the $7,000,000 were once deposited in banks paying 3 per cent no city councils would dare again to appoint depositories required to pay only 2 per cent. As the fiscal officer of the city, whose signature is required to legalize the bonds, he can delay the issue until near the end of the year. By that time the present contract at 2 per cent will almost have expired. The controller can then bring his injunction suit, and, of course, while that suit is pending the new contract will not be in force. The treasurer will then have a free hand and can deposit in whatever banks he chooses. Mr. Larkin will produce banks who will pay 3 per cent. He is positive that the treasurer will get the best interest he can for the city's funds, due regard being paid to safety, and will deposit in some of the banks that offer 3 per cent. Therefore councils, he thinks, will, in passing a new city depository resolution, insist that the city ought to get 3 per cent.

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Smolensk Has Sailed Southward.

SUEZ, July 10.—The Russian volunteer fleet steamer Smolensk, which passed the Bosphorus from Sevastopol on July 6, has sailed southward from here. The vessel took two Red sea pilots, one for herself and the other for the volunteer fleet steamer St. Petersburg, which passed the Bosphorus on July 5 and which was reported at Port Said on Saturday. It is rumored here that the transports intended awaiting the arrival of the Russian Baltic squadron in the Red sea.

Pennsylvania
First-Class Fare
Coach Excursion Fare
To St. Louis Exposition.

On Thursday, July 14, the fare from Pittsburgh to St. Louis and return on Coach Excursion Tickets, good for seven days, will be $12, which is less than one cent per mile, over the Pennsylvania-Vandalia-Short-Quick-First-Class Line. Fifteen-day round trip tickets at $16.20 sold every day from Pittsburgh over the Pennsylvania Lines.

Time to Go, Next Tuesday, July 12.
Rate $12. Route, P. & L. E.
Place, Wabash City, St. Louis.

The Pittsburgh & Lake Erie announces a special low-rate excursion next Tuesday, July 12, to St. Louis and return, $12; tickets valid only in coaches. Trains leave Pittsburgh 1:50 p. m. and 10 p. m., city time. Tickets on sale at 307 Fifth avenue and all Pittsburgh & Lake Erie stations.

$6.00 Cincinnati Lake Excursions $6.00, Via P. & L. E. Every Tuesday, Friday and Saturday.

The Pittsburgh & Lake Erie operates two fast trains daily with through cars to Lakewood making direct connections with steamers for all points on the lake.

The Best Way.

The best way to borrow money is on mortgages. The Safe Deposit and Trust Company, Wood street and Fourth avenue, is prepared to make loans on improved real estate in Allegheny county. Apply to Charles W. Kiser, manager mortgage department.

$12.00 Wabash Excursion $12.00
To St. Louis and Return
Tuesday, July 19.

Limit, seven days. Tickets good in chair cars or coaches. Full particulars at Wabash ticket office, 320 Fifth avenue.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Maurice Ruben Addresses Large Crowds on the Hill

Maurice Ruben's religious services, which are held among the Jewish residents of the Hill district in connection with the proselyting work of the Covenant mission, are fast gaining in attendance this summer. Mr. Ruben is a popular speaker and his earnestness and eloquence have combined to bring him large audiences. His magnetism reaches the hearts of his hearers, and even those who hold different views of religious belief give him respect for his painstaking efforts.

The picture here presented was made from a photograph of the services held in Congress street late yesterday afternoon. It was a characteristic audience. The speaker stood in the center of the group and discoursed from a simple text. His words won close attention. The people had been attracted by the singing and the music of the organ, but when he began his sermon men and women who seldom attend divine services gave him attentive ears.

DESPERADO HAS BITTEN THE DUST

Harvey Logan, Notorious Leader of "Wild Bunch," Now Known to Be Dead.

KILLED HOLDING UP TRAIN

Word has been received by Edward A. Barron, assistant superintendent of Pinkerton's National Detective agency, which has just opened Pittsburgh headquarters in the Second National bank building, that the man killed on June 7, following the holdup of a Denver & Rio Grande train at Parachute, Col., was none other than the notorious Harvey Logan, leader of the desperate gang which had been operating in the west for years and who are familiarly known as the "Wild Bunch."

On September 19, 1900, the First National bank of Winnemucca, Nev., was robbed of $32,640 by a gang of deperadoes at the point of pistols. The Pinkerton agency, which is employed by the American Bankers' association, at once attributed the deed to the "Wild Bunch." After the hanging of "Black Jack Ketchum" and the killing of "Will Carver" by a posse in Texas, Logan became the leader of the gang. December 12, 1901, Logan, who had been hiding in Knoxville, Tenn., had a fight in a saloon, and pursued by two policemen, shot them both fatally. Holding up the proprietor and attaches, he backed out by a rear door and jumped into a railroad cut 30 feet deep. Two days later he was arrested when found in an exhausted condition and identified by the Pinkerton agency.

On June 27, 1903, he escaped from the Knox county jail, where he was awaiting removal to the Tennessee penitentiary to serve 20 years for being implicated in robbing the Great Northern express car on July 12, 1901, and stealing $45,000 in unsigned national bank notes which were forged and passed. The Pinkertons had driven him from his western strongholds after the Parachute affair.

On June 7 of this year a train on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad was held up at Parachute, Col., and the express car safe dynamited. A posse pursued the gang and during a running fight one of the fugitives was shot. He was heard to call to his companions:

"Yes, I am all in and will end it here."

Thereupon he shot himself through the head.

The Denver bureau of the Pinkerton agency believed the man to be Logan, had the dead man photographed and sent a man last Friday night to Knoxville to have the photo identified. The authorities there, who are familiar with Logan, having him in confinement for two years, positively identified it as that of Harvey Logan, alias "Kid" Curry.

SAYS PLEDGE-TAKING IS A ROAD TO HAPPINESS

The Rev. C. L. Thurgood Holds It as the Discipline That Rewards Success.

"The pledge that 4,000,000 take," was the subject of the sermon delivered in the Central Christian church yesterday morning by the Rev. C. L. Thurgood. The pastor said in part:

"Four million Christian Endeavorers are pledged to do certain things involved in the confession they made when they became Christians. Yet there are millions of others who refuse to take a pledge that simply requires that these same duties be done daily and others on the Lord's day, instead of the go-as-you-please plan. If often among the not-taking class that the greatest failures in married life take place. Not being willing to promise anything to God they still promise to love, honor and obey anything covered with a silk hat or an ostrich feather, regardless of the character that owns it. When not being disciplined in pledge keeping soon find the dark side of their silver moon.

"Suppose we read the pledge thus: 'Trusting in my husband, I promise him that I will strive to do what he would like to have me do, to keep the house sweet and clean and table well supplied.' Who would not consent to that? But when asked to do the same for Christ we, the bride, say we shall run our spiritual duties to suit ourselves. If home was run in that way unhappiness would surely result.

"The Bible is bread for the soul by day and a lamp by night. The gaunt, emaciated, hatchet-faced, starving, worrying, fretting Christians are those who are starved. The Bible is a lamp by night. How many are in the dark? Stumbling over, distressed ever, because they grant not their manly path by the light of God's word.

"You that are young Christians and taught that the first day is Lord's day, for the Lord's table, for the Lord's word, and not for our carnal but spiritual pleasure, how thankful you ought to be to say, 'I'll do it with the greatest of pleasure.' Your employer will respect you if he knows you spend your Sabbath in God's house instead of in questionable and dissipating resorts. The pledge acts as a sour and constant reminder. The discipline of the pledge is good for the home, is good for business and is one of the most effective institutions for the drilling of disciples for church work within and without."

First Tetanus Victim of the Fourth of July

John Jenta, aged 14, who lived at 90 Lincoln avenue, Monteith borough, died of lockjaw at the Passavant hospital last night, the first reported victim of last Fourth of July. While firing a toy pistol he was badly burned in the palm of the hand.

ANGRY CHURCHMEN PREVENTED NOISY SABBATH DESECRATION

All the clanging and banging noises of a street car track-laying gang resounded in North Highland avenue yesterday forenoon, and so energetic were the workmen that the congregation of the Sixth United Presbyterian church, of which Rev. R. M. Russell is pastor, could only catch about one word in three of his sermon and could scarcely hear the singing. The result was a lively congregational indignation meeting which succeeded, after much trouble, in having the work stopped for the latter half of the day.

About 150 men were sent out by the Pittsburgh Railways Company to make some repairs to the line and by the time church services began they had gotten resolutely to work in front of the Sixth United Presbyterian building. The congregation stood the din during the worship, but as soon as the benediction had been pronounced the male members of the congregation were asked to remain in the building, and a meeting held to protest against such Sabbath desecration and the disturbing of worship in such an unseemly manner. The congregation appointed a committee of three to do what was possible to have the turmoil stopped. This committee consisted of Alexander Dempster, Attorney W. L. Sloan and Major A. P. Burchfield.

The committee began using the telephone vigorously, trying to get the ear of some of the traction officials who might have authority to call off the track laying, but all of those whom they attempted to reach were away from home. Finally Director Bigelow was called up and, when matters were explained, he said that he would do what he could to put a stop to the annoyance, and that he would see Mayor Hays this morning so that there would be no repetition of the annoyance next Sunday. During the afternoon his efforts were successful, for the workmen were withdrawn.

PENNINGTON MAY BE RELEASED FROM JAIL

Former Friend from Cleveland Coming to His Assistance With Bail.

Edward J. Pennington, the automobile and airship promoter now in jail on a charge of conspiracy, will probably be released today. A former friend and business man in Cleveland is coming here this morning to assist Pennington. It was rumored at police headquarters last night that bail would be furnished for him and an effort be made to settle his debts incurred here.

It is understood the charges pending against Pennington in Cleveland have been satisfied and he will not be re-arrested and taken there. Pennington's benefactor is an old business associate of his and it was only recently he learned of Pennington's arrest in St. Louis and his extradition here. Mrs. Mattie Pennington, alias Mattie Howard, who represented herself to be Pennington's wife in this city is to have charges pending against her withdrawn. Her husband's friend is to assist her. Catherine Sherman, who was associated with the Penningtons here is now under bond on a charge of false pretense. Whether any effort is to be made, on her behalf is not known.

ORANGEMEN CELEBRATE.

Special Services Were Held by Lodges in Allegheny Carnegie Hall.

Special services in commemoration of the Protestant victory of the Irish 214 years ago, when the forces of King William defeated those of King James II., were held yesterday afternoon by the Orangemen of the Keystone district in Allegheny Carnegie hall. The Rev. W. H. Knox of the Wylie Avenue United Presbyterian church preached.

There were special musical services. District Master David Clydesdale, John Thresher, R. T. Alexander, John Gordon, Thomas Newell, A. B. Scott and other officers of the order took part. A collection was raised for the benefit of the Orange National home, Hatboro, Pa.

Annual Outing of Elks.

The annual open-air reunion of Pittsburgh lodge No. 11, Beneficial and Protective Order of Elks, will be held at Kennywood park next Wednesday afternoon. Over 1,000 invitations have been issued. The new Etna lodge No. 982, the baby lodge of the order, will attend in a body. Dancing will be one of the features.

Two Denominations Hold Union Service.

Union services were held yesterday morning and evening by the congregations of the Calvary Methodist Episcopal and North Presbyterian churches, Allegheny, in the Calvary church. The Rev. Dr. J. M. Thoburn, Jr., officiated.

CONTRIBUTED BY SCHOOLS.

Snug Sum is Added to the Fund of Hospital Association.

Since April 4, when the first report was published, a number of public schools have made contributions to the Hospital Saturday and Sunday association. They were as follows:

Pittsburgh schools—Bedford, $10 69; Brushton, $40 11; Beltzhoover, $7 18; Minersville, $25 78; Monongahela, $12 40; O'Hara, $10; Riverside, $2 22; Ralston, $8 02; South, $5 25; South Side High school, $7 17; Kindergarten association, $11 21.

Allegheny schools—High school, $30; First ward, $10 13; Sixth ward, $48 05; Eighth ward, $10 02.

Borough schools—Aspinwall, $16 80; Bellevue, $56; Carnegie, $16 25; Carnegie High school, $17 50; Cheswick, $3; Esplen, $4 71; Emsworth, 77 cents; East Pittsburgh, $11; Homestead, $21 72; Homestead, West, $8; Mt. Oliver, $7 77; Montooth, $4; Millvale, $11 08; Rankin, $10 75; Spring Garden, $7 03; Union High school, Knoxville, $4; West Liberty, $5; Wilmerding, $14 85.

Township schools—Crescent, $2 20; South Fayette, $17 90; South Versailles, $2; Sterrett, $2 84; Natrona, $13 35.

This, with the previous report of $1,760 08, makes a total of $2,210 13 from the schools this year. It is a slight decrease on last year, but more than any other previous year.

KLEBER,
63 YEARS IN PITTSBURGH.
221-223 Fifth Avenue.
The ONLY ONE PRICE
Music Store in the State. Manufacturers of the great Pittsburgh Piano—the KLEBER.
Agents for the famous KNABE PIANO.
Factory: Greensburg, Pa.

If you are thinking of buying a piano fill out this coupon:
COUPON.....
Please mail a copy of your "Twenty-six Old-Time Songs" to my address free of charge.
.....
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DUMPS MAY CAUSE UNPLEASANT ODOR

Theory That May Explain the Cause of the South Side's Annoyance.

CONDITIONS ON RIVER BANK

Investigation into the causes for the prevalence of the gaseous odor on the South Side, in Soho, and other parts of the city last Friday night has led to the theory that the sanitary dumps near the foot of South Twentieth street were the source from which the odor emanated.

It is held by experts that the atmospheric conditions were exactly suitable for holding down and carrying the penetrating gaseous odor resulting from the disturbance of such a mass of refuse. It is thought the moving about of barges set this long deposited mass in motion, carrying it along the river, while the dense atmosphere held down the odor while it was distributed over the city by air currents.

Between South Twentieth and Twenty-first streets is located a float from which wagon after wagon is dumped nightly after 9 o'clock, the business being conducted by Mrs. John H. Clark of 1818 Wharton street, South Side, the widow of a colored man who for many years conducted a dump at the foot of South Thirteenth street. The odors arising from the South Thirteenth street dump became so obnoxious that the residents even threatened Clark with violence if he did not desist, and under threat of being prosecuted in the United States courts for violating the river laws, the dump was removed three years ago to its present location.

Councilman John Lewis of the Twenty-eighth ward, who lives in South Twelfth street, stated last night that he was besieged by property owners during the time the dump was at South Thirteenth street, imploring him to take action to have it removed, as the district was becoming uninhabitable.

A square below the Clark dump, on a high bank of cinders and garbage is located another dump conducted by a man named Henderson, who lives in the Hill district. This dump consists of a wooden shed, 18 feet high, which is erected over a pit. A 30-inch terra cotta pipe runs down the pit to an elbow which carries the refuse into the river. Last evening the mouth of this 30-inch pipe was clogged with filth standing several feet above the water and from which arose a most penetrating odor. Fifty feet below the mouth of this terra cotta pipe there is a fall in the river, which has a tendency to draw the refuse from the outlet of pipe.

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For the home or office.
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323 FOURTH AVENUE.

SOZODONT
Tooth Powder
New Patent Top Can. Compare quantity and quality with others. Sozodont is economy.

NOTICE

Announcement July 15, Instead of July 1.

We expected to announce on July 1st the names of the three prominent shoe manufacturers—elected by the people—to visit the Regal factory at Whitman, Mass., and make report on the *Style, Fit, Cost, Quality, Sole Leather, Hand Work* and *Quantity* of Regal Shoes as compared with the same details in other shoes sold for $3.50 or more.

It has been necessary to postpone this announcement until July 15th, as we have not yet received all of the votes from papers in San Francisco and elsewhere on the Pacific Coast.

William Cullen Bryant, publisher of the *Brooklyn Times*, and Secretary of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, has consented to conduct personally the counting of the ballots in the contest, and to certify to the results.

REGAL SHOE COMPANY, INC.

77 Stores in United States and England.

The Largest Retail Shoe Business in the World.

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This company by its charter is authorized to act as a legal depository for funds of estates or funds in the hands of court officials—

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Capital $3,000,000 Surplus $7,500,000

Wood St. and Fourth Ave.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Fair. Yesterday's Temperature—Max. 83; Min. 68. Monday, July 11, 1904.

The important feature of today's Clearance is the

Special Prices on Women's Apparel

liberal quotations on which were given in our news of Saturday evening. On all things that women wear for outward dress—from separate skirt to the smartest of waists, the prices have been

Reduced to the Very Lowest Points

There never was such an economical time for the buying of women's clothes as in this July Clearance, and thousands of women have accepted the opportunity to save considerable money.

Be on Hand Early This Morning, for Some of the Lots Are Not Any Too Large.

NOTICE.—The August number of McCall's Fashion Magazine has arrived, and is ready at the Pattern Counter, 5c. All the new patterns it contains are also ready.

PENN—FIFTH—CECIL

Pittsburgh & Lake Erie R. R.
Reduces
World's Fair Rates

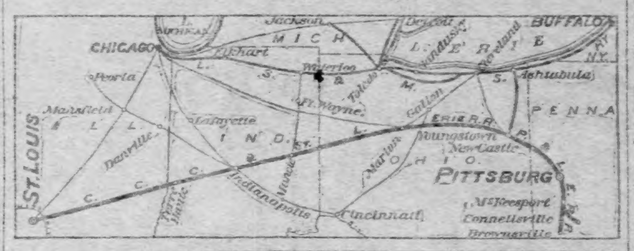
SPECIAL EXCURSION
JULY 12th
$12 Round Trip $12
GOOD ON THE FAMOUS
"LOUPUREX LIMITED"

Leaving Pittsburgh 10 P. M. city time, arriving St. Louis 2:55 P. M.
OR THE
ST. LOUIS EXPRESS

Leaving at 1:50 P. M., due St. Louis 7:20 next morning. Tickets valid only in coaches.

$15.00—GOOD 15 DAYS—SOLD EVERY DAY—GOOD IN SLEEPERS

MAP OF THE ROUTE



FIRE INSURANCE.

If you are thinking of fire insurance let us explain to you the good points of a Western policy.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
501-5 Arrott Bldg.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Office of Controller of Allegheny County, Pittsburgh, Pa., July 5, 1904.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon Saturday, July 23, 1904, for the construction and completion of the alterations and additions to the Allegheny county jail, Pittsburgh, Pa. Plans, specifications and form of contract can be seen at the office of E. J. Osterling, architect, Times building, Pittsburgh. Bids to be addressed to the county commissioners. Each bid to be accompanied by a bidder's bond with two approved sureties, trust company bond, or certified check for one hundred thousand ($100,000.00) dollars, as a guarantee that the successful bidder will enter into a written contract and furnish necessary bond required by the commissioners for the faithful performance of the contract. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

R. J. CUNNINGHAM,
County Controller.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

WILLIS F. McCOOK, Attorney-at-Law, 1528 Frick Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Orphans' Court Sale!

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at No. 1 November term, 1903, in partition of the estate of George Porter, deceased, the undersigned trustee will expose at public sale as hereinafter set forth on

Tuesday, July 19, 1904, AT 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.

on the premises of Purpart No. 1, at northeasterly corner of Fifth and Amberson avenues, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa., Purpart No. 1 of said partition bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Purpart No. 1: All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Twentieth ward of the city of Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny, state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the northwesterly corner of Fifth avenue and Amberson avenue; thence northwardly along the easterly line of Amberson avenue, 300.54 feet to Westminster street; thence eastwardly along the southerly line of Westminster street 235.08 feet to a point on line of land of J. F. McKelvy; thence southwardly at right angles with Westminster street along said line of McKelvy, 173.01 feet to a point at the northwesterly corner of lot formerly of Harrison, now of Dilworth; thence southwardly along the line of said Harrison, now Dilworth lot, 105 feet to Fifth avenue; thence westwardly along the northerly line of Fifth avenue, 180.14 feet to Amberson avenue, at the place of beginning. Containing one and one-half acres of land, more or less. Having thereon erected a three-story brick dwelling house. Being the same lot or piece of ground which Thomas Harrison, by deed dated October 20, 1865, and recorded in Deed Book, vol. 182, page 334.

At 3 O'clock P. M. Same Day.

On the premises of Purpart No. 2, Shakespeare street, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa., Purparts Nos. 2 and 3 in said partition, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Purpart No. 2: All that certain lot of ground situate in the Twentieth ward of the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning on the south side of Shakespeare street at a point distant 15 feet easterly from the easterly line of lot No. 9, in the plan hereinafter mentioned; thence along Shakespeare street easterly 75 feet to the easterly line of lot No. 13 in said plan; thence along the easterly line of lot No. 13 southwardly 150 feet to an alley; thence along said alley westerly 75 feet to a pin; thence through lot No. 10 in said plan northerly in a line parallel with and 5 feet distant from the line of lot No. 9 in said plan, 100 feet to the place of beginning. Being lots Nos. 11, 12 and 13, and the unsold part of lot No. 10, which adjoins lot No. 11 in plan of the Orphans' Court sale of the estate of Jeffery Plan Book vol. 3, page 10, on which is erected a double two-story brick dwelling embracing two dwelling houses.

Purpart No. 3: All the undivided one-fourth interest in all those three certain pieces or parcels of land situate in Wilkins township, county of Allegheny, state of Pennsylvania, separately bounded and described as follows, to wit:

No. 1. Beginning at a post on the Pittsburgh and Greensburg turnpike road; thence by land now or late of Robert Stewart, north fifty-seven (57) degrees west ninety-two (92) perches to a white oak; thence by land now or late of H. Meyers, south forty-five (45) degrees east twenty (20) perches to a maple; thence by lot No. 2, hereinafter described south fifty-seven (57) degrees west ninety-one and seven-tenths (91.7) perches to a post on the said turnpike road; thence along said road south twenty-six (26) degrees east eight and one-half (8½) perches to lot No. 3, hereinafter described; thence north fifty-seven (57) degrees east ninety-two (92) perches, more or less, to land now or late of Eli Myers; thence north forty-five (45) degrees west eight and one-half (8½) perches to the place of beginning, containing five (5) acres.

No. 2. Beginning at a black oak; thence by land now or late of Eli Myers, north forty-five (45) degrees west eight (8) perches to a post; thence by land now or late of William Jackson, south fifty-seven (57) degrees west ninety-seven and one-half (97½) perches to a post on the said turnpike road; thence by said road north twenty-six (26) degrees west eight (8) perches to a post, and thence by lot No. 1, above described, north fifty-seven (57) degrees east ninety-two (92) perches to the place of beginning, containing five (5) acres.

Being the same lots or pieces of ground which R. H. Fife, high sheriff of the county of Allegheny, granted and conveyed to George Porter by deed dated and acknowledged the 9th day of February, 1878, and recorded in the office of the prothonotary of said county in Sheriff's Deed Book vol. 4, page 174. Also recorded in the Recorder's Office of said county in Deed Book vol. 886, page 325.

TERMS OF SALE—Five per centum (5%) of the purchase price to be paid in cash on each property when struck off, to be forfeited as liquidated damages if the purchaser fail to comply with the terms of sale; One-third (1-3) of the purchase price, including the five percentum (5%) aforementioned, to be paid in cash on the confirmation of sale and delivery of deed; one-third (1-3) in one year, and the remaining one-third (1-3) in two years, from the date of confirmation of sale, with the privilege to the said purchaser to pay the whole of the said purchase price in cash; all deferred payments to bear interest at the rate of five and four-tenths per centum (5 4/10) per annum payable semi-annually, to be secured by their bond and mortgage on the premises, with the usual acceleration clause of thirty days and attorney's commission of five per centum (5%) for collection.

HENRY KIRKE PORTER, Trustee,
541 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.
A. J. PENTECOST, Auctioneer.

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Cures Drink Habit and Drug Users.
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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

TERMS:

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Daily and Sunday Editions, per month, 50 cents.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per year, $5 00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Monday, July 11, 1904.

The Gazette desires to call the attention of those of its readers who contemplate summer trips to the announcements of the many summer resort hotels published on page 5 of this issue.

Emphasis is lent to the rupture of relations between France and the vatican by the adoption by the senate of the bill prohibiting teaching by the religious orders. This measure passed the chamber of deputies some time ago, but was held over in the senate. Last week it was called up and passed by a decisive majority, indicating the increasing strength of the sentiment for absolute separation of church and state. It may be suspected this sentiment existed, though dormant, for years before the government undertook to give it expression.

Gov. Pennypacker is eminently right in declaring for state representation on the views for bridges under the Focht law. The state pays a share of the bill and is entitled to fair representation when the boards of viewers consider the matter. There is a good deal that is not fair in viewing for simple county bridges, to be built at local expense, and under the Focht law there is an ever existing temptation to "give the state the worst of it." State representation is a necessity, and will aid in the repression of graft, which flourishes all too well under any circumstances.

Minister John G. A. Leishman, at Constantinople, has at last obtained the long-pending concessions for American schools, American teachers and for American diplomatic rights. Under threat of a naval demonstration the United States minister secured these privileges from the sublime porte, including the right to have direct access to the sultan in diplomatic matters—a right previously accorded other powers of the first class. Mr. Leishman's official residence at Constantinople has been particularly successful and productive of results, for which Pittsburgh enterprise may be in part responsible.

Assuming that citizens have their minds made up concerning the proposed bond issues, there is one more thing to do. That is to turn out tomorrow and vote. It should not be said of the people of this great city that they let go by default questions of such vital import involving the expenditures of $7,000,000. Every qualified elector ought to vote on these propositions one way or the other. Then let the majority rule. If either measure should pass or fail by an inconsequential vote it would be a source of dissatisfaction. It is a duty to poll a full vote, expressing the honest sentiment of the people, and then to abide by the result.

It is something of a variation from the ordinary pre-hanging sentiment that is offered in connection with Ossler and Johnson, convicted of the murder of Groceryman Donnelly. The Rev. Mr. Lee, the spiritual adviser of the condemned men, argues that they owe their lives to the public and their race for the crimes they have committed and discourages any effort to secure commutation of sentence or pardon. One of the condemned men adds the plea that they will now die as well prepared as possible, while if freed they would commit other crimes and probably be sometime sent to eternity by the agency of a bullet without time for repentance. There is logic in these views. The men have earned their fate and the safety of society seems to demand infliction of the penalty.

In the course of an article in the current number of the Metropolitan magazine, Hon. George F. Hoar, the venerable dean of the American senate, says that in preparation for a speech which he delivered on the occasion of the centennial celebration of the founding of the northwest territory, he spent more than six months of solid study on the history of that great event. "I hoped," he explains, "that if what I should say on that occasion should be preserved at the end of another century I might not have said anything that would not stand the criticism of posterity." It is such a confidence as this that lets us into the secret of the honors won and the influence exerted by men of Senator Hoar's type of mind. The lesson, too, is pertinent in these days when thorough preparation for work is so often being sacrificed for short cuts to coveted positions. The principles that if a thing is worth doing at all it is worth doing well; that arduous toil in making ready for an endeavor is compensated for by the knowledge that to that endeavor a man has given the best that is in him—these are things that give one dignity of spirit, and weight among his fellows. "Let every man prove his own work and then shall he have rejoicing in himself alone, and not in another."

A social secretary—that is the title for a new position which has been created in several of the large department stores and factories in this country. To its incumbent is entrusted the matter of adjusting grievances which employes may have, or fancy they have, against their superiors or against one another; of listening to other troubles which may concern only the employe—perhaps of a domestic nature; of providing means of recreation and self-culture for employes during the noon hour, or at night or on holidays, and, in a few instances, of hiring the firm's help. The patent object of this position is to bring about a more amiable and contented spirit among the workers in these large institutions, and incidentally to relieve cases of distress, and to save employes from reckless courses induced by despondency or trouble. The field of this work is not yet a large one, but, according to a writer in the Outlook, it has already shown splendid results, both for employer and employes. Heads of large firms which employ a great deal of help are said to express themselves favorably to the plan wherever it has been broached to them. They confess that it appears to meet a condition which has long weighed upon them with a sense of responsibility, but which, on account of the multitude of executive duties which demand all their time and attention, they have been unable to take care of themselves.

The Donkey Not Disguised.

A mighty truth was uttered by the energetic and detestable senator from South Carolina, Benjamin R. Tillman, when he informed former Senator Hill, "The Democratic party can always be relied upon to make a —— fool of itself at the critical time." The expression is not new nor original with Senator Tillman, but its truth was never more apparent. It loses none of its force because Tillman helped perpetrate the blunder, or because Candidate Parker chose a sensational method of calling attention to it, or because Tillman and Parker do not agree on where the "fool" came in.

When the old line leaders and the majority of the Democratic party set out to deliver the organization from Bryanism, they did so because they knew the people could not trust the party else. They succeeded abundantly and were in complete control of the national convention. But when the critical moment came the committee on resolutions threw away all the advantage that had been gained and eliminated the significant paragraph of the platform. Playing the fool could have gone no farther. The party declared by silence, more emphatically than it could have by words, that it is not worthy of the public confidence it sought. The fatal error was apparent at once to all save a few fatuous, natural born fools.

Judge Parker, the once silent, perceived the mistake easily enough, but he did not improve the situation by his attempt to correct it. On the contrary, his sensational telegram increased the public sense that the mischief had been done. While making clear that he himself adheres to the gold standard, he made it equally clear that his party cannot be trusted and spurned from him that large element of the party that never had a sane idea about money or finance. Try as one may to argue Judge Parker's telegram as an evidence of courage, it still appears as an uncalled for sacrifice of his one chance to secure an election, even though it might be by false pretense.

We believe that Judge Parker has, in a sense, rescued his party. He has brought it back to the work of eliminating the dangerous doctrine that was dominant in two campaigns. When that is done it will become again a respectable and influential minority. But he has not improved his chances of election thereby. Probably he realized that he had no chance of election in any event and preferred that his sacrifice should not be utterly in vain. It remains to be seen, however, whether his interference will accomplish anything. The action of the resolutions committee and the convention has made it certain that the dangerous doctrines have a strong hold upon the Democracy. The party is unsound and unsafe. It has been coerced into a semblance of indorsement of Judge Parker's monetary opinions, but it has not been converted. In fact the whole matter suggests that the party has not changed its mind about the free coinage of silver, but was willing to make pretense of abandonment in the hope that it might be successful and put in a position where it could work out its pet evil.

Democratic Nominees.

Alton Brooks Parker, chief judge of the New York court of appeals and Democratic candidate for president, is a man whose personality challenges admiration. He was born and bred on a farm at Cortlandt, N. Y., and aside from attendance at the public schools to the age of 14, earned the money to pay for his education. He was known as a good lawyer and has made a commendable record as a judge. His private life is said to be ideal and his habits almost spartan. He is a man of the physical presence, six feet in height and symmetrically developed. That he is a man of exceptional self-control he proved by his silence during the preliminary campaign. He is in the prime of his manhood.

The Hon. Henry G. Davis, nominee for vice president, is one of the wealthiest and most widely known citizens of West Virginia. He was elected to the United States senate when West Virginia was reliably Democratic. His former seat is now occupied by his son-in-law and business partner, Stephen G. Elkins. Mr. Davis is probably better known in the business world than in politics, for he has been active for many years in the development of the industrial resources of his state. He is an expert in timber and coal, the two things he has most exploited and from which he has amassed a large fortune. He is stern and uncompromising in his views and refused to follow his party when it was led away from its ancient traditions by William J. Bryan. He is too advanced in years to wage a vigorous campaign, but his nomination should clear the way for John T. McGraw of Grafton as the Democratic candidate for the United States senate, to succeed Senator N. B. Scott.

It will thus be seen that the Democracy has selected better men than usual as standard bearers, as an evidence of its sincerity of purpose to regenerate itself. But those men will not appeal to the Democrats of the west, who followed Mr. Bryan so enthusiastically. Judge Parker is essentially conservative and wedded to judicial formalities. Mr. Davis is the antithesis of Bryan and represents the extreme opposite of all of Bryan's views. They do not make an especially strong ticket. They were selected on grounds of expediency rather than for themselves alone, and neither is likely to arouse the enthusiasm of the mass of Democratic voters however much they may please Wall street. They will serve admirably for the primary purpose for which they were nominated, namely, the delivery of the party from the clutches of Populism, but they have no chance for election.

Good Move By France.

France is the first of the European powers to make an actual move toward relieving the strain of militarism, though pretty nearly all of the others have been doing more talking. It is not a very long step, but is a significant one. The chamber of deputies has passed the senate bill to reduce the term of compulsory military service to two years. The matter has not attracted much public attention in France, though in a few quarters it is recognized as one of great importance.

The result of this action should be to benefit French industries and agriculture. The cutting out of the military term will permit the young men of France to turn their attention to the trades or professions earlier than formerly, and that should be a good thing for the trades and professions, as well as for the young men. It will naturally cause some decrease of the military establishment and a consequent lightening of the burden of taxation. France's arbitration convention with Great Britain and the cordial relations established with Italy have probably had little to do with the adoption of this measure, but will help to make the French people secure after it takes effect.

Should the other countries of Europe follow the example of France and gradually lighten their military burdens, we will probably hear less of the American and yellow perils. The one great, menacing peril of all Europe is that it will be driven into bankruptcy by the ever-increasing military expenses. It costs money to maintain armies, build, equip and maintain navies. It costs double when the flower of a nation's young manhood is drawn from productive enterprise into military idleness. That is the genuine peril that threatens Europe, and the talk about other perils is merely to divert attention.

Speaking of the idiosyncrasies of the English speech the Nashville American wants to know if there is a better example than the fact that when you "best" a man you "worst" him. No, except, perhaps, that when a man is "cleaned out" he's "all-in."

The theft of $50,000 worth of jewels from Bishop Potter's residence should admonish that good prelate to lay up his treasures where thieves do not break through and steal.

The movement for a "safe and sane" Democracy ended like that for a "sane and safe" Fourth of July, in a compromise. But there is a casualty list.

A Chicago man asserts that he was stricken dumb while expressing unbelief. Even if you don't believe his tale it might be just as well to keep quiet.

One of the Minneapolis boodlers, who is about to be released from the penitentiary, shows no contrition. He is going into the ice business.

"Come with us and we will do thee good," say the Prohibitionists to Bryan. They couldn't do him better than his own party has.

Opportunity is knocking at the Democratic door, says the Atlanta Constitution. Some folks have mighty sharp ears.

Grover Cleveland indorses the candidate, but declines to have his opinion of the platform printed. Wise decision.

Without intimate acquaintance, Pitchfork Tillman is sometimes able to recognize the truth on sight.

It was quite befitting that the Democratic nomination should find its lasses in the water.

From a published cut of Gen. Samsonoff we should infer that most of his haircoff also.

Minister Leishman has been able to convince the sublime porte with the aid of the navy.

"Blue-eyed Willie" Sheehan came near being run up a tree at St. Louis.

College students who cannot swim had better keep away from Kansas.

Kansas is as wet as Dan McGinty, "dressed in his best Sunday clothes."

POLITICAL JABS.

Judge Parker's mail is increasing. But there is nothing to show that Judge Parker will establish an "Answers to Correspondents" column.—Inter-Ocean.

Nobody will withhold sympathy from Mr. Hearst when it becomes known that he looked upon his candidacy seriously.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Was there ever as disgraceful a fall as that of Hearst? That young man is in the position of the traditional fool and his money.—Buffalo Commercial.

The platform of the national Democratic party for 1904 might be condensed to read: Resolved, That we were wrong on all the important issues before the country four years ago.—Kansas City Journal.

After hearing that his name was applauded for eight solid minutes Mr. Cleveland adjusted the bait and placidly resumed his chosen task.—Detroit Free Press.

Talked of in Gotham

By ALEXANDER DODDS.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 10.—The Brighton handicap has now passed into history. It was the same old story of a dramatic ride in which all turf lore abounds and 20 minutes after their money was placed fully 2,000 of the 25,000 persons who witnessed the race, haggard and livid of lip, saw their money swept away and left the track broke. To Pittsburgh the race betting fiend is practically an unknown type, but here it forms one of the basic arguments in the crusades against the book-making evil. This class of gamblers will not work. For weeks they had almost starved themselves, worn old clothes and underwent innumerable hardships in order to have a few dollars to play their favorite in the handicap. For days in some attic room they had read and re-read the histories of the horses that were likely to be entered and when they had decided upon which was to be the winner, they grew almost frantic while waiting for the race day. So afraid were they that someone would induce them to bet on a race other than the handicap that they remained outside of the big fence enclosure and peering through cracks watched for the calling of "their race." When it was announced there was a rush for the entrance turnstiles, and when the bookmakers were almost mobbed in the whirlwind of the "fiends" to get their money up. Few were lucky enough to bet Broomstick, who broke a world's record. The others hung about the outskirts of the great throng of pleasure seekers, who had witnessed the event for the sport's sake, and tried to borrow money enough for the return trip to the metropolis.

Bootblack Won a Handicap.

At the Brighton Beach track yesterday was Tony Aste, the bootblack king, who furnished the winner for the great handicap in 1900 when his Jack Point broke the record in what the turf annals call a remarkable race. Aste for years was the bootblack at the produce exchange building and the dimes he earned in shining James Keene's and other millionaire horsemen's shoes formed the foundation of the fortune he has made from his string of race horses. There are hundreds of men whose shoes Aste had shined in the days when he was making his start who are nowhere near as successful as he, but to them, despite his wealth, he is still "Tony, the King of the Bootblacks."

Gamesters Grow More Daring.

Notwithstanding the newspapers over the country have heralded the fact that the "lid" is on in New York, handbooks are made openly in Broad street and all over the financial district. Tucked away in almost every skyscraper downtown are offices that receive reliable racing information and they relay it to the handbook makers in the nearby saloons. Bets are made while the policemen are within seeing distance and their business would not deceive a farmer's boy just arrived in town. The meaty changes hands without any masquerading. The police say these men are so sly they cannot catch them. The bookmakers and saloonkeepers say it must not be forgotten they contributed liberally to the Tammany campaign fund, and expect some return for their money.

Could Not Find the Multiplicand.

No one in Greater New York is more concerned about Tammany and its patronage than Superintendent of Public Schools Maxwell. The keepers of the tiger give to him his teachers and his janitors for the greatly crowded buildings under his supervision. The janitor of one of the schools resigned at the close of the school term after having held the appointment but three days. "I guess I'm too sensitive," he explained. "Whenever I found anything that had been lost I hung it up on the blackboard. The first morning I went to work I found written on the board, 'Find the least common divisor.' I looked over the room but did not find anything. The next morning in the same room I found written: 'Find the multiplicand,' and as search failed to bring this to light I want to resign before I am accused of stealing."

Catholics In a Feast Day Parade.

The celebration of the feast of Our Lady of Mount Carmel was observed with more than usual devotion today by the Catholics of this city. About 50,000 of the Italian churchmen paraded and many Catholic societies participated. There were many visitors from the neighboring cities and that section of the city known as Little Italy was beautifully decorated for the feast, which is said to be one of the greatest in the history of Catholicism here. The miraculous statue was carried in all pomp and ceremony from the chapel of Mount Carmel church in East One Hundred and Twelfth street and First avenue, where the ceremony of crowning the statue was performed by Archbishop Farley, whose interest in his Italian flock is so favorably commented upon both here and in Europe.

Coney Pining for the Festive Serpent.

With these first touches of the summer sun and thoughts of the beaches and the sea, comes the recollection that it is about time for the sea serpent, who has neglected us for some time, to pay a visit to Coney Island or some of the Jersey coast resorts. It is much to be regretted that anecdotes of the appearance of the monster are not better substantiated, but strange to say all accounts give him the same bloodshot eyes and tuft of loose green skin about his neck. Between 1814 and 1846 there were several appearances of this mystery of the deep and again in 1848 it was found in the seas fronting on the United States and Canada. In 1898 there was washed up on the coast of Orkney a shark 35 feet in length, and this, by some scientists, was supposed to be the serpent. Subsequent appearances of the monster sticking his neck up in the air refuted this. If the real sea serpent is still with us it is about time he was showing up.

The Problem of Small Banks.

The organization of two new small banks in the downtown district has excited discussion as to the need of small institutions and the possibility of conducting them at a profit. Both of the new banks are within a stone's throw of one or more of the old established institutions, but it is said they have secured the promise of the business of the small tradesmen of the district, who find it extremely hard to get accommodation at the big banks. The incorporators are said to be wise enough to appreciate that the small man of today is the big man of tomorrow and that a banking connection once formed is likely to be maintained for years without change.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

Cadillac.
A. F. Williams.
C. A. Williams.

Manhattan.
E. T. Adams.
W. J. Young.
Mrs. Young.
J. Caldwell.
Mrs. Caldwell.

Fifth Avenue.
J. M. Hastings.
J. C. Seanor.

Grand Union.
R. Carlisle.

Broadway Central.
J. A. Levy.
L. Harris.

Wolcott.
L. S. Cook.

Spalding.
J. Cohn.

Holland.
G. Henderson.

Park Avenue.
H. Oertel.
Mrs. Oertel.

Everett.
F. S. Stedman

Victoria.
W. R. Loveless.
E. L. Norton.
Miss B. Miller.
R. K. Stephenson.
C. Henderson.
J. L. Norton.

St. Denis.
F. W. Finley.
Mrs. Finley.
J. J. Crowe.
H. M. Brown.
Mrs. Brown.

Imperial.
H. Flinn.
J. Newell.
R. P. Marshall.
A. Baker.
Mrs. Baker.
C. N. Abernathy.
H. Abernathy.

Herald Square.
G. T. Ibers.
N. O'Reilly.
S. Davis.
C. Fey.
F. E. Gras.
C. M. Anderson.

Astor.
H. J. Eskenbach.
W. W. Martin.
A. Y. Marshall.
Mrs. Marshall.
E. L. Warner.
C. H. Beach.
J. C. McKim.
W. G. Venable.
J. Willits.
H. E. Smythe.
W. H. McConkey.

Albert.
J. C. Vetanning.

Navarre.
H. W. Armstrong.

Accidentally is Good.

An anxious inquirer in the New York Globe wants to know if it is correct to say, "I accidentally won $500 at the races." Judging by our own experiences in that direction we should hold that it was eminently proper to refer to such an achievement as "accidental."—Detroit Free Press.

The Quiet Observer

By ERASMUS WILSON.

There are more things in heaven and earth, Horatio,
Than are dreamed of in your philosophy.
—Hamlet.

No doubt you have, as has every other thoughtful reader, been surprised at finding so many things in books and periodicals that you know about.

And it may not have occurred to you that you are most interested in reading about things of which you know something, more or less, rather than about things of which you know nothing.

This is not egotism. It is common sense. We have to become acquainted with things before we can feel sufficient interest in them to read about them. It is the same with people. What do you care about those whom you don't know, or what do they care about you?

A familiar name, even though it be of just a common sort of fellow, recalls a face, a figure, and a train of thoughts loaded with pleasant memories. Some of these may be more pleasant as memories than were the real things.

But there are lots of things more or less trifling that one will think about, talk about, and even write about, in preference to great things, and particularly new and strange things.

* * * * *

There is the matter of raising turkeys, for instance. It may be new and strange to some city folks, but to many it will be a source of infinite pleasure, for who among you that was raised in the country does not recall numerous efforts to trail the elusive turkey hen to her nest.

Elusive is the word, for a turkey hen will elude you time and again, nor is it an illusion, for she is real, and so is her nest, and so are the speckled eggs, tapering almost to a point at one end.

That hen will go along through the grass or brush with her head and tail down, and her body so near the ground that she looks as much like a shadow as a real thing. When all at once she stops and slowly raises her small head until at last she is standing bolt upright and on tip-toe, taking in the surroundings, and you, too.

That settles it, and you may as well go home, for that turkey hen won't go to her nest as long as you are in sight, and the chances are that she will follow you until you get back home.

Being satisfied that she has put you off the scent she strikes out for her nest by another route. And when she comes within a few yards of it she cautiously raises herself on tip-toe, looks sharply all around, above and below, fore and aft. If all appears to be well she disappears in an instant, and as completely as if the earth had opened and swallowed her up.

* * * * *

Then there are the bees. You know them, of course, and they know you, too. You may not think they know you, but they do, unless you are a rank stranger, in which case they are liable to get onto you pretty quick.

They are busy little chaps, quick tempered and hot footed, but amiable enough when treated fair and square.

Bees do sting sometimes, but the fact appears to be that the real purpose of their stingers is not to sting and to give pain, but to inject a preservative and flavoring substance into the simple sweets gathered from flowers, thereby converting them into honey.

Have you ever looked into this stinging business? It is very interesting. Here follows a short talk with a bee culturist. It may save you a lot of experimenting, as well as some painful experiences.

"Stinging is not the impulsive and furious action on the part of the bee that many persons think. I have often watched bees sting, and they all go about it in the same way.

"Take them first, in a slow and careful sting where they have plenty of time. Here they study the ground that is to be punctured with minute attention.

"They have a pair of instruments called palpi—wonderful instruments full of fine hairs, each hair terminating in a delicate nerve—and with these palpi they will sound the place of flesh as perfectly as a physician will sound a patient's lungs. They can tell precisely in this way whether or not their sting will penetrate without meeting any obstruction or coming to any harm.

"The bee, if it seems good to her at the end of her examination, thrusts darts in her sting and at the same time injects into the wound a tiny drop of clear pale green venom. If she has time she withdraws her sting, circling around and around the wound, screwing out the little weapon as a carpenter screws out a bit.

"But if she has not time, if her life is in danger, she flies away at once, leaving both poison and sting. Thus maimed, she dies in an hour or two.

"It is only upon the drones of the hive that the average bee uses her weapon—not one bee in a million ever stings a human being or an animal—and when she attacks a drone it is easy to withdraw her sting again and thus no harm comes to her.

"When she stings a man, though, there is more danger; but even here she reconnoiters with her palpi first and finds time in many cases to get out her sting and escape uninjured."

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From bees to lightning isn't a very long step. Indeed they seem to be in the same class, or somehow related.

A careful observer our in Columbia, Mo., has collected a bunch of facts concerning deaths from lightning which may interest those who are concerned about lightning.

He says that more farmers are killed by it than any other class of people—not because the gods are against them, nor because they are not as good and useful as other folks, but because they are more exposed.

Statistics recently secured by the United States department of agriculture covering a period of 11 years indicate this fact conclusively. The main object of the work was to find out the number of lives lost in the United States by lightning, and the conditions attending the fatalities.

In an average year, during the period covered, 718 persons were killed outright or received fatal injuries. Of this number, 391 were killed in the open, 153 in houses, 57 under trees and 56 in barns. The circumstances attending the deaths of the remaining 151 are unknown. During the same year 978 persons were more or less injured by lightning, of which 327 received their injuries while in houses, 243 in the open, 97 in barns, and 29 under trees. The circumstances attending the injuries of the remaining 317 cases are unknown.

It was found that the greatest number of fatalities occur in rural districts, some distance from telegraph and telephone poles and the great news centers.

The greatest number of fatal cases occurred in the middle Atlantic states, and the next greatest number in the Ohio valley and Tennessee, with the middle and upper Mississippi valley a close third. The greatest number of deaths in a single state during a period of five years occurred in Pennsylvania, which was 780, followed by Ohio with 185, and New York, Indiana and Illinois with 124 each.

The greatest fatality from a single stroke occurred at Chicago, Ill., where 11 persons huddled together in a wire-lined shanty under a bridge pier met instant death by a single bolt.

The number of women killed by lightning while hanging clothes on a line was a notable fact.

IT IS TO SMILE.

Hostess (to new curate)—We seem to be talking of nothing but horses, Mr. Soothem. Are you much of a sportsman?

Curate—Really, Lady Betty, I don't think I ought to say that I am. I used to collect butterflies; but I have to give up even that now!—Punch.

"We will sing 'Awake, Ye Saints,' immediately before the sermon tomorrow," announced the minister at choir practice on Saturday afternoon.

"Don't you think," inquired the observant tenor, "that it would be more appropriate to sing it immediately after the sermon?"—New Orleans Picayune.

"Open your mouth a little wider, please," said the dentist.

"My friend," replied the professor, with some impatience, "I can't open my mouth any wider. But I can extend it vertically a little more, if you insist upon it."

For nothing jars the professor's nerves worse than the use of slipshod English.—Chicago Tribune.

Man and Platform

No more nondescript political document was ever given to the American people by a political party asking for suffrages. Many of its planks are utterly without meaning; others are discredited attacks on policies which have long received general approval, while still others are compromises and straddles made in the hope of inducing all Democrats to vote for the ticket.—Baltimore American (Rep.)

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The platform will appeal to more Democrats than will the candidate. The hand of the compromiser is seen in the absence of a money-plank and in the indorsement of the Panama canal enterprise. The platform is almost as broad as it is long and with a house, senate and executive equally Democratic and equally passionate in their espousal of the people's cause against the domination of bond-dealing Belmonts something near popular government would result. Perhaps, indeed, we are overanxious to see how August Belmont is to finance a campaign on a platform like this, but we are still anxious.—Detroit Tribune (Rep.)

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There was no need for the chief justice of the supreme court of the Empire State to step down from his lofty pedestal into the bull-ring of candidates. He could have uttered no word that would not have been misconstrued and misrepresented. He stood where he stood—a Democrat—a life-long Democrat—who learned his lesson of Tilden—a disciple of Jefferson and a follower of Jackson, what more could any thinking, believing Democrat desire? It was this wise reserve, this prudent decorum, as much as any other circumstance, that separated Judge Parker from the riff-raff of the self-seeking and commended him to patriotic Democrats as one to be trusted, to be accepted, to be nominated, to be confidently, enthusiastically supported. The convention made no mistake. Who cannot vote for Alton Brooks Parker is no Democrat.—Atlanta Constitution (Dem.)

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The platform threat of a war against the trusts has a hollow sound in view of the circumstance that the friendship of the trusts for Parker and the promise of Wall street to make a contribution to the Democratic campaign fund if he were nominated were the leading factors which won him the favor of the Democratic bosses and placed him ahead of all rivals for the candidacy. For evasion, shuffling, effrontery and cowardice the St. Louis platform of 1904 will hold a unique place among Democratic national deliverances.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat (Rep.)

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Judge Parker is widely respected in this state for the conspicuous ability he has shown in politics and on the bench, and for the purity and integrity of his private life. Every man who knows him esteems him. The Republicans of New York have nothing but good words to say about him in his private capacity and in his judicial activities. His message, therefore, to the convention, which, misled by the unfounded assurances of his representatives at St. Louis, offered him a nomination on terms offensive to his self-respect, will surprise no one familiar with Judge Parker's honorable achievements and honorable record—New York Tribune (Rep.)

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It may safely be said of Mr. Parker that he enjoys the respect and confidence of those who know him, and that nobody can urge, or even suggest, anything to his discredit. Within a comparatively narrow circle he is honored as a patriotic citizen, a wise and just and upright magistrate, a clean and honest gentleman. Outside of that circle there is none who can cast aspersion or proclaim a charge.—Washington Post (Ind.)

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The inconceivable folly of the Democratic convention in dealing with the financial question makes the nomination of Judge Parker, instead of a triumph and hope, a peril which threatens to become a disaster. All other considerations are at once swept aside. The one thing the country will insist upon knowing is what manner of man Judge Parker is going to prove himself in this great crisis. Has he convictions? Does he know the difference between cowardice and courage? Will he be brave enough, wise enough, strong enough, to come forward without loss of time to repair, if possible, the fearful damage done by the crawling compromisers who permitted the money plank to be stricken out of the platform?—New York Post (Ind.)

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Judge Parker is to be commended for his courage and candor. If elected president there is no question that he would do everything in his power to preserve the nation's finances on a gold basis. That is the meaning of his message to the convention.—Baltimore Sun (Dem.)

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There is no mistaking the revelation which the party has made of itself at St. Louis. It has simply refused to declare itself sane and safe on the money question.—New York Globe (Rep.)

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It is hardly conceivable that even Democrats, at least, those serious Democrats who are not moved by a personal desire for office—could wish such a man to be president. This is why it must be concluded that he was not nominated to be elected, but only to afford Democrats of opposite convictions an opportunity to come together, if they wished, with a view to putting the party in a somewhat stronger position for future campaigns.—Buffalo Express (Ind. Rep.)

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The people are to be congratulated that such a splendid type of American citizen has been put before them for their suffrage and they can be doubly congratulated when they have brought about his election. Indiana will not be found lacking when the votes are counted. And so, here's hail.—Indianapolis Sentinel (Dem.)

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Comparing the Republican and the Democratic platforms, the former appears as the exposition of doctrine derived from doing, the latter as a declaration of doubts. The one is positive, assertive, hopeful—the other negative, defamatory, doleful.—Cleveland Leader (Rep.)

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If Judge Parker proves that he has a comprehensive grasp of public questions, that he has a big brain, courage and tact, the waiting public will estimate him accordingly. And if he fails in the demonstration he will be judged solely by the failure. He and he alone can furnish the people with his proper measure.

* * * If we want the issue that is presented we shall find it in the various attacks on the Republican administration. It may be all written out in the one word "Roosevelt."—Chicago Record-Herald (Ind.)

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Will the rejected stone become chief of the corner? Is there anything in the St. Louis platform as important as the thing that was purposely left out? Will not the campaign ring with that surrender? The people have not forgotten the money issue.—Washington Star (Rep.)

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With many of Mr. Cleveland's qualities he possess more of Mr. McKinley's copeitiatory and popular temperament than Mr. Cleveland had, and will be certain, if successful, to bring the party to a condition of unity and efficiency to which it has long been a stranger.—Cincinnati Enquirer (Dem.)

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But the attempt to remove the question of sound money from partisan disputation has failed. Its continued existence is loudly proclaimed by the difference between the two platforms. The Republican platform is right, and Judge Parker knows it. He knows also that the Democratic platform is wrong—dangerously wrong, not merely in a negative way by a sin of omission, but by the positive and aggressive and strikingly significant enunciation of even an evasive plank united with the sound doctrine on the money question.—New York Sun (Ind.)

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On Bryan's platform Judge Parker will never be elected. He must make his own, and he must make it promptly if he would stay the tide of defection. The convention expressly refused to declare for gold, thereby confessing that the Democracy is not cured of the free-silver craze. By casting out the platform declaration recognizing the gold standard as established, the Democrats at St. Louis have in effect reaffirmed the platforms of Chicago and Kansas City—at least sound-money Democrats will so construe their amazing action. The blunder can be amended, so far as it is amendable at all, only by the candidate—and at this hour of writing, before the taking of a ballot, we are assuming the nomination of Judge Parker.—New York Times (Dem.)

The Death Roll

Mrs. Eva Grace Horner Shipley.

Mrs. Eva Grace Horner Shipley, aged 23, wife of George F. Shipley, died suddenly at her late home, 3811 Ellsworth avenue, yesterday morning. Mrs. Shipley had been in excellent health until early yesterday morning, when she awoke and complained of being seriously ill. It proved to be an attack of apoplexy, and she died two hours after the first seizure. Mrs. Shipley had been married scarcely a year and was the daughter of C. B. Horner and a sister of W. B. Horner of Horner & Ladley. Father, brother and husband survive. The funeral will take place from the home at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Fannie Murphy.

Mrs. Fannie Murphy, widow of the late Edward Murphy, died suddenly Sunday morning at the family residence in North Cedar street, New Castle. She was 48 years of age. Her husband, who was a Pennsylvania engineer, was killed two years ago in a railroad disaster at Eastbrook. Mrs. Murphy lived in New Castle nearly all her life and was a member of the Seventh Ward Methodist church. She is survived by two children, Mrs. A. C. Hyde and Andrew Murphy.

Mrs. Peter Casey.

Mrs. Peter Casey, aged 75, of Sheraden, died at her home in that borough at midnight Saturday. She was one of the oldest members of the Holy Innocent Roman Catholic church of Sheraden. Her husband and four sons survive. Funeral services will take place in her late home this morning at 8 o'clock.

Funeral of Harry C. Quinter.

Company M of the Boys' brigade held the last rites over the grave of their former comrade, Harry C. Quinter of Wilkinsburg in Woodlawn cemetery yesterday afternoon. Quinter was drowned on Thursday. The Rev. J. B. Markward of Calvary Lutheran church conducted the service.

Obituary Notes.

Former Mayor Frederick Heinz of Davenport, Ia., died suddenly of apoplexy in New York. He was a prominent member of the American Bankers' association.

DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGNS.

The Democratic party is now entering on its nineteenth presidential campaign, since it adopted that title, with a record of only seven out of 18 national tickets ever elected. A glance over its standard bearers of the past may prove interesting at this time. The list is as follows:

1832, Baltimore—Jackson and Van Buren.
1836, Baltimore—Van Buren and Johnson.
1840, Baltimore—Van Buren.
1844, Baltimore—Polk and Dallas.
1848, Baltimore—Cass and Butler.
1852, Baltimore—Pierce and King.
1856, Cincinnati—Buchanan and Breckenridge.
1860, Baltimore—Douglas and Johnson.
1864, Chicago—McClellan and Pendleton.
1868, New York—Seymour and Blair.
1872, Baltimore—Greeley and Brown.
1876, St. Louis—Tilden and Hendricks.
1880, Cincinnati—Hancock and English.
1884, Chicago—Cleveland and Hendricks.
1888, St. Louis—Cleveland and Thurman.
1892, Chicago—Cleveland and Stevenson.
1896, Chicago—Bryan and Sewall.
1900, Kansas City—Bryan and Stevenson.

For the first and only time in its history, the Democratic party at its convention held in Baltimore in 1840 failed to nominate a vice president. It adjourned expressing the hope that sentiment in the various states would crystalize on a candidate in time to allow the electoral colleges to name one. The convention held in Baltimore in 1860 was the aftermath of a convention previously held in Charleston, S. C., at which the rupture took place between the northern and the southern Democrats. The ticket given in the list above is that of the candidates of the northern faction. The successful tickets were those of 1832, 1836, 1844, 1852, 1856, 1884 and 1892.

A Cannon Story.

Speaker Cannon, at one of the dinners that he gives in Washington (these dinners are strictly limited to one hour), talked about mean rich men. "The meanest rich man in Illinois," he said, "lives in Vermillion county. He is a bachelor and we'll call him Crust. One day the superintendent of the local cemetery told his lot salesman to call on Crust and see if he couldn't work off a cemetery lot on him. The salesman set out with a hopeless air, and in a half-hour he was back again. 'No go,' he said. 'Couldn't get him, eh?' said the superintendent. 'No,' said the salesman. 'He admitted that I reasoned well and that the lots were fine ones, but he said that if he bought he mightn't get the value of his money in the end.' 'Why,' said the superintendent, 'there's no fear of that. The man will die some day, won't he?' 'Yes,' said the salesman, 'but he says he might be lost at sea.'"—Collier's Weekly.

And a Few Foxes to Hunt.

"Give me $10 woth of fish hooks, and I will carry West Virginia for the Democratic party," said a well-known Texan who has fished in that state. "The West Virginians love their country and their state," he continued, "but they love a fish hook better than their children. When I went into West Virginia after a few shiners, every man I met leched up against me and, after a moment's conversation on the weather inquired, 'Neighbor, have you got a real, sure enough fish hook?'

COLONELS SPLIT ON TOMBSTONES

Question of Clay and Goebel Memorials Forms Political Issue in Kentucky.

BECKHAM PROVOKES WRATH

By JOHN P. COWAN.
(Staff Correspondent.)
[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

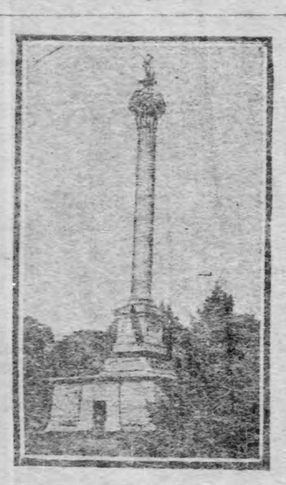
LEXINGTON, KY., July 10.—Tombstone politics will be conspicuous in the presidential campaign in Kentucky. The colonels will forget national issues while they settle a little contention of their own which has divided the state Democratic party against itself. Bluegrass Republicans, as a result of the dissension, look for Kentucky to give a victory to Roosevelt.

Gov. J. C. W. Beckham has alienated thousands of his best supporters and brought denunciation upon the heads of the state Democratic leaders because he vetoed a bill appropriating $1,500 to repair the ancient monument of Henry Clay, which stands over the statesman's grave in the Lexington cemetery. At the same time an appropriation of $30,000 is being used to erect a memorial to William Goebel, the Democratic partisan who was shot down in Frankfort four years ago. Kentucky still claims the ashes of the immortal Clay as the state's most sacred heritage, and the whole bluegrass region is up in arms against the headstrong youth who is its governor.

Sentiment cuts the chief figure in Bourbon politics. "Pie" comes in for little consideration, because the slices down here are exceedingly small. There are few Kentucky Democrats who have any personal interest in Judge Parker's candidacy. The reference loves the Kentuckian, who still glories in the spread-eagle style of the old school. Dave Hill, likewise, has no qualities that are calculated to inspire the admiration of the Kentucky voter and vote-getter.

Colonels Provoked to Swear.

So it is not surprising that the colonels are sitting in the shade of the magnolias, mixing their mint, and talking as if the election of a new chief magistrate had nothing to do with next November's contest. Here in Lexington they glance across the sailing treetops and catch sight of the disfigured statue of old Clay and it provokes them to polite profanity. For nearly half a century that heroic statue has stood guard there over the hills of Town-fork—a landmark famous among America's most magnificent memorials



Henry Clay Memorial as It Appears Today.

that is visible for 20 miles along the white pikes that radiate in all directions from the bluegrass capital. Last July a terrific thunderstorm swept over central Kentucky. When it had passed the people of Lexington were shocked to see that a thunderbolt had decapitated the head of Clay's statue on the top of the lofty shaft and had hurled it 100 yards down the hillside. A headsman's ax could not have performed the sacrilege more completely, and in falling the nose was broken from the stone face.

It was the second time within a few years that Lexington had lost a famous work of sculpture. Kentucky women who visited the cemetery after the storm, and assisted in caring for the sacred piece of marble, remembered how they had gathered around the ruins of the old Fayette county court house and had wept over the broken fragments of John Quincy Adams Ward's famous nude figure of the bluegrass belle. Kentucky patriotism was ablaze in a moment. Divers schemes were suggested for the restoration of Clay's statue. It was declared that no expense should be spared in rebuilding the memorial.

Politicians Forget Patriotism.

This was a year ago. Politicians did not hearken so enthusiastically unto the voice of the people. The demagogues wanted to immortalize Goebel and a bill for an appropriation of $30,000 to cast his features in bronze had easy sailing through the last session of the state legislature. It was decided that a good stonemason could cement the head of the Clay statue back in place without much trouble and a paltry $1,500 was appropriated for that purpose.

The bills went to Gov. Beckham for his indorsement. The Goebel bill got a prompt signature, but Beckham and his party remembered that Lexington had not been particularly active in supporting his candidacy, and he vetoed the bill, at least this is the excuse given by the politicians of Fayette county.

Thus the political situation in Kentucky stands today. It is, perhaps, the first time that tombstones have figured so prominently in American politics. In his speech at the Chicago convention ex-Gov. Bradley of Kentucky made the plea to Clay's memory the keynote of his appeal for justice in Kentucky elections. His words have stirred the pride of all Kentuckians, and if the old state gives a Republican success in November it will be the invisible spirit of that resolute old Whig that will inspire the victory.

PLANS TO ENTERTAIN M. & M. EXCURSIONISTS

West Virginia Towns Are Ready to Receive Trade Boomers from Pittsburgh.

Manager James W. Wardrop of the Merchants and Manufacturers' association has announced the acceptance of special invitations on behalf of the members of the organization, who will compose the trade-extension excursion which will leave here tomorrow morning. The invitations came from the following West Virginia towns: Board of trade of Wheeling, the business men of Huntington, the Belington board of trade, the board of trade of Morgantown and the board of trade of Moundsville. In addition to the towns above named, the Pittsburgh party will be welcomed informally in a number of other places, where the citizens have a surprise in store for the visitors.

Secretary B. L. Priddie of the Huntington Land Company, in extending the freedom of his city to the tourists, says: "Huntington, though the youngest city in West Virginia, is second in size and in commercial importance. It is equipped with excellent transportation facilities and is especially well located for the exchange of business with Pittsburgh. The volume of business is increasing each year."

Secretary Frederick Moore of the Belington board of trade reported that everything was in readiness for the entertainment of the Pittsburgh business men in the thriving little city. Equally encouraging communications have been received from Moundsville and Morgantown.

Norge Survivors Reach Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, July 10.—About 70 survivors of the wrecked Danish steamer Norge have arrived here from Stornoway, Scotland. They will sail for New York on the Cunard line steamer Auranla.

SMALLEST BATHER AT ATLANTIC CITY

KATHRYN VIRGINIA JOYCE.
Aged 2.

Visitors to Atlantic City are greatly amused by the daily appearance in the surf of the pretty little daughter of Michael F. Joyce of 833 Heberton avenue, East End, a well-known stock dealer of Herrs Island. Little Kathryn Virginia Joyce is the smallest among the big crowd of visitors at the seashore to don a bathing suit and romp in the breakers with the bathers. Under the careful protection of her father she is enjoying her first experience in the briny and her small brother delights the older bathers.

'TWAS DONATION SEASON AT PARK

Sarcastic Letter Accompanied a Gift of Four Tiny Field Mice Specimens.

WOMAN PROSTRATED IN HEAT

Last week brought many surprises to the Highland park zoo. There were several donations of animals, and in consequence the thousands of visitors who thronged the corridors of the animal house yesterday found something new and interesting in all the exhibits. A new baby elk was born, which makes the twenty-third in the Highland park herd. Manager Tretow says he has more than enough specimens of the elk family and has decided to call the newcomer "Sufficiency."

On Saturday afternoon a special delivery carrier tramped over to the zoo and handed Manager Tretow a tiny package which had been dropped into the Pittsburgh postoffice a few minutes before. Opening the package, Tretow found a little tin tobacco box containing four diminutive field mice, which skipped around over the floor the moment they were liberated. With the package was the following letter:

Dear Sir:—Enclosed please find an addition to your collection of animals. This gift is entirely unconditional. It would please me to make known my name to you, but, fearing the department of parks might desire to erect a monument to me in one of the parks (which democratic custom would be very distasteful to me), I refrain from doing so. Assured that you will appreciate my modesty as well as my gift, I am

A KNOCKER.

P. S.—"The best laid plans o' mice and men gang aft agley."—Burns.

"This has been respectfully referred to the memorial committee," said Manager Tretow. "The mice have been added to the outdoor exhibit. They are happy somewhere in the park."

Other donations came from Henry Alexander of River avenue, Pittsburgh, who contributed a Blacksnake and a housesnake which turned out to be a common gartersnake. Dr. George H. Dunn of Sheridan avenue contributed three fine gray squirrels.

Tremendous crowds filled all the parks yesterday. The people sought the shade of the trees, and hundreds brought their lunches and spent the entire day on the greensward. Miss Glover of Main street, Lawrenceville, was prostrated by the heat while walking through the Phipps conservatory in the morning. She was attended by Dr. S. H. Ralston and was able to return to her home.

In Schenley park all the lumber used in the Fourth of July stands has been cleared away and work has begun on repairs to the approach of the Greenfield avenue bridge. Superintendent George W. Burke suggests the advisability of having evening concerts in the Schenley park music pavilion.

POLICEMEN MUST NOT USE TOOTHPICKS ON DUTY

Order Issued by Major Sylvester, Head of the Washington Department.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, July 10.—In decreeing that the Washington policemen must give up the use of toothpicks while on duty, Major Sylvester, the chief of the capital police, has established a new record in rules governing the men in blue. The order was issued yesterday, and reads as follows:

"It is observed that officers, among them special street railway crossing policemen, walk the streets with toothpicks in their mouths, giving evidence of having enjoyed refreshments. I advise against this practice, as it is unbecoming and unofficerlike.

"The practice of picking teeth on the public highway has been condemned ere this. Prior to this, however, it had not been styled 'unofficerlike and unbecoming.'"

Frequent observation of the use and manufacture of toothpicks by policemen has grated on Major Sylvester's sense of propriety to no little extent, and he gave vent to his displeasure yesterday by attaching this order to the regular bulletins which are sent to each of the lieutenants every morning. Time and again, he says, he has not only seen policemen using toothpicks while standing about the streets, but has observed them manufacturing picks from stems instead of patrolling beats.

Negroes Heavily Fined.

Carrie Wilson, a negress, was fined $50 and costs yesterday on a charge of stealing $19 from a man in Hazel street. Thomas Lawson, a negro, was fined $25 and costs on a charge of threatening to cut a man in Fulton street.

WANTS WIRELESS TO BE REGULATED

President Will Urge Congress to Pass Laws Affecting System of Telegraphy.

COMMITTEE SOON TO REPORT

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 41, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 10.

President Roosevelt considers the relation of the federal government to "wireless" telegraphy, both in peace and war, one of the most vital questions of the hour. It has formed a topic of most serious discussion in many cabinet meetings. With the departments of war, navy, agriculture and commerce and labor all striving to solve the question of government control, everything was headed toward chaos when the president appointed a board consisting of Rear Admiral Evans, Rear Admiral Manny and Commander Jayne of the bureau of equipment, navy department; Gen. Greeley, chief signal officer, United States army, and Willis L. Moore, chief of the weather bureau. This board will make a report to the president within a fortnight. Its recommendation will form the basis for legislation for the regulation of "wireless." In his next message to congress the president will point out the need for laws to surround the development of this medium of communication.

Will Recommend Stations.

The board will recommend that the navy erect at the various points of strategic importance on the coasts of the United States such wireless stations as may be necessary to increase the efficiency of the fleet at sea. These stations will transmit all messages from naval vessels, revenue cutters, vessels belonging to the army or other departments of the government, together with the daily information required by the weather bureau. The feasibility of handling commercial messages from merchant ships at sea will be discussed in the report of the board, but it is more than probable that specific recommendations as to this or as to the prohibition of the erection of seacoast wireless stations by private enterprises without governmental sanction will be avoided.

The purpose of the board is to furnish the president with well-digested opinions. The advisability of control either by the army or navy in time of war, not only of wireless stations on the seaboard, but inland, has received constant attention, and the preponderance of opinion is that one government department should supervise it during war.

Morton Considering Subject.

The element of interstate commerce enters largely into the problem presented by the growth of wireless. Secretary Morton is giving the subject careful study, and the legislation proposed next December will be the product of careful thought of lawyers, scientists, military and naval men.

It is the intention of Assistant Secretary Armstrong of the treasury department to equip all the revenue cutters with wireless apparatus, but this will probably not be done until the government policy shall have been definitely and firmly outlined. The life-saving stations along the coast will not be supplied with wireless apparatus, but will be connected by telephone with the navy's wireless stations and those in the coast defenses.

MISSING MAN RETURNS TO SHARE A FORTUNE

William Baggett, Who Disappeared from Cleveland, Now Wealthy Merchant.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CLEVELAND, O., July 10.—Twenty years ago William Baggett, now a prosperous merchant of Brooklyn, N. Y., left his home in Cleveland. He was then 20 years of age and disappeared suddenly, telling his parents that he was going to a theater performance. Not a word was heard from him since that night last week, when he returned here to claim one-fourth of a large fortune left by his father and mother, who died seven years and one year ago, respectively. Fred Biggett, the Brooklyn man's father, was a rich commission merchant and he spent much time and money in an effort to locate his missing son. Mrs. Baggett, the mother, refused to believe her missing son dead and she bequeathed one-fourth of the estate to him, to be held for 20 years. After her death the brother and sister inserted a notice in the newspapers asking William Baggett to write to his brother and sisters, No. 1825 Lorain street, Cleveland, for valuable information. About a month ago they received a letter from William at Brooklyn and last week he came here.

The estate was distributed and he left last night for Brooklyn with his share. While here he said that he left home to see the country and traveled from coast to coast for several years, finally locating in Albany, N. Y., and later in Brooklyn. He is now in the commission house business and is well-to-do. He is still single.

Niagara Falls Excursion,
Via P. & L. E. Each Tuesday.
$7.45—Round Trip—$7.45.
$3.90—Toronto and Return—$8.90.
Trains leave Pittsburgh & Lake Erie station 9:30 a. m., 6 p. m. and 11:30 p. m., city time. Through day coaches and sleepers, parlor car on morning train. Tickets good 15 days.

DIED.

DOMER—On Saturday, July 9, 1904, at 7 p. m., D. D. DOMER, aged 62 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 5907 Harvard street, East End, Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

FRITCH—At residence, No. 1238 Island avenue, Allegheny, JOSEPH ALLEN, only son of Joseph A. and Cora W. Fritch, aged 6 months and five days.
Services 2 o'clock Monday. Interment private.

HASTINGS—On Sunday, July 10, 1904, at 1:10 p. m., MARGARET ELIZABETH, daughter of James S. and Margaret B. Hastings (nee Smith), aged 12 years and 4 months.
Funeral services at the family home, Grant avenue, Tenth ward, Allegheny, on Tuesday, July 12, at 2:30 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private later.
[Miles (O.) and South Dakota papers please copy.]

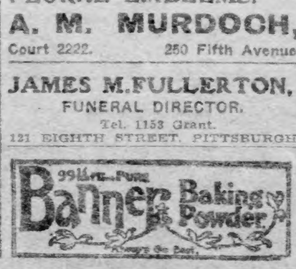
HOPE—On Saturday morning, July 9, 1904, MISS NANNIE IRWIN HOPE, youngest daughter of Robt. A. and the late Eliza Wilson Hope.
Funeral services at the residence of her brother, Edwin S. Gray, No. 645 Maryland avenue, E. E., on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private on Tuesday at Irwin, Pa., on arrival of train leaving Union depot at 12:30, noon.

PRELORENZO — On Friday morning, July 8, 1904, at 8:30 o'clock, ANTHONY J. PRELORENZO, aged 43 years.
Funeral from family residence, 3301 Ward street, Monday morning at 8:30 o'clock. Solemn high mass of requiem at St. Peter's Roman Catholic church, corner Webster avenue and Tunnel street at 9:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.
[Washington and New Castle, (Pa.) papers please copy.]

PATTERSON—On Saturday, July 9, 1904, at 6 a. m., CATHERINE PATTERSON, wife of the late J. K. Patterson, age 79.
Funeral from her late residence, Monroeville, July 11 at 2:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Carriages will leave E. A. Jobe's at 1 p. m.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Court 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

JAMES M. FULLERTON,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
Tel. 1153 Grant.
121 EIGHTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.



The most enjoyable ride anybody can take is one on the West-View, East street and Madison avenue cars to

SCHWITTER WEST-VIEW

When you reach the great Manifold Motor Lines private right-of-ways the trip is equal to an excursion through the beauties of Switzerland.

You soon behold a real estate opportunity that was never approached in this age and one that is passing fast.

You see the birth of a wonderful city—electric lights, asphalt streets, sewered streets, germ-proof sand-filtered water, unmatched building activity, etc.

Fine home-sites, 30x100 feet and larger, are selling at $50, $75, $100, $150 and $200, on the easiest terms.

Remember, cars start at Liberty avenue and Seventh street. Ask the conductor to let you off at the new stop—HORSESHOE BEND.

For further information apply to the FREEHOLD REAL ESTATE COMPANY, 334 Fourth avenue, first floor, Times Building, Pittsburgh, Pa., Agents for the Allegheny-Bellevue Land Company.

Imported Porch Rugs
At Little Prices

There's a big demand for porch furnishings this summer—But our stocks are exceptionally large—Hence these bargain offerings just at the time you want them—

Algerian Porch Rugs

4x 7 feet, $ 6.25 value, at.....$ 4.75
6x 9 feet, $12.00 value, at.....$ 9.00
6x12 feet, $16.00 value, at.....$12.00
7x10 feet, $15.50 value, at.....$11.00
9x12 feet, $24.00 value, at.....$16.00

Mourzouk Porch Rugs

4x7 feet, $-5.50 value, at.....$4.00
6x9 feet, $10.50 value, at.....$7.50

Porch Furniture
20 Per Cent Off

Porch Swings, Settees, Rockers, Arm Chairs and Tables—Vudor Porch Blinds, etc.—Just the things to help you enjoy the home life during this hot weather—

Oliver McClintock Co.,
219 Fifth Avenue.

FIRST IN THE LAND.

4%
Savings
Deposits

First Savings Bank in Pittsburgh giving $2,000,000 security to its depositors.
NORTH AMERICAN SAVINGS COMPANY Fourth Ave. and Market St.

The Union Safe Deposit Co.
Basement Floor, Frick Building

When you take your summer vacation lock up your valuables—Don't take them with you

BOXES $5.00 A YEAR AND UPWARDS

CHARLES H. LLOYD,
TAILOR,
503 Market Street, Second Floor.

Preserves
—fruits, jellies, pickles or catsup are more easily, more quickly, more healthfully sealed with Refined Paraffine Wax than by any other method. Dozens of other uses will be found for
Refined Paraffine Wax
in every household. It is clean, tasteless and odorless—air, water and mold proof. Get a pound cake of it with a list of its many uses from your druggist or grocer. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

B. & B.

Today starts the second week of Shelf emptying here.

Done as to prices as it never was done.

In every department, from the top to the bottom of the house.

When the end of July comes the stocks of this establishment are to be sold down to a point where we're determined to have them.

Stocks are larger this year and it will take work and prices to sell them out, and both these will they get.

Prices today to prove all that's here stated—and pay to come for.

All goods delivered free to nearest point within Five Hundred Miles.

B. & B.

Medium and fine Wash Goods and White Goods, 7½, 10 and 15c—larger assortments and choicer wanted styles than were ever shelf emptied here.

Why do we write as above?

Because rarely if ever in Dry Goods history, owing to conditions and weather, was the Wash Goods business knocked out—using a slang phrase—as this Spring Season.

This made great buying opportunities.

We therefore went in and bought more large lots during the last 60 days at sacrifice prices than any other season since this was a store.

And we didn't buy any lots but choice lots and good goods.

That's why we say larger assortments and choicer styles at Shelf Emptying prices.

Test it by coming—be suited and save the money.

B. & B.

FINE COTTONS

100 feet of center counter—South Diamond Park Aisle—with 50,000 yards of fine double width Woven Stripe Madras, Mercerized Stripe Madras, Mercerized Oxfords, Woven Stripe Oxfords, Taffeta Poplins, Mercerized Panamas, etc.
—not a piece of the 50,000 yards but is worth 25c and some as high as 45c—and all choice, all 15c.

B. & B.

DRESS GOODS

Long center tables at South Diamond Park Entrance with over a hundred pieces of broken lines of solid color all-wool Voiles, Mistrals, etc.—all colors—Navy, etc., 50c to $1.00 qualities, 44 to 54 inches wide, at a price for like goods as never sold in any American Dry Goods store, 35c.

At fine solid color Dress Goods Counter—large variety broken lines $1.00 and $1.25 Voiles, Twines and Bouton Twines, 44 to 47 inches wide, 75c—Navy Blue, Brown and a variety of other colors.

Lot 50-inch Grey and White and Brown and White Scotch Mixtures, 50c—splendid for skirts for now or Fall—desirable goods so far under price counts.

B. & B.

SHELF EMPTYING SILKS

Lots that will be sold on sight.

Heavy lustrous Black Taffeta Silk, 19 inches wide, 40c—solid well made Silk—not common stuff but good goods and strong.

Lot of plain Evening Silks, White, Ivory, Light Blue and Pink 75c Peau de Soie and a lot of White and Ivory Corsica, the very strongest Silk made and therefore especially desirable for linings—all in the sale at 50c.

Large assorted lot Dollar and $1.25 rich fancy Silks, 75c.

Table—and immense variety—and extraordinary values, 75c and $1.00 fancy Silks, 50c.

Whoever gets to this sale will get Silks to satisfy their idea of value as never before.

B. & B.

BLACK GOODS

Of all the same broken lines as the colors—Voiles, Mistrals, etc., 44 to 54 inches wide, 35c.

Fine Black Goods—Mohairs and Sicilians, 50c, 75c and $1.00 that will bring increased results—do it today.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny.

B. & B.

SUMMER FLANNEL

shelves to be emptied.

25 and 30c check and stripe Scotch Flannels, 20c.

Printed Cashmere Twills—all cotton—beautiful styles, light and dark colorings—Persian, floral and geometrical designs, 12½c yard.

"Viyella" Flannels, guaranteed absolutely unshrinkable — new printed and woven designs, also plain colors—heretofore, $1.00, now 75c a yard.

Vigorous Shelf Emptying in Bedding department.

100 pairs strictly all-wool Blankets—fine large 5-pound Blankets—White with Pink, Blue and Red borders, also Blue and White, Pink and White and Black and White plaids—$6.00 Blankets, $4.50 a pair.

100 summer weight Cotton filled Comforts—large size covered with choice styles Silkoline; $1.25 ones, $1.00 each.

Large size $1.25 Crochet Bed Spreads with fringe for metal beds, 90c each.

Lot of hemmed Crochet Spreads at $1.00 each that will demonstrate forcefully what July Shelf Emptying means here.

B. & B.

CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS

Counters filled with odd pieces of Curtain Laces, Muslins, Cretonnes, Silkalines, Madras, Drapery Silks, etc., and some odd pieces of furniture stuffs and goods for hangings so priced as will pay buyers immensely.

In Lace Curtains there's been a general reduction all 'round—nearly every style we've got, fine to finest, has been slashed—many literally sacrificed.

Look at the Lace Curtains for 45c, $1.00 and $2.00 a pair and see values as never before shown or sold in a store.

Curtains that were actually 75c, $1.50, $3.00 and $3.50 respectively.

Great lots of Irish Pointes, $1.85, $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00.

Brussels Pointes, $2.50, $4.50 and $10.00—fine Curtains so marked as shatters all idea of values.

Portieres in the sale—and Lambrequins, Table Covers, Tapestry Panels, Door Panels, etc., all priced for immediate sale.

B. & B.

ORIENTAL RUGS

Lot of them along with some Domestic Rugs got a dose of Shelf Emptying that will make them look mighty good to buyers.

Three lots of Oriental Rugs sorted according to size.

One lot about 3 by 6 feet, $6.50 to $22.00.

One lot about 4 by 7 feet, $10.00 to $52.50.

One lot ranging from 3 to 5 feet wide and 7 to 12 feet long, $8.50 to $75.00.

All are new reductions just made—some Six Dollars less—some Ten Dollars less—some Twenty Dollars less.

Lot of extra heavy all-wool Brussels Ingrain Art Squares, a little soiled, to be sold less than ordinary Wool Art Squares.

Size 2½ by 3 yards, $5.25 from $7.50.

Size 3 by 4 yards—9 by 12 feet, $8.75 from $12.00.

B. & B.

SHIRT WAIST SUITS, $2.50

—clean fresh suits at a Shelf Emptying price
—Black polka dots and neat figure printings on White Corded Madras.

Plain White and neat printed Lawn Shirt Waist Suits at the same price, $2.50.

Linen Coat Suits—White and White with colored trimming, reduced from Ten and $12.50 to $7.50.

Silk Shirt Waist Suits, $8.50, $9.75 and $12.50.

The $8.50 ones handsome Foulards—the $9.75 ones rich Taffetas that have never been surpassed in merit at the money—the $12.50 ones elegant Taffetas, actually reduced from $18.50 to $25.00.

An entirely new style Ladies' Traveling Suits just received and now on sale, $15.00.

Special—Nineteen-gore pleated White Linen Skirts, $3.50.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny.

B. & B.

SUMMER SILK WAISTS

with shelf emptying prices on.

$3.50 White China Silk Waists—tuck and lace trimmed, $2.50—fresh and clean.

Another lot extra nice $5.50 White China Silk Waists, $3.50.

$6.50 Button back White India Silk Waists, $4.50—English eyelet embroidery, tuck and Val. Lace trimmed.

$2.50 fine White Persian Lawn Waists, $1.50.

Extra superior White Lawn Waists—embroidery trimmings and tucked, $1.00.

Lots of fine Crepe de Chene, Peau de Soie, Net and Lace Waists reduced to important prices.

B. & B.

MORE MUSLINWEAR

Shelf Emptying being pursued in that section in a manner people appreciate.

See these lots—Fine Nainsook 75-cent Chemise trimmed with Embroidery and Lace, 50c.

Nainsook Marguerite Chemise with 4 rows Val. Insertion, Ribbon Beading and Lace edge—$2.00 ones, $1.50.

Odd lots of Chemise at prices you'll take them at and do it quick.

Fine Cambric $1.50 Petticoats with 22-inch Lawn Flounce, 3 groups of tucks, 2 wide Lace Insertions and deep Lace edge, $1.00.

Three very handsome styles $3.00 Petticoats, trimmed with wide Laces, Insertions and Edges—fresh clean goods, $2.50.

B. & B.

FURS AND STORAGE

If your Furs are all right for next season send them here to be stored and insured so they'll be safe for the Summer and in proper condition when you want them next Winter.

If you want them re-fashioned now's the time to have the work done.

Our entire corps of expert Furriers is at your command, with sketches and plates of the coming Season's fashions, so you can have an entirely new late fashioned garment made out of your old ones, and done in the best possible manner at moderate cost.

We make fine Fur garments to order from original pelts in stock for selection.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny.

EXTRA

Efforts made to please. CHANDELIERS for the Mansion, Cottage or Apartment are sold to your advantage here.

WELDON & KELLY CO.,
305 WOOD ST.

BINDLEY HARDWARE Co.
SEVENTH AVE. & DUQUESNE WAY
PITTSBURGH.
EVERY THING IN HARDWARE

TYPEWRITERS

Agents for the Manhattan Typewriter. Also dealers in all makes of second-hand Typewriters at reasonable prices. Monthly inspection of typewriters a specialty. Rent and repairs all makes of typewriters. Pa. & Webster Co. carbon paper and star brand ribbons. Pittsburgh Typewriter Inspection Co.

F. S. WEBSTER CO., Prop'rs,
432 DIAMOND ST.

Home Trust Company
OF PITTSBURGH.
2% on checking accounts 4% on savings accounts
"INDEPENDENT" FACILITIES
AT WOOD and SIXTH AVENUE

OFFICE OUTFITTERS
Commercial Stationers
Everything for an Office in One Store
Baker Office Furniture Co.
415-417 LIBERTY AVE.

AMUSEMENTS.

KENNYWOOD—THE MARVELOUS FLYING DUNBARS Steeplechase & Band Concerts
The Sir Musical Comedy Hit A WARM WATER with Edmund A Sare SOUTHERN

NATIONAL GUARD IS COMMENDED

Company M, Sixteenth Regiment, Carries Off Honors of State at Spring Inspection.

SOME MUST BE IMPROVED

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
HARRISBURG, PA., July 10.

Company M, Sixteenth regiment, carried off the honors of the spring inspection of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, the ratings of which have just been made public, with the remarkable general average of 99. Companies K, First regiment, and B, Fifth regiment, divide second honors with a mark of 98.50; Company D, Fourteenth regiment, ranks third with 98.37, and Company I, Second regiment, fourth with 98.20.

The Second Philadelphia City troop leads the cavalry with a general average of 98. The First Philadelphia City troop takes second place with 98.14. Troop A is given a mark of 95.71; Sheridan troop, 88.11. Governor's troop, 89.45.

Battery A made a general average of 94.22 and Battery C a mark of only 80. Division A of the state naval force is given a mark of 90 and Division B is marked 86.55.

In general orders giving the result of the inspection Gen. Pennypacker commends the officers and men for the devotion to duty evidenced. The governor says there is room for improvement and, in some instances, marked improvement must be made in organizations whose efficiency would not seem to warrant their continuance in the service.

Col. Frank O. Sweeney, inspector general, reports that the condition of Battery C is not satisfactory, and that if a better showing is not made at the inspection at the division encampment a recommendation for disbandment will be made. He discovered, too, that both divisions of the naval force passed fairly satisfactory inspections, but that this organization is seriously handicapped by the inaccessible location of its boat.

Col. John H. Guilfoyle, U. S. A. who was present at the inspection of the First Brigade, pays a high compliment to the organization. Col. Guilfoyle says: "Of the First regiment I can safely say that it is the best I have ever seen in the national guard."

Maj. Samuel W. Jefferis, inspector of the Second brigade, says that in general there is marked improvement in the brigade, although the manual is not up to the standard desired. This he attributes to the new rifle to the use of which the men have not yet become accustomed.

Maj. Jefferis says Companies M, Sixteenth regiment, and B, Fifth regiment, are hard to excel. "The other good commands of the brigade," he adds, "are D, Fifth regiment; I and A of the Tenth regiment; D, E and K of the Sixteenth regiment, and F and K of the Eighteenth regiment. The poor companies are E and C of the Fifth regiment, K of the Sixteenth regiment, and H, I and G of the Eighteenth regiment."

The ratings follow:

First Brigade—First regiment—Field and staff, 100; companies A, 94.12; B, 94.25; C, 90.37; D, 97.62; E, 97.50; F, 93.75; G, 91.87; H, 94.37; I, 96.50; K, 95.12; M, 99.50.

Second Regiment—Field and staff, 100; companies A, 91.12; B, 97.12; C, 91.37; D, 93.87; E, 91.25; F, 90.37; G, 93.87; H, 90.25; I, 97.50; K, 95.12; L, 92.75.

Third Regiment—Field and staff, 100; companies A, 92.37; B, 92; C, 90; D, 90.12; E, 93.12; F, 91.12; G, 93.87; H, 92; I, 90.62; K, 92.37; L, 92.37; M, 94.25.

Fourth Regiment—Field and staff, the books and papers of regiment headquarters were not in an up-to-date condition and no rating was given; companies A, 97; B, 93.37; C, 98.25; D, 97.87; E, 97.87; F, 93.87; G, 89.62; H, 75; I, 87.87; K, 94.37; L, 93; M, 91.62.

Second Brigade, Fifth Regiment—Field and staff, 100; companies A, 90.50; B, 98; C, 97; D, 97; E, 97.62; F, 94.87; G, 97.37; H, 94.87; I, 94.87; K, 85.50; L, 86.25; M, 90.

Sixteenth Regiment—Field and staff, 95.50; companies A, 94.75; B, 94.62; C, 90.50; D, 98.37; E, 94.12; F, 94.87; G, 94.87; H, 94.87; I, 94.87; K, 95.50; L, 93.12; M, 88.37.

Fourteenth Regiment—Field and staff, 95.66; companies A, 97; B, 97.87; D, 98.37; I, 95.12; K, 94.25; G, 94.87; H, 96.50; I, 94.37.

Third Brigade—Second Regiment—Field and staff, 96.33; companies A, 97.87; B, 98.37; C, 95.87; D, 94.50; E, 97.62; F, 94.87; G, 97.37; H, 94.87; I, 94.87; K, 85.50; L, 86.25; M, 90.

Fifteenth Regiment—Field and staff, 95.50; companies A, 94.87; B, 95.37; C, 95.87; D, 97.25; E, 94; F, 97.37; G, 86; H, 79.37; I, 94.37; K, 95.50; L, 93.12; M, 88.37.

Third Brigade, Fourth Regiment—Field and staff, 99.33; companies A, 95.25; B, 96.12; D, 96.62; E, 96.87; F, 95.87; G, 97; H, 95.37; I, 94.62; K, 96.50; L, 95.50; M, 96.50.

Twelfth Regiment—Field and staff, 99.33; companies A, 97.25; B, 92.87; C, 92.12; D, 92.62; E, 95.25; G, 93.87; H, 93.62; I, 96.12; K, 89.25.

Thirteenth Regiment—Field and staff, 99.33; companies A, 95.50; B, 87; C, 94.50; D, 94.87; E, 97.50; F, 90; G, 94.25; H, 84.75; I, 98; K, 94.12; L, 96.

Eighteenth Regiment—Field and staff, 99.33; companies A, 95.50; B, 96.25; C, 96.12; D, 97.25; E, 97; F, 96.87; G, 97.75; H, 96.37; I, 94.37; K, 95.50; L, 93.12; M, 88.37.

Third Brigade, Fifth Regiment—Field and staff, 99.33; companies A, 96.25; B, 96.25; C, 96.12; D, 96.62; E, 96.87; F, 95.87; G, 97; H, 95.37; I, 94.62; K, 96.50; L, 95.50; M, 96.50.

Twelfth Regiment—Field and staff, 99.33; companies A, 97.25; B, 92.87; C, 92.12; D, 92.62; E, 95.25; G, 93.87; H, 93.62; I, 96.12; K, 89.25.

Thirteenth Regiment—Field and staff, 99.33; companies A, 95.50; B, 87; C, 94.50; D, 94.87; E, 97.50; F, 90; G, 94.25; H, 84.75; I, 98; K, 94.12; L, 96.

MITCHELL'S VISIT SCARES THE BRITISH MINE OWNERS

They Think He Is in England to Discuss International Co-Operation With English Miners' Federation.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

LONDON, July 10.—Labor leaders here were somewhat astonished when they learned that John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, had arrived in England. They had no warning of his approaching visit, although they were aware that he was to attend the miners' international congress in August next at Paris. On his arrival Mr. Mitchell had no time to make any official pronouncement regarding the mining situation in the United States, as he was in a hurry to see, for the first time, his ancestors' home in Ireland.

The British Mine Owners' association view Mitchell's appearance in England with much alarm. They believe that he has come over here to discuss the question of international co-operation with the Miners' Federation of Great Britain, and there is nothing the owners dread more than such a compact. Mr. Mitchell will visit the leading centers of the mining industry of England and Scotland before he returns to the United States. The owners here believe, although they will not express the opinion publicly, that he will try to bring about co-operation between the United Mine Workers of America and the Miners' Federation of Great Britain.

So much alive in fact are proprietors in this country to the dangers of the situation that they are likely to send a delegation to the United States almost immediately to discuss the subject with the mine operators there.

President John Mitchell will in The Gazette next Sunday furnish its readers with information concerning the lives of London workingmen. He is in Europe investigating labor conditions and a series of letters from him on the result of his investigations will appear exclusively in The Gazette.

POLICE VISIT MANY HOUSES

Raids Made Upon Resorts Where Wet Goods Are Kept in Stock.

SOME HEAVY FINES IMPOSED

The police of both cities were busy Saturday night and yesterday raiding illegal resorts.

At the house of Mary Pulitto in the rear of 20 Tunnel street, 11 men were found. The former is alleged to have been selling beer in pint and quart bottles at 5 and 10 cents, and the purchaser could drink it there or carry it away.

John Maloy, white, and Lizzie Black, colored, were arrested at 683 Second avenue, where the police saw both had a stock of liquor for sale. They each rent a room in the building.

At the "plastered front" in Ferry street they arrested three women, Nellie Williams, Clara Watt and Laura Moore, all of whom rent suits in the place and are alleged to have had 258 bottles of beer in their several rooms. Three men found in the place were also arrested.

Frank Shaffer, who keeps a little store at 6 Grant street, was alleged to be selling liquor and several live men found in the rear were locked up.

Police raided the speakeasies of James Korski and Mrs. Yelia Furboits, 25 and 26 Irwin street, Hazelwood, yesterday afternoon. In Korski's place seven visitors were taken and in the latter house nine visitors were found.

At the Sunday morning hearings F. Korchinski was fined $50 and costs for keeping a gambling house in Mulberry alley, near Twenty-fifth street. Eight visitors were fined $5 and costs each.

Frank Skinlski of 2418 Forbes street was fined $25 for keeping a speakeasy, and 13 visitors were fined $1 each. Andy Smith of Brady street, charged with the same offense, was fined $10, and 12 visitors fined $1 each.

The alleged gambling house of George Rosenthal at 1345 Penn avenue was raided yesterday afternoon and the proprietor and 11 visitors arrested. A number of slot machines and gambling devices found in the house were confiscated.

Anna Clark of 414 East Lucock street, Allegheny, and Ethel Shue, James Brady, who lives in the house, $25; two girls $10 each, and three men visitors $5 each. Half a dozen men and women fighting in a house in East Diamond street, paid $5 and costs each. The alleged proprietor got away. Charles Parker, of 28 East Robinson street was fined $100, three girls $10 each, and six men $3 each. Peter Middleman, for fighting with two girls at 218 West Robinson street, was fined $10. Anna Cochran of 1274 Rebecca street was fined $100 for keeping a speakeasy.

MONUMENT UNVEILED.

Bust of Late Pastor Lorch Dedicated by Former Flock.

Amid impressive services marking the loyalty and reverence of his former flock, a bronze monument of the Rev. Gustave Lorch, late pastor of the German United Evangelical Protestant church, South Side, was unveiled yesterday afternoon over his grave, in Zimmerman's cemetery, Baldwin township.

The bronze memorial shows half the figure of Rev. Lorch, and is life size, stands upon a handsome pedestal. The monument was made in Munich, Germany, by a famous sculptor, at a cost of $2,000.

The Rev. G. H. Beehrig of the West Side delivered an address in German, while the Rev. S. A. Hunter of Sheraden spoke in English. An elaborate musical program was delivered, in which German singing societies participated, and Miss Lillian Sommerlcork of the South Side was the soloist.

Gen. Huertas Off for Europe.

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, July 10.—Gen. Huertas, commander-in-chief of the troops of the republic of Panama, with his staff, arrived here today on the steamer La Plata. Gen. Huertas is going to Europe on a tour of observation. He will visit the military systems of Great Britain, France and Germany, and will remain abroad for 12 months. The Panama government voted $50,000 for the purpose.

"Royal Muskoka"

"The Royal Muskoka" hotel is the largest and most magnificent summer hotel in Canada. Location unsurpassed in the center of the famous Muskoka lake district. Highlands of Ontario 1,000 feet above sea level), about six hours' journey north of Toronto.

The grounds include an area of 130 acres, containing pine and hemlock groves and many beautiful walks and points commanding lovely views. There are tennis, golfing, bowling, fishing, bathing, croquet, bowling green and many enjoyable water trips. First-class in every respect. Excellent transportation service.

Descriptive literature and information how to reach the "Royal Muskoka" on application to W. J. Robertson, passenger agent, Grand Trunk railway, 506 Park building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

"House Boating" at the Thousand Islands, Tuesday, Clayton, Pittsburgh to Clayton.

Housebeating at the Thousand Islands, although one of the greatest delights of that charming region, is in its infancy, and now that Pittsburgh has a through car to the Thousand Islands via the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, Lake Shore and New York Central, hundreds of Pittsburgh citizens will hereafter spend a part of their summer at this delightful, cool and charming section of the St. Lawrence river.

Train leaves Lake Erie station at 11:30 p. m., city time, Tuesdays and Fridays, due Clayton 4:35 p. m., no change of cars. See agents for excursion rates.

Greatly Reduced Rates to the World's Fair, Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Tickets on sale every day as follows:
Fifteen-day limit.....$15 00
Sixty-day limit.....18 00
Season limit.....22 00
Special $12.00 tickets—good in coaches only—will be sold on dates to be announced later. Through trains leave Pittsburgh 8:30 a. m., 1:00 p. m. and 8:50 p. m. daily. Tickets may be secured in advance at city ticket office, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.

Go to Niagara Falls Saturday, July 16.
$5.00 Round Trip $5.00.

Via Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh railway. Tickets good five days. Trains will leave Allegheny depot, and Ninth street bridge 9 a. m. and 10 p. m., city time. Get your tickets and Pullman reservations in advance at ticket office, 644 Smithfield street, or Pittsburgh & Western depot.

WHEAT FIELDS ARE PROMISING

Presage Another Year of Prosperity—May Surpass 1903 by 10,000,000 Bushels.

TOO SOON TO FORECAST CORN

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHICAGO, July 10.—With a probable yield of 635,000,000 bushels—more rather than less—the winter fields of the nation give bond for another year of prosperity. The harvest will be only 2,000,000 bushels short of the yield a year ago. If the sun comes back this week and shines on the wet stocks of Kansas it will not be a bad guess that the crop of 1904 will surpass its predecessor by 10,000,000 bushels.

The indicated yield this year is 634,679,000 bushels, against 637,821,835 produced last season, against 670,063,008 bushels in 1902, and against 748,160,218 bushels in 1901, when all records were broken. There is a falling off of 35,000,000 bushels of winter wheat, as compared with the harvest a year ago, and an increase of 35,000,000 bushels of spring wheat. The principal winter wheat growing states show an estimated yield of 362,679,000 bushels, against 355,177,000 bushels a year ago, and the leading spring wheat states indicate a production of 271,000,000 bushels, against 274,000 bushels.

The showing this year compared with last year is much more flattering than the bare figures above indicate. This year, according to the government report, the area of winter wheat that will be harvested is 5,000,000 acres less than that in 1903. For this decreased acreage there is a falling off of less than 40,000,000 bushels. The conclusion to be deducted from the figures is that the results per acre this year are much better than in 1903. Moreover, it must not be inferred that these 5,000,000 acres of ground have gone to waste. Practically all of this area has been given up to other crops, which must be figured into any comparison of the two years when it comes to making up the farmers' ledger. It is too early to forecast the probable outcome of the corn crop. Kansas, Nebraska and other states are complaining that wet weather has prevented cultivation and hindered growth, but there is ample chance before next September to rectify this.

PASTOR HAS RESIGNED.

The Rev. J. P. Calhoun Will at Once Assume New Evangelical Duties in the East.

The Rev. Joseph P. Calhoun of the Homewood Avenue Presbyterian church at the service yesterday morning resigned his pastorate to accept the field secretaryship of the general assembly evangelical committee, of which the Rev. Dr. J. H. Converse of Philadelphia is chairman. The resignation will not take effect until September 18, which will be the next meeting day of the Pittsburgh presbytery. In the meantime he will obtain a supply and take up his new duties at once.

Next week he expects to go east and begin his duties, which will be evangelical organizing work in the suburbs of cities. Beginning in New York state, he visits New England, across the country to the Pacific slope. The work will be similar to the campaign in which he took part in this city last spring. The Rev. Mr. Calhoun has been pastor of the Homewood Avenue church for almost nine years, and in that time 985 members have joined the congregation, which is now a little over 900. Last spring alone 100 new members were secured.

ORGANIZING SLOVAK CHURCH.

Pittsburgh Baptist Association Will Open First in America.

The first Slovak Baptist chapel in America is about to be established by the Pittsburgh Baptist association in Creighton, Pa. As the result of association mission work by three missionaries among the Slav population of the district, 50 baptized believers have been gathered in the five Slavonic missions, and the association thinks the time ripe to establish the nucleus of a church.

A thoroughly equipped chapel in Creighton will be bought shortly for $1,500. The chapel stands in the midst of a Slavonic community. Upwards of $1,000 has been subscribed for the building and the association has applied for aid to its various congregations to have the balance by August 1.

Telephone Wire Causes Burns.

William Mann of Hawkins station became entangled in a live wire close to his home yesterday afternoon, receiving severe burns about both hands and feet. The accident was through a telephone wire giving way and crossing an electric feed wire.

SHRINERS WILL VISIT THE SHORE

Begin to Arrive at Atlantic City for the Annual Conclave.

JEWISH CHAUTAUQUA MEETS

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Young's Ocean Pier.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 10.

The boardwalk today was filled with the usual Sunday crowd, and the bathers were in their element, the surf having very nearly the proper temperature for delightful bathing. The probabilities are that all the hotels will be filled during the coming week, the Shriners being due. Syria temple of Cincinnati, with a band of 35 pieces, arrived this evening and from now on the different temples throughout the United States will arrive for the annual conclave.

The Jewish Chautauqua held a session today in the convention hall of the Royal Palace hotel.

A. H. Weaver, Addison MacKay and Samuel Fleming are guests at the Fredonia.

Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Davison are at Green's hotel.

Miss Mary Hays is a guest at Hamilton hall.

E. T. Joyce is a guest at the Marlborough house.

Late arrivals at the Osborne include Mrs. James Pugh, Mrs. L. Kelly, Gordon Pugh, J. B. Lewis, Louis Mellenhoff and Harry Mellenhoff.

S. Mayer is a guest at the Roanoke.

Miss Mayme Lothrop is spending a short time at the Rudolf.

Mrs. H. A. Sidler and Lawrence Sidler are staying at the Shelburne.

E. C. Wignell is staying at the Shoreham.

David A. Ross is spending a fortnight at the Bingham hotel.

Addison Grant is a late arrival at the Braddock.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Krebs are sojourning at the Clarendon.

O. A. Williams and Benjamin Williams are late arrivals at the Elwood.

B. J. Moorhead and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Oliver are spending some time at the Albemarle.

William Hyler is staying at the Kentucky.

Walter J. Oberndorf is a late arrival at the Lorraine.

Frank E. Schlinn is spending a few days at the Strand.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Orrington were over Sunday guests at Malatesta's.

Mrs. J. L. Chapman and L. Ansford Chapman are at the Tred Avon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Hoffman and son and W. S. Fleming are at the Dunlop.

A. C. Brown and H. Deardorff are staying at Green's hotel.

Francis Seibelling is a late arrival at Young's.

Gross F. Richards is at the Iroquois for a brief stay.

W. C. LITTLE.

PERSONALS

The first of delegates and spectators from the Democratic national convention at St. Louis arrived in Pittsburgh last night over the Pennsylvania lines. A special car attached to a regular train contained 28 prominent Democrats from the western part of the state, of whom a party of 10 from Erie left the train at Pittsburgh to remain here over night. This party was headed by the Hon. Frank D. Schultz, and the other members were William H. Kneib, John A. Reynolds, M. A. Kurz, August Chulize, M. A. Meisner, August Whitman, W. J. Flinn, J. T. Brew and Louis Strueber. Schultze is a member of the lower house of the state legislature. "We were very much pleased with the work of the St. Louis convention and believe that Parker and Davis have a ticket that could have been picked by the party as its candidate for the presidency," said he. "This is the feeling generally among all the delegates and prominent Democrats whom I met in St. Louis and the opinion of the delegates of the Pennsylvania delegation. We do not, however, claim that Parker will be elected, but we did the best we could under the circumstances. It is the opinion of the Pennsylvania Democrats that Parker's telegram, although at the eleventh hour, helped the party and will make the ticket stronger. It may cost some silver votes in the west, but will add more votes in the east than we will lose in the west." The other members of the party agreed with Schulze and none of them spoke very confidently of Parker and Davis winning.

Several special trains carrying delegates from the St. Louis convention will pass through Pittsburgh this morning. Four trains carrying the Tammany delegation will go through on the Baltimore & Ohio and a special with the Pittsburgh delegation was scheduled last night to arrive this morning on the Pennsylvania at 8:30. The Pittsburgh party was at the station in St. Louis Saturday evening ready to leave for home when it got word that another candidate for president might have to be nominated, and they returned to the convention hall.

Seven special trains were scheduled to pass through Pittsburgh last night and early this morning. There were three special trains from Chicago, three from St. Louis and one from Columbus, Toledo and Cleveland. The last named special arrived early in the evening and contained agents of the Prudential Life Insurance Company on the way to attend the annual convention in New York. The Pittsburgh contingent, consisting of seven Tammany seers, left at 10 o'clock last night with 175 passengers on board. Seven special trains, carrying 1,160 insurance men from Chicago, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Louisville, Cincinnati and Pittsburgh and points in the west as Denver passed over the Pennsylvania.

Lieut. Harry S. Grier of the United States army, who has been stationed at Fort Mcintyre, Neb., where he was recently married, has arrived in Allegheny on a furlough, bringing his wife with him. He is visiting his father at 1060 Pandora avenue. Lieut. Grier's regiment, as was ordered to the Philippines, but this has been countermanded. Lieut. Grier was graduated from the Allegheny High school in 1896 and appointed to West Point, from which he was graduated in 1900.

Attorney John P. Hunter went to New York last night.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

Residents of nearby towns at the local hotels last night were:

Seventh Avenue—J. B. Curry, Falls Creek; George W. McWilliams, Altoona; A. M. McCain, Ridgway; J. D. Dills, Latrobe; W. A. Hindman, Clarion.

Hindman, Clarion.

Colonial—J. W. Perrill, Wheeling, W. Va.; J. C. West, Parkersburg, W. Va.; Charles A. Arthurs, Sharon.

Lincoln—T. H. Markham, Bradford; J. S. Parker, Erie; R. P. Peck, Somerset.

Griswold—Joseph H. Clark, Steubenville, O.; Harry Butler, Reynoldsville.

Monongahela—W. H. Ernest, Marietta, O.; H. J. Williams, Altoona; Joseph R. Sisner, Greensburg; W. B. Osbourne, Clarksburg, W. Va.

Embry—H. C. Good, Marietta, O.; C. T. Cunningham, Clarksburg, W. Va.

Newell's—J. C. Robinson, Brookville.

WELCOME, MR. DOOLEY!

The renaissance of Mr. Dooley, in the editorial section of The Sunday Gazette yesterday, is an event upon which the readers of the paper are to be congratulated.

Since it became known that Mr. Dunne had decided to bring out a new series of Dooley articles, he has received scores of telegrams and letters from all parts of the world, asking for publication rights. One long letter from Australia, begging him to take up Dooley again, contained an offer for anything he should write at a higher rate than the publishers there had paid for anything they ever published.

Mr. Dooley's articles, though a distinctly American article, have been translated into French, German and Russian, and their publication is said to have aroused unusual interest. Imagine Dooley in Russian. What curious turns of the language there must have been if any of the unique humor and philosophy in the talks were preserved. Yet there is a human interest quality about the old man that should attract everywhere.

In England Dooley became almost as famous as in his home land. The Spectator, one of the most conservative of British weeklies, took great delight in printing some of Dooley. Indeed, it is doubtful if any other feature for publication in any form has become as widely read as Dooley.

The great demands of the times have brought the famous old philosopher and humorist out of a silence of two years, and for the next year he has agreed to give his views of public men and affairs for the benefit of the readers of The Sunday Gazette. Everyone wants to read what Dooley has to say. His talks are better than stories, fuller of meat than most editorial pages, more entertaining than a favorite play, and funnier than the best comic sections.

News of the Nearby Towns and Country

WALKED OUT OF BANK AS THOUGH UNHURT

Fred S. Carpenter Did Not at First Realize That Bullet Passed Through Body.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW CASTLE, PA., July 10.—Fred S. Carpenter, who was accidentally shot yesterday afternoon at the New Castle Savings and Trust Company's bank by Treasurer James S. Taylor of that institution, has a chance for life. The bullet, a 38 calibre "dumdum" ball of nickel, with a soft point, passed through five plies of rain coat Carpenter carried upon his arm and then went entirely through his body.

The pelvis bone suffered a compound fracture, but no vital organ was touched. He suffers terrible agony, but retains consciousness. Treasurer Taylor, in whose hands the weapon was when discharged, is prostrated with grief over the accident. Carpenter had been examining the revolver and had just handed it back when it was discharged.

The injured man did not at first realize that he was wounded and walked from the bank as if unhurt. On the street he staggered and would have fallen had he not been caught.

MARRIAGE CELEBRATED AT MOTHER'S BEDSIDE

Miss Julia Best of Pittsburgh Becomes Bride of Paul Kendall of East Waynesburg.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WAYNESBURG, PA., July 10.—The marriage of Mr. Paul Kendall of East Waynesburg and Miss Julia Best of Pittsburg was solemnized this evening at the bedside of the groom's mother, who is seriously ill.

The wedding was to have taken place in Pittsburgh, but at the request of Mrs. Kendall it was performed here. Only a few friends were present. The Rev. Dr. J. E. Darby, pastor of the Baptist church, officiated.

Mr. Kendall is secretary and manager for Timothy Ross, a well known oil and gas operator here.

NEW CHRISTIAN CHURCH CORNER STONE IS LAID

NEW CASTLE, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—The corner stone of the new $25,000 church to be erected by the Central Christian church of East Long avenue was laid this afternoon. This, preceded the pastor, the Rev. Walter D. Trumbull, delivered a special sermon, and the stone was laid in place at 4 o'clock by the Rev. Dr. Joseph D. Garvin, pastor of the First Christian church of Youngstown. Addresses were made by the Rev. L. L. Fisher of the Park Christian church, the Rev. W. M. Stafford of the Seventh Ward Christian church and the pastor, the Rev. W. D. Trumbull.

HATFIELD PROMISES TO LEAVE NATIVE STATE

FRANKFORT, KY., July 10.—(Special.)—Under promise never to again set foot in the state of Kentucky, Johnson Hatfield, one of the survivors of the Hatfield-McCoy feud, has been pardoned from the Kentucky penitentiary, where he was serving a life sentence for murder. Hatfield has been in failing health since his commitment, four years ago, and it is feared he will die. The McCoys, who claim the Hatfields attempted to exterminate them, requested Acting Governor Thorne to pardon Hatfield.

Conference to Settle Strike.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 10.—(Special.)—A conference between the journeymen and master plumbers will likely be arranged for this week and a settlement of the strike which has been on since May 1 effected. The master plumbers want the scale to expire February 1 and the journeymen are standing for May 1. An endeavor will be made to fix the date between the two. Not a plumber in the city, outside of the masters, is working.

CONVENTION NEWS ALL IN SUNDAY GAZETTE

Besides the Last Turbulent Hours in St. Louis, Rest of the World Was Covered.

Late on Saturday evening nobody could predict what might happen in the Democratic national convention at St. Louis. For hours everything was at odds and ends, but those who read The Sunday Gazette yesterday morning found everything smoothed out finally in the early morning and that the newspaper printed everything that had happened during the day and night, so that at a glance one might catch the important events of the session. The Gazette also noted the convention that he is for the gold standard, and suggested another nomination if his attitude was not satisfactory. This threw the convention into a turmoil. After debate, the convention adopted a motion, made by Congressman J. Sharp Williams, to send a message to Judge Parker, saying the convention knew his attitude when nominating him for president. The convention nominated Henry C. Davis of West Virginia for vice president, by acclamation.

W. J. Bryan announced that his opposition to a gold plank would consist of merely voting against it. Opposition prevented the nomination of Judson Harmon for vice president. Judge Parker was nominated for president on the first ballot. Hearst received the most enthusiasm and Parker the most votes. Judge Parker, when notified of his nomination, refused to be interviewed.

The Russian fleet appeared off Wonson and the reception of Admiral Alexieff was noted from St. Petersburg. The city administration discovered from councilmen that there is strong opposition in many wards to the bond issues to be voted on tomorrow. Smart Set decided one city deficiency into giving up $2,000 and captured by another in the act. Gov. Pennypacker decided that hereafter the state shall be represented at views for county bridges to be built. Details were given of the trade extension excursion which will penetrate West Virginia. Peculiar will was filed in Allegheny county.

Tinner was electrocuted on an Allegheny housetop. Johnstown is preparing to welcome former residents. Heiress to millions killed herself in New York. Former Postmaster Field of Philadelphia shot himself in a public park. Woman passenger endangered by shot during a plant duel on the South Side.

Dr. Holland of the Carnegie Museum threatens to sue the Pennsylvania game commission for libel in the Mrd case. Description of the Salvation Army's proposed Americans. Mystic Shriners are to visit Atlantic City in force this week and details of the preparations were given. There will be some real politics in Wheeling this week during the meeting of the state Republican convention, a forecast of which was presented.

Clerical error of $125,000 in a distribution case had to be corrected in the local courts. E. L. Mills refused to recognize as his wife the woman who had sued him for desertion. Six Italian brothers were arrested for alleged complicity in a shooting in Glenwood.

Pittsburgh whipped Boston by 6 to 0. Capt. S. S. Brown's horse, Broomstick, won the $25,000 Brighton handicap, beating Irish Lad in the last stride. The Boston Americans made it three straight from the Highlanders and increased their lead for the pennant. Amateur sports were covered in detail, and besides there were the usual departments of finance, real estate, society and women's clubs, with pages of special features from all parts of the world which made interesting reading.

ARE YOU FAGGED?
USE
BEECHAM'S PILLS
Sold everywhere in boxes, 10c and 25c.

BODY FOUND ON TRACKS; MAY HAVE BEEN MURDERED

No Money Found in Pockets of New Castle Man, and Coroner Will Investigate.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW CASTLE, PA., July 10.—The mangled body of Andrew Sanford of Fulton street, an employe of the Greer tin mill here, was found at midnight on the Baltimore & Ohio tracks in the rear of the Hotel Gaston.

It is not known whether his death resulted from accident or foul play, and Coroner E. J. Cortet will conduct a rigid investigation. His pockets contained nothing but a penknife, two handkerchiefs and a piece of tobacco. When he left home before dark he carried considerable money.

Sanford was 47 years of age and was born in Crawford county, but resided here for 20 years. He was a member of the Odd Fellows and of the Jr. O. U. A. M. He is survived by his widow and four children—Mrs. Josephine Root, Bert and the Misses May and Sarah, who live at home.

BRINGS GOOD WORDS FOR JAPANESE ARMY

IRWIN, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—The Rev. Stephen Ness, sent as a missionary to Japan by the Reformed Church of America, is visiting relatives here. He says Japan is afire with enthusiasm. There is no trouble in getting men to serve in the army. The Japanese go to war in fine physical condition, are intelligent, splendidly disciplined, and ready to fight to the death for their country.

Ready for Flint Glass Meeting.

MARIETTA, O., July 10.—(Special.)—All national officers of the American Flint Glass Workers have arrived for the convention. The first session will be held Monday morning at 9 o'clock. A big industrial street parade will be held in the evening. Committees, delegates, interpreters, city officials and merchants will participate. The parade will be followed by an address of welcome in the city park by Mayor O. P. Hyde.

Latrobe to Have New Church.

LATROBE, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—With impressive ceremony the corner stone of the United Brethren church was laid this afternoon. The pastor, the Rev. B. F. Wrigale, presided, S. W. Kelster of Mt. Pleasant, presiding elder, delivered the opening address. The program included music by special boys and addresses by the Rev. Mr. Hulm of Oakville; the Rev. Mr. Spiggle of Youngstown and other prominent clergymen.

Will Vote on Bond Ordinance.

BUTLER, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—The town council of Slippery Rock has passed ordinances to submit to the voters of the borough, at a special election on August 20, the questions of constructing and installing a water supply system, and of bonding the borough up to the 7 per cent limit to raise funds for the improvement.

Chicken Thieves Are Active

UNIONTOWN, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—Notwithstanding the recent conviction in court of three men for chicken stealing, the petty thieving has been resumed. George Reader lost 30 chickens in North Union township and Samuel Wood's coop was also raided. The thieves are believed to be tramps.

Weather Affects Crops.

CONNELLSVILLE, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—Unusual weather conditions have affected the fruit and grain crops of Somerset, Westmoreland and Fayette counties. Wheat is particularly backward. Oats are headed in July, fully two weeks ahead of former years, and the crop is expected to be unusually large.

Prof. Condron to Be Married.

INDIANA, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Nora Lockard of this place and Prof. Harry Condron, principal of the Blairsville public school. The wedding will take place in August.

Beaten During Quarrel.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., July 10.—In a quarrel among Roumanian mill workers Perel Balla, an industrious man of 73, was so beaten with clubs that he cannot recover. The injured man is in the East Liverpool hospital.

Boy Drowned in Allegheny River.

NATRONA, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—John Horning, aged 12, son of Thomas Horning, a clothing merchant, was drowned in the Allegheny river this evening while bathing. His body was recovered a few minutes later.

Body Found in River.

TIONESTA, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—The body of George Evans, who recently disappeared from Warren, was taken from the river here this morning. The body had evidently been in the water about a week.

Three Years Old, Weighs but 14 Pounds.

BELLEFONTAINE, O., July 10.—(Special.)—The 3-year-old child of Otwey Cook of Lunda weighs but 14 pounds.

STATE AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

NEW CASTLE.—The corner stone of the handsome $50,000 Masonic temple, now being erected here, will be laid July 21.

CADIZ, O.—Samuel Hukky, who has been died at his home near Cadiz, had read his Bible through 28 times, and had begun on the thirtieth.

FRANKLIN, PA.—Eugene Grim of Franklin has resigned as color sergeant on the staff of Brig. Gen. John A. Wiley and Herbert E. Purchfield of Altoona has been appointed to succeed him.

NEW CASTLE.—Officer Fry captured Harry Claybourn, a 12-year-old boy, who had run away from St. Paul's orphan asylum. He will be taken to Morgantz tomorrow.

SHARON.—Ten of the 20 hot mills at South Sharon will resume operations Monday after a brief idleness. Several hundred men are affected. The wire nail mill has closed for repairs.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY WITH FAMILY AT HOME

Mr. and Mrs. Henninger Gather Descendants Together for Happy Reunion.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

BUTLER, PA., July 10.—Ex-County Auditor and Mrs. Frederick Henninger yesterday celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage by a family reunion and gathering of friends at their home in Penn township, south of Butler. All their children, together with the families of those married, were present.

Mr. Henninger and his wife, who was Mary Raith, left their home in Welzweil, Baden, Germany, in 1854, with their parents. In 1854 they were married by the Rev. F. M. Isethless in Allegheny. Since 1860 they have lived on their farm near this place.

Their children are George J. Henninger of Butler street, Pittsburgh; Jacob A., of the Thomas W. Phillips Oil Company; Phillip of New York; John R., district attorney of Butler county; Dr. Charles H., assistant superintendent of the State Home at Polk; Mrs. Kate Neuschwander of Pittsburgh; Mrs. Mary Dyer and Mrs. Rosie Dyer of Tarentum and Miss Barbara, at home.

ONLY ONE TEACHER FAILS TO GO THROUGH

CONNELLSVILLE, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—Sixteen teachers out of a class of 17 successfully passed the examinations for state permanent certificates held here. Following is the list: Linda Blaney, New Haven; Nellie M. Wilson, Fayette City; C. P. Dille, New Geneva; Lulu Shaw and Beulah Gilmore, Connellsville; Ida Kane, Everson; Nella Teets, Glade Farm; W. Va.; Lulu Carroll, Huntingdon; Jennie Fearty, Dawson; John B. Barger, Farmington; Margaret Sprouls, Ohio Pyle; Estelle V. Dills, New Geneva; J. C. Baker, Layton; S. H. Hastings, Fairchance; W. H. Johns, Dunbar; George B. Marshall, Broad Ford.

GREAT PEATE TELESCOPE IS NOW TO BE MOUNTED

GREENVILLE, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—Word has been received by the family of the late Dr. John Peate that the great reflecting telescope lens made by him will be mounted. An observatory with all modern appliances will be built for it at the American university, Washington. The mounting of the lens and the building of the observatory will cost $10,000. The glass is 20 inches in diameter, 3½ inches in thickness and weighs 1,500 pounds. It was completed in 1878, after two years of hard work, on Dr. Peate's seventy-eighth birthday.

DID NOT KEEP PROMISE; WILL NOW BE SENTENCED

UNIONTOWN, PA., July 10.—(Special.)—James Darby, formerly a Uniontown barber, is under arrest at Columbus and will be brought back to Uniontown and sentenced for complicity in the assault and robbery of a deaf mute at Connellsville township two months ago. Sentence was suspended on a promise of good behavior, but the officers here say Darby has not kept his promise.

CHAUTAUQUA

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., July 10.—(Special.)—The weather on the second Sunday in the season was all that could be desired, and after yesterday's steady downpour of rain was especially welcome. At 8 o'clock Bible study on Paul's first mission journey was given by Dr. Lincoln Hulley in the amphitheater

EXPORTS OF LOCAL PLANTS INCREASE

More Wire, Nails and Pipe Sent Abroad in June Than for Months.

IMPORTS TO PITTSBURGH LESS

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU.
Herald Building, Herald Square.
NEW YORK, July 10.

The American Steel and Wire Company and the National Tube Company, branches of the United States Steel Corporation, made exports from their plants in Pittsburgh and vicinity of upwards of 10,000 tons of wire, wire nails and pipe last month. Shipments in May aggregated barely 8,000 tons. The average monthly shipment abroad for the past six months represented a shade over 6,000 tons.

The exports of wire in June amounted to 3,832 tons. The chief consignments went to South America, Australia and Europe. Two hundred and eighty tons went to the Argentine republic in 11 shipments. Brazil was shipped 178 tons, while the balance of the South American total went to Chile. Eight hundred and forty-one tons were forwarded to Australia in four lots. To Europe 796 tons were exported, 750 tons of which were shipped to ports in the United Kingdom, Liverpool taking 534 tons, while the balance was sent equally distributed between London, Belfast, Manchester, Hull and Glasgow. The exports to the continent went to Swenborg, Christiania and Norway. To South Africa 239 tons were shipped in four lots. One lot took 208 tons, five tons went to Mexico in four shipments. China, Japan and the Philippines were also sent small shipments.

Much to England and Australia.

One thousand four hundred and sixty-five tons of wire nails were consigned abroad last month. Great Britain and Australia were the largest purchasers. Four hundred and sixty-six tons went to British ports, Liverpool taking the bulk, 213 tons, while Glasgow, London, Manchester and Bristol took the balance between them. Two hundred and fourteen tons went to Chinese and Japanese ports. Australia was sent 300 tons in three lots. Chile was forwarded one lot of 128 tons. Constantinople was sent 142 tons in one shipment. Other exports of wire nails went last month to Mexico, Malta and South Africa.

Exports of pipe in June amounted to 4,621 tons, as against 2,850 tons for the previous month. Europe was forwarded 3,691 tons, 2,385 tons of which went to the continent. Antwerp headed the list, that Belgian port taking 1,483 tons in three lots. Rotterdam was next, the Dutch port having been shipped one lot of 630 tons. Genoa was exported one lot of 204 tons. Stockholm was sent 398 tons in two shipments. Malmoe, Christiania, Copenhagen and Gothenberg were forwarded smaller lots. Seven hundred and sixty-six tons went to Mexico next, the entire having been forwarded 536 tons in four lots, London 190 tons in three lots and Glasgow the balance. Three hundred and ninety-two tons in five lots went to China and Japan. South Africa was sent 412 tons in three lots, while Chile, Mexico, Australia and Cuba were shipped parcels of under 100 tons each.

Decrease in Imports.

The imports of foreign pig iron, scrap iron, old iron rails, structural iron, steel billets, old shoes, steel wire rods, scrap steel, etc., which during some months within the past two years have aggregated close on to 100,000 tons, fell to 5,367 tons last month. The pig iron imported in June was 2,208 tons, most of which came from Liverpool. Pittsburgh bought practically all this on old time contracts. The steel mills in Pittsburgh and vicinity will also consume the bulk of the other iron and steel material enumerated. The imports of scrap iron, old iron rails, structural material, steel billets, steel blooms, steel wire rods, scrap steel, made up a total of 2,198 tons.

The iron, chrome and manganese ores imported last month represented in all 20,545 tons. The monthly imports of this material has frequently exceeded 150,000 tons within the last three years. In June, 18,200 tons of iron ore came in from Cuba. One lot of 220 tons of chrome was sent here from Liverpool. Eight thousand and twenty-five tons of manganese were imported, 7,600 tons coming from Rio Janeiro, 300 from Nikolaieff and 125 tons from Batoum. Eight thousand five hundred and six tons of iron pyrites were imported, 5,011 tons having been brought in from Tiller's island and 2,595 tons from Huelva, Spain.

From Pittsburgh
To St. Louis World's Fair.

Solid trains through. Superior equipment and service. Shortest route and quickest time. Pennsylvania-Vandalia first-class line. Fifteen-day round trip tickets $14.50. Seven-day coach excursion tickets on advertised days of 1904. Ask about "Pennsylvania" Look at the map. The world's fair in full blast. Everybody is going. Take the Pennsylvania short line—the "old reliable" Panhandle route.

Next Southern Excursion Saturday, July 16, via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.
$10 round trip; tickets good 10 days. Trains leave Pittsburg 8.00 a. m., 6:30 and 9:00 p. m.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children,
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

WANTED.

Male and Female Help.

WANTED—Everybody to come to the reunion of the A. O. U. W. at Olympia park, August 4, 1904.

Situations—Male.

SITUATION by young man as office assistant, or clerical employment; best of references as to character and ability; steady, reliable and industrious. Address T 166, The Gazette.

SITUATION to take care of a farm desired by young man; has experience. Address A 149, The Gazette.

AD WRITER, Page-Davis student, desires position as assistant. Ad Writer, Box 278, New Castle, Pa.

WORK of any kind by a good, honest young colored man with references. Address D 174, The Gazette.

YOUNG man desires to learn the banking business. Address S 149, The Gazette.

SIDE LINE or good line, southern territory; experienced. Address C 149, The Gazette.

Situations—Female.

WANTED by a middle-aged German lady, housekeeping in private family or upstair work and sewing, or work in hospital or institution; country or city. Write or call at 1209 Madison ave., Allegheny.

GIRL desires position as chambermaid in rooming house. Write R 174, The Gazette.

SITUATION by two German girls, a small family. 18 Ninth st.

Pupils.

ONE students of today becomes the engineers of business enterprise tomorrow. Facilities for securing positions unsurpassed. Send for catalogue. RENO SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 423 Wood st.

FRENCH conversation. PREPARATION for college. Summer rates.
BERLITZ SCHOOL,
Nixon Building.

Business Opportunities.

PARTIES desiring sheet metal stamping, drawing deep shells or shapes, and novelty work done in sheet steel, tin, brass, copper and aluminum, metal spinning, also special machines for manufacturing of metal screw tops. We would be pleased to figure on your business. We make sheet metal dies of all kinds, refinishing and finishing. Estimates cheerfully given. The Foreman Can Co., Irwin, Pa. Bell 'phone 50.

Miscellaneous.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

City and Suburban.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE ROOM RENTING BUREAU, BELL 'PHONE 1650 GRANT; P. & A. 'PHONE 1054 MAIN, WILL FURNISH FULL INFORMATION CONCERNING ANY OF THE ROOMS IN THESE COLUMNS.

BLAIR ST., 3012, Hazelwood—Two rooms, unfurnished, and back porch; all conveniences.

BOYD ST., COR. FORBES—Neatly furnished front rooms, all modern conveniences; private family.

BIDDLE AVE., 218, Wilkinsburg—Furnished rooms for gentlemen; everything first-class; good location.

CLIFF ST., 1514—Well furnished second-floor room; convenient location; good view.

DINWIDDIE ST., 208—Furnished front rooms, with board; good location; all conveniences.

ENTRANCE ON NEW GRANT ST., 732½—Furnished rooms $1.25 per week up.

FIFTH AVE., 1030—Furnished rooms to let; all conveniences.

BELLEFIELD AVE., 252—Neatly furnished room, with modern conveniences; desirable summer location.

FEDERAL ST., 7, NEAR WYLIE—Two large front rooms; very nicely furnished; conveniences.

FEDERAL ST., 25, Pittsburgh—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; use of bath.

FIFTH AVE., 2021—Neatly furnished rooms for light housekeeping; every convenience.

FIFTH AVE., 1059—Three nicely furnished second-story front rooms, $9.00; all conveniences.

FIFTH AVE., 2708, near Robinson—Large front room, furnished; reasonable.

FIFTH AVE., 1917—Large furnished parlor bedroom; suitable for light housekeeping.

FIFTH AVE., 2032—Large front room; furnished; electric light and all conveniences; breakfast if desired. Mrs. Fyke, Monroeville Apartments.

FIFTH AVE., 1854—One, two or three furnished rooms, single or en suite.

FOR RENT—With or without board, large, airy, sunny room, suitable for two; also single room; private, refined family; all conveniences, 'phone, etc.; near car lines; large house, porch, lawn, shady trees. Address D 172, The Gazette.

FORBES ST., 5441—Finely furnished rooms; beautiful location; large grounds; lawn; all conveniences; bell 'phone 813 Schenley.

FIFTH AVE., 2014—Two furnished rooms, all conveniences; private family.

FIFTH AVE., 1425—Large front room, nicely furnished; reasonable.

FOR RENT—Furnished room in private family, every possible convenience, in Knoxville; $10 monthly; reference. Address R 171, The Gazette.

FRANKLIN AVE., 144, Wilkinsburg—Two large, nicely furnished rooms, one front; every convenience.

FRANKLIN AVE., 805, WILKINSBURG—Two nicely furnished front rooms; every convenience; reasonable.

FRANKLIN AVE., 822, WILKINSBURG—Large, nicely furnished front room, gas, bath; desirable location.

FURNISHED room, with private family, with or without sitting room. Address W 168, The Gazette.

GRANT ST., 545—Extra large neatly furnished front room, suitable for two gentlemen; reasonable.

HIGHLAND AVE., S., 835—Nicely furnished front room; all conveniences.

JUCUNDA ST., 208, Knoxville—Nicely furnished front rooms, all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

JEANNETTE ST., 532, Wilkinsburg—Nicely furnished room, all conveniences.

KELLEY AVE., 301, Wilkinsburg—Large second floor front rooms, new house; gentlemen only.

LOCUST ST., 813, CITY—Nicely furnished room; second floor; all conveniences; private family.

MARION ST., 42—Furnished rooms; good location; second-story front; 10 minutes' walk to court house.

MARION ST., 1312, City—Furnished rooms for $2.50 week.

MEYRAN AVE., 258—Nicely furnished second floor front room; young couple preferred.

MONONGAHELA ST., 4815, Hazelwood—Nicely furnished rooms, all modern conveniences, private family.

NATCHEZ ST., S, Mt. Washington—Nicely furnished front room; breakfast if desired; all modern conveniences; private family.

NORTH AVE., 1007, Wilkinsburg—Furnished room in good location.

OCCUPANTS for large, pleasant room with south light and detached; excellent table; large lawn and porches. The Meyran, Meyran and Forbes st.

OAKLAND SQUARE, SO., 53—Three beautiful front rooms; every convenience; splendid location; 15 minutes from city. F. & A. 'phone 852 E.

PENN AVE., 3221—Two large very nicely furnished rooms; rent reasonable; all conveniences.

REBECCA AVE., 308, Wilkinsburg—Large front room, every convenience; gentlemen preferred; terms reasonable.

REBECCA AVE., 423, Wilkinsburg—Large, elegantly furnished front rooms; modern house, delightful location.

REBECCA AVE., 406, Wilkinsburg—Two furnished first floor light housekeeping rooms; every convenience.

REBECCA AVE., 316, Wilkinsburg—Neatly furnished room, all conveniences, gentlemen only; reasonable.

REBECCA AVE., 321, Wilkinsburg—Pleasant front room; good boarding; specially terms; corner house.

REBECCA AVE., 440, Wilkinsburg—Nicely furnished room, boarding optional, near cars and station.

REED ST., 48—A nice large furnished room for light housekeeping.

RIDDLE AVE., 215, WILKINSBURG—First-class furnished rooms, third door $7 month; second floor $10 to $12 month.

SOUTHERN AVE., 52, MT. WASHINGTON—Furnished room; with or without board; five minutes from Monongahela incline.

SUSQUEHANNA ST., 7306—One large front room; everything just new; all conveniences; reasonable.

SOUTH AVE., 1005, WILKINSBURG—Neatly furnished rooms, all conveniences; good summer location.

SOUTH THIRTEENTH ST., 77—Neatly furnished rooms, first-class board; every convenience.

SOUTHERN AVE., 147, Mt. Oliver—Nicely furnished rooms with board; all conveniences.

S. SARAH ST., 2001—Nicely furnished front room; all conveniences; private family; reasonable.

SAHAR ST., 1813, South Side—Furnished rooms and boarding.

SECOND-STORY front room, with alcove, suitable for two or four young men; bath and home privileges. 1826 Penn ave.

"THE PITNEY,"
365 GRANT ST.
Beds 50c, 75c, $1.00; transient men only; all accommodations; first-class service.

TERRACE ST., 3417, NEAR DARRAH—Furnished room in the prettiest spot in Oakland; breakfast and 6:30 dinner if desired; private family.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

SYLVESTALE AVE., 730—Furnished room, bath and gas.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED large front rooms; coolest spot in Pittsburgh; good neighborhood; every modern convenience, 12 minutes' walk from postoffice; 52 and 56 Oliver bldg.

WEST, 1406, Allegheny—Unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; private w. c. 10 Cliff st.

Wylie and Bedford ave. cars 10 Gum st.

UNDERCLIFF, PA.—Large, nicely furnished room with use of organ; 5 miles from city; 5 minutes' walk from R. R. station; breakfast if desired; gentlemen. Address W 169, The Gazette.

WANTED—Occupants for large, elegant room with dressing room attached; excellent table; large, cool lawn and porches. "The Meyran," Meyran and Forbes st.

WILL RENT furnished house to small family in exchange for board of two adults; select East End neighborhood; two minutes from Fifth and Ellsworth ave. cars. Address L 169, The Gazette.

WICE ST., 217—Furnished room, one or two gents only; every convenience; reference.

WOOD ST., 909, Wilkinsburg—Two or three nicely furnished, light housekeeping rooms.

WYLIE AVE., 2028—Nice large front room, furnished; suitable for two persons, all conveniences; near cars.

WYLIE AVE., 1040—Newly furnished second-floor front, family two; all conveniences; reasonable.

WYLIE AVE., 2528—Nicely furnished; bath, gas, $10 and $12; board and room if desired, $5 per week.

East End.

BAUM ST., 5504, E. E.—Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping; rent very reasonable; no children.

BEECHWOOD INN,
Carnegie Forbes and Shady avenues, Squirrel Hill; nicely furnished rooms, with board; large grounds; convenient vicinity of cars. Bell 'phone Highland 2086-J.

CATO ST., 558—Four newly furnished rooms, single or en suite; every convenience.

COLLINS AVE., 816—Nice, large unfurnished room, third floor; all conveniences.

COPELAND AVE., 133—Two pleasantly furnished rooms, all modern conveniences, good summer location.

ELLSWORTH AVE., 5522—One or two gentlemen for elegant furnished rooms in private family; excellent table. 5784 J. Highland.

ENTERPRISE ST., 15, off Frankstown ave.—Nicely furnished rooms, with board; all conveniences.

FIFTH AVE., 5519—The Lothrop—One large, nicely furnished room, suitable for couple; also nice room for gentlemen only.

FOR RENT—Well furnished front room, suitable for two gentlemen, in private family, boarding near; 4236 Evaline st., E. E.

FOR RENT—Second floor, furnished or unfurnished. 5617 Kippy st.

FORBES ST., 4621, NEAR CRAIG—Nicely furnished rooms; light housekeeping permitted; bath; laundry privileges; board optional; terms reasonable.

FRAZIER ST., 2524—Neatly furnished room; bath and phone; rate reasonable; car to door.

FRANKSTOWN AVE., 1635—Nice, large furnished room, second floor.

GENTLEMEN obliged to remain in the city during summer months will find large, airy room in private family, E. E.; all conveniences, 'phone, etc.; smoking room, large porch, lawn, shade trees, large, cool house; convenient to Kelly Station if desired; objected to married couples. Address D 170, The Gazette.

HARVARD ST., 5625—Two nicely furnished rooms, second floor; private family; all conveniences.

KENNETT SQ., 3607—Nicely furnished front room, suitable for one or two gentlemen.

LANG AVE., 1905, Homewood—Furnished room; all conveniences; rent reasonable; private family.

LARIMER AVE., 122—Neatly furnished alcove room; conveniences; private family; second door from library.

LINCOLN AVE., 333—Furnished front room, one square from Frankstown ave.

MARCHAND ST., 6351, E. E.—Large front room; all conveniences.

MARYLAND AVE., 753—Furnished room, second floor, private family; adults, no other roomers.

MEYRAN AVE., 258—Furnished rooms, pleasantly located; all conveniences.

M'PHERSON BOULEVARD, 5021—Furnished room for young man; meals can be had near by.

NEGLEY AVE., N. 112—Well furnished rooms; good location; all conveniences; private family.

NEGLEY, 731, South—Nicely furnished front room; all conveniences; porch, shade; reasonable.

NICELY furnished alcove room, near good boarding; for married couple. Write T 166, The Gazette.

PACIFIC AVE., 333—Furnished room, adjoining bath, small private family, reasonable. Mano.

NORTH EUCLID AVE., 708—Nicely furnished room, suitable for gentlemen; all conveniences; near Highland park.

OAKLAND AVE., 259—Large, handsomely furnished room, with all conveniences; rent moderate; gentlemen only.

OAKLAND AVE., 336—Two nicely furnished rooms, second floor; all conveniences; private family; gentlemen only.

OAKLAND AVE., 355—Large, handsomely furnished room; all modern conveniences; good location; all gentlemen only.

OAKLAND AVE., 247—Large, well-furnished room, with excellent table board. Bell 'phone 1139 J. Schenley.

RACE ST., 722½, Homewood—Two neatly furnished rooms, for gentlemen, or two or four unfurnished rooms; near boarding.

RIPPEY ST., 5005—Two or three partly furnished rooms; light housekeeping; all conveniences.

RURAL AVE., 5512—Nicely furnished room, bath, adjoining; gentlemen only; choice location.

RURAL AVE., 5506, cor. Euclid—Furnished front alcove room, second floor; all conveniences.

S. HIGHLAND AVE., 853—Large, well furnished room; good neighborhood; all conveniences; gentlemen only. Second floor.

SHERIDAN AVE., 519—Nine furnished large front room; square of Highland; all conveniences. Bell 'phone 372 J Highland.

SOUTH HIGHLAND AVE., 256—Suite of second floor front rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with first-class board, baths.

S. ST. CLAIR ST., 247—Choice front and back rooms, reasonable, boarding near.

SHADY AVE., 434—Large cool room, handsomely furnished, with excellent board; fine location; one hour from all conveniences. Bell 'phone; references required.

SHETLAND AVE., 216—Front furnished room for one or two ladies; conveniences; references exchanged.

TIOGA ST., 7508, NEAR HAMILTON—Two large, nicely furnished rooms; suitable two; $10.

WALNUT ST., 6106—Well-furnished rooms on second floor; references exchanged.

WILMOT SQ., 6—Handsomely furnished second story front room; also middle room; private family.

Allegheny.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1819, Allegheny—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; gas, bath and laundry, 'phone.

CEDAR AVE., 706—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; conveniences.

FAYETTE ST., 1207—Two nicely furnished rooms for three ladies; all conveniences.

FEDERAL ST., 1507, Allegheny—Second-story front room with board.

FEDERAL ST., 1307, Allegheny—Furnished front room, with board.

FEDERAL ST., 1415, Allegheny—Furnished front rooms, complete for light housekeeping; both gases; use of bath and laundry; central location.

FEDERAL ST., 1415—Front rooms for housekeeping, newly furnished, complete; gases, use of bath and laundry.

JACKSON ST., 209—Very desirable unfurnished room; all conveniences; Charles street car.

LIBERTY ST., 811—Furnished front rooms for housekeeping; all conveniences; near East park.

LINCOLN AVE., 846—Elegantly furnished second floor front room; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

MADISON AVE., 86, Bellevue—One or two furnished rooms; every convenience.

MORRISON AVE., 1090, Allegheny—Three unfurnished rooms; hot and cold water; use of laundry; bath, porch; rent $15.

NORTH AVE. E. 16—Neatly furnished rooms for gentlemen; all conveniences; elegant location, facing park.

NORTH AVE. W., 911—Two furnished rooms, all conveniences.

NORTH AVE., E. 102—Two nicely furnished rooms with board; facing park; all modern conveniences.

NORTH AVE., E. NO. 4—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; facing park.

OHIO ST., W. 207—Double parlor; single or en suite; for business; nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; rates moderate.

RESACA ST., 1224—Very desirable second floor; furnished room; all conveniences; $10 per month.

RIDGE AVE., 707—Nicely furnished second-floor front room; stationary wash stand; hot and cold water.

ROOMS—LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, PLEASANT, ALL CONVENIENCES, BATH, ELECTRIC LIGHTS, NATURAL GAS, ONE OF ALLEGHENY'S RESIDENTIAL STREETS, RATES VERY LOW. H. A. SHAFFER, 430 FOURTH AVE.

W. STOCKTON AVE., 100—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; 5 minutes' walk to Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Allegheny.

W. PARK WAY, 15—Neatly furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences.

W. SOUTH AVE., 408—Elegantly furnished second floor front room; all conveniences; terms reasonable.

WESTERN AVE., 549—Nicely furnished second-floor front room; all conveniences; private family; gentlemen preferred.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

CARSON ST., 1024—Neatly furnished rooms, good boarding, all conveniences; gentlemen only.

CRAIG ST., N., 168—Large second-story front room with running water.

DINWIDDIE ST., 208—Two nicely furnished front rooms, with best of board.

FOURTH ST., 41—Nicely furnished rooms with first-class board.

KIRKPATRICK ST., 627—Two nicely furnished rooms, can accommodate 4 men; boarding optional.

PENN AVE., 515, Wilkinsburg—Two nice, good-sized furnished rooms for gentlemen, with board if desired, of first-class cooking.

East End.

ALDER ST., 5563—Large, handsomely furnished second story front room, with alcove; excellent table; Bell 'phone 1008 Highland.

ALDER ST., 5105—Large, handsomely furnished rooms; excellent meals; all conveniences, 'phone service.

BAXTER PLACE, 9, NEAR BRADDOCK AND FRANKSTOWN—Large furnished front room; board optional.

BROAD ST., 5822—Nicely furnished rooms, with board; near all car lines.

FRAZIER ST., 2518—Large front alcove room, furnished, board optional; gentlemen preferred.

HIGHLAND AVE., 406 South—Second floor front, with alcove; table board; references required.

IVY ST., 700—Large handsomely furnished room; grand piano; excellent table board; all car lines; three minutes to station.

MARCHAND ST., 6343—Finely furnished rooms, with board; all conveniences.

MATHILDA ST., 248—Nicely furnished second floor front room; all modern conveniences and very desirable location; board optional; terms moderate. 'phone Main 280 W.

NORTH HIGHLAND and Margaretta st.—Newly furnished rooms with excellent board; all conveniences; with lawn and porches. N. or S. Highland cars; 'phone.

N. HIGHLAND AVE., 502—Large, cool, furnished rooms; excellent table; good location; all conveniences. Bell 'phone 1627 W. Highland.

NIAGARA ST., 18, near Craft—Furnished rooms, good boarding, gentlemen; terms $6 up.

S. HIGHLAND AVE., 406—Second floor front, with alcove; table board; references required.

THE INEZ

Elegant furnished rooms, with board, en suite or single, with or without private baths; porches, lawn and plenty of shade; under new management; best of service. 5407 Forbes st. 'Phone Schenley 872.

WALNUT ST., 5508—Large, handsome furnished rooms, with excellent table board; all conveniences; Bell 'phone 2225 S Highland.

Allegheny.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1214—Nicely furnished rooms with board; modern conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1214—Elegantly furnished rooms, with board, all conveniences.

BOARD and room $5 week; furnished rooms $2 week. Hotel Savoy, 19 E. Lacock st.

FAYETTE ST., 1211, Allegheny—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; all conveniences; both gases.

SANDUSKY ST., 822—Room and board $5; meal tickets, 21 meals for $5.50.

SECOND-STORY front room with board. 1307 Federal st., Allegheny.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

BEDFORD AVE., 1814—Two rooms, first floor, $9 per month; four rooms third floor, $18; gas range.

FOR RENT—Four rooms with bath, new flat, 42 Howard st., Bellevue.

OAKWOOD ST., 538, WILKINSBURG—Three fine, large unfurnished rooms; every possible convenience; also large furnished parlor bedroom.

REBECCA ST., 516, Wilkinsburg—Two light, airy connecting rooms, with one or third floor if required; every convenience; very desirable central location.

ROOMS — Four bright, connecting rooms, in Lange's flats; newly papered; large, airy porches; no children; every convenience. Inquire 1624 Colwell st.

SWISSVALE AVE., 709, Wilkinsburg—Three unfurnished rooms, bath and gas.

East End.

FOR RENT—Three nicely papered rooms and bath in new brick house; use of laundry and cellar; location, Lincoln district, E. E. Address P. O. Box 1436.

BRYANT AVE. AND N. ST. CLAIR ST.—Two rooms for light housekeeping in new flat; all conveniences; rent $18.

LARIMER AVE., 402—Two, three or four housekeeping rooms, furnished or unfurnished; conveniences.

MARCHAND ST., 6413—Two unfurnished front rooms; bath, gas, halls carpeted; front room, $14 per mo.

MURTLAND AVE., 1001, HOMEWOOD—Two nice large unfurnished rooms; bath; gases.

RACE ST., 7142—Two nice, large, furnished rooms, modern house, delightful locations.

SWISSVALE AVE., 1307, Wilkinsburg—Two nice large unfurnished rooms, use of attic; all conveniences.

Allegheny.

THREE unfurnished rooms and attic, 1417 Sidwell st. Apply 909 Arch st.

JUNIATA ST., 1811—Three unfurnished rooms second floor; all conveniences; $12 month.

RACE ST., 1715—Large unfurnished front room, first floor; would furnish if desired.

ST. LOUIS ACCOMMODATIONS.

LINDELL BOULEVARD, 3942—Rooms for world's fair visitors; breakfast if desired.

FOR RENT.

East End Residences.

SEND card for complete list of East End houses and apartments and map, free.
S. H. LLOYD,
6022 Penn ave., E. E.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT—Desirable house, 10 rooms, all modern fixtures, in East End district, between fifth and Ellsworth avenues; rental only $40; possession at once.
See COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO., 327-329 Fourth ave.

Apartments.

FOR RENT—THE FINEST flat on Liberty ave., East End; 6 rooms. See G. W. MILLER & CO., 4780 Liberty ave.

Offices.

FOR RENT—APOLLO BLDG., FOURTH AVE. GREATLY REDUCED RATES.
Fine, well-lighted offices, single or en suite; elevator and janitor service; light and heat.
HOME TRUST COMPANY,
Wood st. and Sixth ave.

BANK FOR SAVINGS BLDG., rooms Nos. 502, 504; fine location; special rental; immediate possession.
HOME TRUST COMPANY,
Wood st. and Sixth ave.

Desk Room.

DESK ROOM in well appointed office, every convenience, rent reasonable. 1213 Empire building.

FOR SALE.

East End Residences.

EAST END.
We offer subject to prior sale any one of those five new brick houses of 9 rooms and reception hall, tile bath, cement cellar, beautiful hardwood mantels, furnace, range, in fact everything to make up a modern home. Only $1,800 cash required, the balance can be carried indefinitely on mortgage.
LAND TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY,
345 Fourth ave.

LARGE SHADYSIDE RESIDENCE FOR RENT—Negley ave., near Baxter st., handsome modern 12-room brick residence, with every convenience; large lot 80x157 ft.; $160 a month.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

Farms.

SEND for ILLUSTRATED Ohio farm list.
NEILL & BLAKESLEE, Oakmont, Pa.

Business Properties.

FOR SALE—The best equipped 40-bbl. clifter system roller mill in eastern Ohio; excellent wheat section; feed trade great all the year; retail price for all you make, cheap fuel at all times and right on the line. Wash. Pyle $2,000. Address Foregon Milling Co., Negley, Ohio.

Business Opportunities.

WILL sell or exchange my cement manufacturing plant with an agreed royalty, vein of high-grade cement, located within 100 miles of Pittsburgh. Capacity 100 barrels per day; cost to operate, $28.50; free and clear. For particulars call or address S. J. Rockershousen, 407 E. Ohio st., Allegheny, Pa.

BUSINESS—Fine paying wall paper business; established 11 years; can reduce stock to suit purchaser. Inquire 3307 Penn ave.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of business, see CAVANAGH CO., 421 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

McKeesport Residences.

FOR SALE—New house, two-story, attic, cellar, 9 rooms, bath, pantry; Beaver st., McKeesport, Pa.; $2,800; easy terms.
F. B. WEBB, 306 Sixth ave., McKeesport, Pa.

Machinery.

MACHINERY.

AIR COMPRESSORS for all duties.
ROCK DRILLS.
GAS PUMPS.
STEAM PUMPS, single and duplex.
POWER PUMPS.
DEEP WELL PUMPS.
In stock and built to order.

HALL STEAM PUMP COMPANY,
215 Grant Ave., Allegheny, Pa.
Near Union Bridge.

Bell 'Phone 554 North.
P. & A. 'Phone 136 North.

GAS ENGINES.

50 H. P. Champion.
15 H. P. Fort Wayne self starting.
15 H. P. Foos Weber gas engine.
50 H. P. Raymond Improved.
We can also furnish any other size for prompt shipment.
1—Steel driven air pump for gas engine starter.
1—Rogers 12" Hughes air compressor.
1—4x9x9" Hall air compressor.
1—75 light dynamo, 110 volt.
1—500 light dynamo, 110 volt.
Steam Engines, Boilers and Pumps.
WICKES BROS.,
Both 'Phones. 45th St. & A. V. Ry.

GAS ENGINES OF EVERY TYPE ON HAND.

We carry the largest stock of gas engines of any house in Pittsburgh. We can also furnish on short notice steam engines, boilers, steam pumps, dynamos, shafting, iron pipe and fittings, etc. Write, telephone or call
THE CHRYSLER MANUFACTURING CO.,
107 Water st., Pittsburg, Pa.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 8 to 125 H. P. stationary and portable upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock, shafting, pulleys and hangers, and large selection of miscellaneous machinery, second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged. JOHN S. YOUNG,
103-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

TWO 75 K. W. Westinghouse A. C. generators; used a short time, gas engines, Ball automatic engines; C. & S. engines and hoisting engines, boilers, wood working machinery. Chas. E. Sherriff, 912 Farmers building. Bell 'phone 1072 Grant.

THREE acid tanks, one galvanizing kettle, new; also one now in use; one 3 h. p. gas engine and coiler and various other tools and equipment; suitable for galvanizing. Apply at once to Phoenix Galvanizing & Mfg. Co., No. 2 Duquesne way, city.

GAS ENGINES.

316—THE FAIRBANKS CO.—315 2d ave. Second-hand 2-2, 1-20, 1-35 h. p. Otto Vertical and Horizontal.
All sizes—Pumping Engines—All purposes.

FOR SALE—Belting, leather, rubber and canvas; new and second-hand; bargain prices. J. S. Young, 103-110 Park way, Allegheny.

Horses and Vehicles.

REMOVAL OF SALE STABLES to corner of Main and Alexander sts., West End, Pgh., were you will find 75 to 100 head of mine and farm horses; 1,000 pounds to 1,600 pounds. Take any car on the West End line at Wood and Liberty sts. Remember the street, corner Main and Alexander; mule barns. Philip Steinmiller. Bell 'phone 229 Walnut.

YOUNG, sound black horse, sixteen hands high; 1,200 pounds; city broken; cheap. Union Restaurant, Sick building.

WAGON UMBRELLAS.
75c. Extra Quality. 75c.
GERBER CARRIAGE CO., 309 Penn ave.

Sewing Machines.

NOW is the time to get BIG BARGAINS in all makes of sewing machines; ALL MAKES, $5 UP. We offer Machines—LOWEST PRICES.
CARTER SEWING MACHINE CO.,
131 Sixth st., next to Bijou.
Bell 3340 J Grant—'PHONES P. & A., 1266 Main.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Old brick, heavy timbers, plate girders, iron beams, cast iron, etc. Apply at site of Haugh & Keenan building, Duquesne way and Third st.

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

UNCALLED FOR LETTERS remaining in the Pittsburgh postoffice July 10, 1904.

When calling for letters please mention above date:

LADIES' LIST.

A—Mrs. E. Aldred, Beech and Leah Allis, Minnie Allison, Mrs. Mamie Alston, Esther Anthony, Mrs. J. C. R. Arnold, Jr., Mrs. Daisy Arrington.

B—Helen Bailey, Pleasance Baker, Mrs. Emily Baker, Mrs. Margaret Bankel, Mrs. R. S. Barker, Winifred Barr, Mrs. Barry, Nannie Bassersville, Mrs. Joseph Baston (For), Suzanne Beatty, Mrs. H. M. Bean, Lillian Bellhirs, Mrs. Elizabeth S. Bell, Teresa Bellott, Drusa E. Bennett, Mrs. A. F. S. Benatean, Mrs. Will Bennett, Anna Berner, Mary Blair, Ella Bicaser, Mrs. Emma Bolton, Frances Boyhat, Mrs. Alls Bumgardner, Mrs. W. Brandenau, Mrs. Edgar Briggs (For), Annie Broida, Laura Brown, Mrs. J. W. Brown, Cory Brown (2), Cora Brown, Ellis Brown (Spec. Del.).

C—Sylvania Campbell, (2, D. L.), Mrs. Joe Caldwell, Katharine Campbell, Mary Campbell, Mrs. Jennie Carver, Mrs. Mabel Carroll, Miss L. Carroll, Miss L. Carroll, Miss G. Carroll, Mrs. Sandusky Carnahan, Mrs. Elgood, Alice Clark, Mary Cleves, Mamie Clinton, Mrs. Henry S. Colding, Sadie Collins (D. L.), Mattie Colburt (2), Mrs. Rose Collier, Mrs. Martha Cosenblum, Mary Cowper, Lena Cooper, Mary Cooper, Nellie Cook, Mrs. Coyle, Mrs. Thomas Coyne (For), Lettie Crevelling, Mrs. Lena Crockett.

D—Mary Darcy, Miss M. Davis, Mrs. Maud Davis, Mrs. Leonore S. Day, Rosey Day, Mrs. Julia Dessau (D. L.), Mrs. Joseph Dixon, Luella Dixon, Mrs. J. E. Dodge, Misses Lowles, Mary Drummond, Alice A. Duffy, Lettie Duff, Nelson Dunkel (D. L.).

E—Mrs. R. C. Eames, Celina Ebens, Mrs. Alice Edmundson, Miss Effig, Miss K. Egan, Maud Ellis, Marie Engler, Mrs. Amelia Ewan (For), Mary Estep, Lizzie J. Evans, Lula Everson.

F—Helen Fenton, Mrs. William Flanagan, (For), Lucy Fohl, Mrs. W. A. Forrester, Sarah Frazier, Mrs. Ida Fuller, Lillian Furnier.

G—Edith Gaertner, (D. L.), Mrs. Rosia Gainey, Mrs. Ella Gallagher, Clara M. Garvin, Mrs. Gardiner, Susie George, Miss Gerlach, Miss Hattie Getty, Bridget Gibbons, Charlotte Gillus, Mrs. Annie M. Glass, Mrs. Jessie Glen, Catharen Godfrey, Mildred Golden, Asa Goodrich, Lillian Gottfried, Edith Graham, Dortha Gray, Mrs. C. W. Greene, Mrs. Mary Green, Mrs. Mary A. Gregg, Mrs. Heneretta Griffin, Miss R. C. Gymer (For).

H—Mrs. Anie G. Haley, Ada Hamilton, Mrs. Harris, Mary Harris, Margaret Harrison, Mrs. F. E. Hasdorff, Mrs. N. R. Hathaway (D. L.), Margaret Hawkins, Mrs. M. B. Hays, Olive Lewis Hazelwood, Mrs. Jos. C. Heed, Mrs. Ada Hegley, Mamie Hemphill, Cooke, Mrs. Hilland, Irma L. Hillman, Mrs. Louise Hippley, Miss A. and J. Hirsch, Mrs. Lulu Hoffman, Mrs. Annie Hoke, May Hopkins, Jennie Horn, Ida B. Horner.

I—Mrs. Ingersoll, Mrs. Irwin.

J—Mrs. Namis Jackson, Mrs. Dot Jackson, Lilly T. Jackson (D. L.), Mrs. Blanche Jackson, Mary Jarrett, Kataryna Jerycko, Sylvia Johnson, Mrs. Johnson, Johnson, Johnson (2), Alice Jones, Mrs. Robbie Jones (2), Jess E. Jones, Mary Joseph.

K—Mrs. J. S. Kammarer, Lide Kaab, Mrs. George Keller, Mrs. Kern,

SOLEMN TRIBUTE TO GREAT ZIONIST

Jews of Pittsburgh Held Special Memorial Service for Dr. Theodor Herzl.

MANY BURST THROUGH DOORS

The Jews of Pittsburgh yesterday paid a solemn tribute to the memory of Dr. Theodor Herzl, the Zionist leader who died in Vienna, Austria, Sunday, July 3. Nearly every worshipper of the Jewish faith crowded the Beth Hamedrash Hagodol synagogue in Washington street last night and joined in the lamentation. Over 300 persons were unable to gain admittance to the building and the crush was so great that at one time the doors gave way and more than half of the clamoring crowd outside burst into the vestibule and bore past the ushers into the auditorium. A number of persons were overcome by the heat and rushed out of doors to get fresh air.

It was one of the largest Jewish audiences ever gathered in a Pittsburgh synagogue. The outside of the building was draped in black, with here and there a knot of the Jewish colors, blue and white. Inside the Jewish flag was draped on either side of the raised ark of the covenant. The balcony rail was draped in mourning colors to carry out the same general scheme. Lithographs of Dr. Herzl were distributed everywhere about the temple.

Scarcely Breathing Room.

When Rabbi Aslinsky ascended the pulpit there was scarcely breathing room in the church. In the congregation were many of the most prominent Jews in the city, as well as the rabbis of neighboring cities. Rabbi Aslinsky, who is the dean known in Hebrew as "hesped" is one of the most affecting forms of the Jewish liturgy.

Rabbi Aslinsky told how Dr. Herzl, a young and brilliant and promising career and historical influences and wealthy surroundings, set to work to solve the great Jewish problem. He told how in less than 10 years Dr. Herzl had surrounded himself with almost 1,000,000 followers who sought the restoration of the Jewish state in the ancient splendors how he won the support of the emperor of Germany, the sultan of Turkey and the English government; how he permanently organized the Jewish congress at Basle, spreading Zionism in every corner of the world where Jews lived, and how his success was cut short by his untimely death.

Colossus Among Giants.

Henry Jackson, who was one of the Pittsburgh representatives at the Zionist congress at Basle, spoke in English and paid a glowing tribute to the dead leader. Mr. Jackson spoke of the personal qualities of Dr. Herzl, whom he characterized as the organizer and leader of a great and powerful movement, world-wide in its scope and imperial in its undertaking, of all the great Jews who gathered at the Parliament at Basle Dr. Jackson said its scientists, philanthropists, statesmen, litterateurs and rabbis none could compare with Dr. Herzl in personal accomplishment, gifted power and insight. He was a colossus among a thousand giants.

The Rev. Mr. Gaffman, cantor of the congregation, followed Mr. Jackson by chanting the lamentation and prayer, the "Kalyl Moion Rachmiym," for the soul of the dead. The service closed after the reading and the adoption of the following resolutions:

A Prince in Israel.

Whereas, It hath pleased Divine Providence to remove from the scene of mortal toil and earthly existence our universally beloved and much endeared leader, Theodor Herzl, blessed be his memory, and

Whereas, Dr. Herzl, prince in Israel, prince of Israel and president of the Zionist congress, has attained to international fame and world-wide renown, endearing himself in the hearts of Jew and non-Jew the world over, realizing in the short space of his career the highest and most sublime ideals of manhood and leadership, the greatest Jewish hero since the days of Judah Maccabee, the noblest Jew of modern times; therefore, be it

Resolved, By this body in public assembly this tenth day of July, 1904, in the year of the world 5664, the fifth year of Zionism, that in the death of this pure-hearted and godly-minded man our Almighty Father, in His wisdom, has taken from us the highest type of Jewish character, being abounding in rare and noble qualities of mind and heart, honored by kings, loved and respected by his associates, revered by all men.

Resolved, That in the death of Theodor Herzl, blessed be his memory, dead is a leader in Israel, an active life unselfishly and impersonally devoted to the cause of his people, a martyr to the ever-increasing of the Jewish national soul, a self-sacrificer in the re-establishment of the Jewish state.

Resolved, That while man endures and his deeds live, the name of Theodor Herzl, blessed be his memory, will endure, and that will endure to the end of time; his memory will ever excite the wonder and respect of Zion and Israel's people yet unborn, a memory revered and cherished among men, beloved of God.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the Zionist Council of Pittsburgh and all affiliated bodies under its jurisdiction, that condolence be tendered the bereaved family of our beloved dead; that an engrossed and attested copy of these resolutions be forwarded to Mme. Herzl, widow of the late Theodor Herzl. May his soul rest in peace in the keeping of the Almighty Father, Amen.

HOW PUBLIC SCHOOLS MAKE USEFUL CITIZENS

The Rev. A. R. Stark Lauds Our Institutions as Makers of Americans.

"Our Public Schools and Citizenship," was the theme of the sermon delivered in the Oakland Baptist church yesterday morning by the Rev. A. R. Stark. Taking for his text Prov. iv. 7, "To know wisdom and instruction," the pastor said in part:

"The purpose of the public schools is to make good citizens for the state. Intelligence is needed in a republic. Men must have understanding or be the slave of every demagogue. Ignorance is the deadly foe of liberty. Ability to distinguish between the true and the false features of government where the people have the power is dangerous ignorance. With us it is an imperative duty of the state to make every man has the ability to consider with a fair degree of intelligence the best interests of the state. This must be well disposed toward the laws of the state.

"In our public schools accomplish this purpose by make good citizens by forming habits of industry that may resist endless temptation of the schoolroom. Self-control is being taught right habits. The really dangerous classes are the idle rich. The spirit of caste and anarchy may lie far back in the life of a man, but the training of such he was never taught to do anything. The youth who has been kept in school has taken a long stride in the direction of becoming a good citizen.

"The public schools make good citizens by uniting all classes, teaching them respect, one for another. Distinctions of poverty and wealth, of which we make too much, is only disappear in the schoolroom. The condition of the boy is not determined by the riches of his father. This is the crowning glory of the public school. The spirit of interest and feeling in a community is due largely to our schools. We have different political parties and beliefs and different church denominations, but the school is an institution in which we all believe.

"The schools make better citizens by the effect of study. Mayo-Smith says: 'In England in the 25 years per cent of the convicted to prison could neither read nor write. 74.2 per cent could read and write imperfectly and only 0.9 per cent could read and write well.' These figures are very suggestive.

"The purpose of our schools give great dignity to the work of the teacher. It is the teacher's duty to see that nature shall not be thwarted, but shall be led along the path of usefulness. He must see that the child may also be led into communion with the greatest thoughts of ages. Such work requires of the teacher personality. One can teach only what he possesses.

"The high quality of the work of the teachers in the graduating classes which received diplomas and certificates yesterday bore testimony to a reflection on the board of school directors and the public at large. It seems we do not properly appreciate that which is of the highest value. The city has been put to shame by the showing that in a list of the 10 largest cities in the country Pittsburgh occupies the long-first place in the page scale."

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PASTOR RUSSELL SHOWS THE MEANING OF A PARABLE

No Part Is to Be Taken Literally Otherwise There Is Confusion.

MEANING OF FIERY FURNACE

ALTOONA, PA., July 10.—Pastor C. T. Russell of Allegheny delivered two discourses here today to large and attentive audiences. The afternoon discourse was on God's Oath-Bound Covenant to the Seed of Abraham." Next Sunday afternoon he proposes to speak at Bible House chapel, Allegheny. The forenoon discourse of Pastor Russell was from the text:

"The Son of man shall send forth his angels, and they shall gather out of his kingdom all things that offend, and them which do iniquity; and shall cast them into a furnace of fire: there shall be wailing and gnashing of teeth."—Matt. xiii: 40-42. He said:

Many of God's dear people, who would not even cast a living person into a fiery furnace, read these words of our Lord and Master with awe and bated breath, not daring to question divine wisdom and love, yet more or less astonished, they think how different are their ideas, standing of these words from His instruction to His followers that they should do good unto all men, including those who persecute them, that they should love their enemies. The difficulty lies in the fact that they do not understand the divine Master's parable. Indeed, blinded by a total misappreciation of the divine plan, they think how different are their ideas, they wrest this and many other scriptures to their own confusion and mental torment. They know well that a parable is not a literal statement, that, to be sensible, it must be, as it never the thing meant; that wheat in the parable never means wheat and tares never means tares—that these words are used symbolically. But with this knowledge, so grievously has the error been fixed in the minds of men long years of misleading and misunderstanding that when they attempt to apply what they know respecting parables they are confused, bewildered, misled from the truth.

Our Lord could have avoided using parables entirely. He could have stated the truth in plainer, easily understood language, but has He done so, then divine plan would have been more or less interfered with. The apostles wondered that our Lord spoke in parables. They said to Him: "Lord, why speakest Thou unto them in parables?" To which He answered that He thus spoke in order that the masses might hear and not understand. He explained to His followers that this was a part of the divine program to hide these things from the world and its wise and prudent and to reveal His plan only to the meek and lowly of heart—to His faithful disciples. His "little ones." To the apostles the Lord explained several of the parables partially, and gave the key to the understanding of other features not given, thus helping aside to the understanding of other parables. To His disciples He said: "To you it is given to know understand the mysteries of the kingdom, but to those who are not attending these things are spoken in parables: that seeing they may see and not perceive; and hearing they may hear and not understand."—Mark, iv: 11-12.

The Wheat and the Tares.

The parable of the wheat and the tares, of which our text is a part, was expounded by our Lord in a general way, but not particularly. Our text is the only explanation of the words there is a sufficiency of metaphor attaching to it to hide its significance from all except those guided to an understanding of it by the Holy Spirit. The average Christian of today and many days has the ability to consider with a fair degree of intelligence the best interests of his own soul, but he could be well disposed toward the laws of the state.

In our public schools accomplish this purpose by make good citizens by forming habits of industry that may resist endless temptation of the schoolroom. Self-control is being taught right habits. The really dangerous classes are the idle rich. The spirit of caste and anarchy may lie far back in the life of a man, but the training of such he was never taught to do anything. The youth who has been kept in school has taken a long stride in the direction of becoming a good citizen.

The public schools make good citizens by uniting all classes, teaching them respect, one for another. Distinctions of poverty and wealth, of which we make too much, is only disappear in the schoolroom. The condition of the boy is not determined by the riches of his father. This is the crowning glory of the public school. The spirit of interest and feeling in a community is due largely to our schools. We have different political parties and beliefs and different church denominations, but the school is an institution in which we all believe.

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The purpose of our schools give great dignity to the work of the teacher. It is the teacher's duty to see that nature shall not be thwarted, but shall be led along the path of usefulness. He must see that the child may also be led into communion with the greatest thoughts of ages. Such work requires of the teacher personality. One can teach only what he possesses.

The high quality of the work of the teachers in the graduating classes which received diplomas and certificates yesterday bore testimony to a reflection on the board of school directors and the public at large. It seems we do not properly appreciate that which is of the highest value. The city has been put to shame by the showing that in a list of the 10 largest cities in the country Pittsburgh occupies the long-first place in the page scale."

(2) The parable declares that the wheat class, the true saints of the church, are the result or product of the good seed. The pure truths sown by our Lord and the apostles nearly more than eighteen centuries ago. The tares are the result or product of the sowing of tares by or under the supervision of the great adversary.

(3) So long as the Lord and the apostles were with the church these errors could not be sown, for the divine supervision hindered the introduction of error until the apostles had fallen asleep in death.

(4) While the Lord recognized the difference between the two classes, the one the product of truth and the other the product of error, and while He declared that only the truth would sanctify and thus only those begotten of the truth would have any part in the kingdom class when it would be glorified, nevertheless He permitted the product of error —the tare class of imitation Christians, having a form of godliness, but denying the power, dwell with the true saints and themselves Christians and to pass before the world as such.

(5) The parable clearly intimates that any action for the bodily part, sanctioning a complete separation of the wheat class from the tare class would have involved the whole world in turmoil, and would have been out of accord with His plan and arrangements. His forethought regarding the harvest of the tares and the growing together of wheat and tares throughout this age, and His arrangements as foreshown by this parable are of such a kind as to imply that conditions as they will exist at the end of this age.

(6) It is not the divine intention to permit the wheat and tares to grow together forever. There will come an end of this age, and whenever it comes it will mean a thorough, complete separation amongst those professing the name of Christ throughout the world. The proper treatment of wheat that is preserved is to garner it in the garner, the farmer, and the proper treatment of tares, which the farmer wanted, would be to destroy them as tares—to reduce them to so much smoke and ashes.

(7) The final act with respect to the wheat class is their glorification as the true Kingdom of God. The church throughout this gospel age is called of the Lord to be His kingdom class of the future. The trials and testings and sufferings of this present life are to develop the Lord's saints in all the fruits and graces of the spirit, and to prepare them for the kingdom glory and the kingdom work of the future. So soon as the proper number shall make their calling and election sure by conformity to the terms of their covenant, everything will be in readiness for their glorification, their establishment with their Lord and head as the bride, the wife of the Lamb, for power and great glory, to rule and bless the world—"all the families of the earth"—to uplift so many as will accept the favor and conditions to human perfection. God-likeness and eternal life.

(8) When the wheat class shall have thus been changed from earthly to heavenly conditions in the first resurrection, and when arrangements shall be in order for beginning the great work of blessing and uplifting the race and with a knowledge of the truth, what would be the proper course of procedure?—in other words, as has will happen to the imitation Christians who professed the name of Christ, but never were, therefore, properly sanctified by the truth nor begotten of the spirit of the Lord, but who were merely nominal Christians with a form of godliness—what will happen to those? We answer that they never were Christians; they always were of the world. According to the parable they never were wheat, and should have remained a part of the world and a part of their end. The proper treatment of them would be to destroy them as tares—to destroy them as imitation Christians—to reduce them to a level with the remainder of the world in their own estimation and in the estimation of mankind. The tare class has been cultivating hopes of a spiritual nature, etc., whereas no such hopes were properly theirs. They and all the world of mankind must come to realize the true facts of the case—they must begin afresh, not as tares, but as part of the world to come under the blessings which God has for the world of mankind during the coming age.

As at the present time the farmer burns off the wheat's stubbles in preparation for a fresh crop, so the end of the harvest of this gospel age winds up completely the present order, and the fire of the parable represents the instrumentalities which the Lord will use in the world for preparing it for the new dispensation.

The Furnace of Fire.

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WALL STREET MORE ACTIVE AND PRICES ARE IMPROVED

Market Also Displays Tendency to Broaden—Strength Not Confined to Any Special List—Professionals Become Too Enthusiastic.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 10.—Stocks enjoyed a substantial improvement in prices during the week, accompanied by a fair increase in activity. It was noticeable that the market displayed a tendency to broaden, while the strength and increased activity were not confined to any special list.

While there was a disposition at the outset to regard with a certain amount of suspicion the manipulative tactics adopted in giving the market the momentum upward upon the resumption of business after the holiday, it now appears that general sentiment favored an advance in security values. There seems to be little doubt that professional enthusiasm had a great deal to do with the advance of the week more so than is generally believed. It has always been found, however, in stock market operations, that in initial movements the impetus in either direction comes from the habitual trader closely in touch with the pulse of the market.

As might have been expected, considering the absolute stagnation of previous weeks, the little outburst of activity led the professional element to become too enthusiastic and overdo the perceptible change in sentiment. Included, moreover, in the speculative purchases for the advance were buying orders of such a character as to engender some confidence in the future. Undoubtedly many people have been waiting patiently for the clouds of doubt to lift, which have hung further heavy in the financial skies for many months. At the first opportunity these investors decided to wait no longer. Idle funds of theirs had been increased by the usual July 1 disbursements, making the problem, whether to invest now or wait for more favorable prices, more discernible in the closing prices of the week.

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tion. Business, while shrinking, still evidenced some future enlargement. At least, a cessation of the relaxation process in case crops continued to show favorable growth, as was being steadily reported. From such quarters the market received support. It was not to be inferred, however, that there was anything like a general tendency in this direction. It will be found that the bulk of the American investors will prefer to wait further developments in the business world, and the outcome of the crops before making any general commitments.

Included in the events of the week which have helped to shape sentiment along more hopeful lines in financial circles were the conclusions of the St. Louis convention. Crops and politics, it means, were the governing factors which induced a spread of confidence, timid and hesitating as it undoubtedly was, but still apparent. At the first reports from St. Louis of a definite character Wall street received the impression that the gold or sound money element in the Democratic party was in full control of the situation and would undoubtedly nominate a man as their standard bearer opposed to radical policies. In that nomination by the so-called conservative element, financial circles saw the death knell of free silver and other financial fads. It was only a month or two prior that some doubts were expressed as to which wing of the Democratic party would be in control. The omission of the so-called sound money plank in the Democratic platform is likely to create some doubts and misgivings. So far as the omission of the plank affected money prices, none was discernible in the closing prices of the week.

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WEATHER CONDITIONS INFLUENCE WHEAT PIT

Sunshine Reported for Sunday Has Effect of Pushing Prices Downward.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 9.—Easier Liverpool cables and prospects of better weather in the northwest caused considerable liquidation of wheat at the opening. Initial quotations were a trifle lower than yesterday's final figures. According to the weather map, however, there had been sufficient rain in Minnesota, Iowa and Kansas. This fact brought out quite a liberal covering by shorts and resulted in a temporary upturn. Nevertheless, general sentiment in the pit seemed to be in favor of the bear side. Local holders had plenty of July wheat for sale. The pressure resulting soon sagged the ascendancy. Prices started quickly downward. The weakness of the July option caused by the local profit taking in the distant futures and a decline in September followed. The market continued weak the remainder of the session. Selling was in force by those who had not care to carry their holdings over Sunday in view of predictions of clear warm weather throughout the country. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 331,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 131,400 bushels, compared with 382,100 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 148 cars, against 208 cars a year ago.

Insignificant commissions had no equally depressing influence on the corn market, sentiment in the pit being decidedly bearish. Weakness of wheat was an additional bear factor. The feature of trading was liquidation of July and September deliveries, which could undoubtedly nominate a man as their standard bearer opposed to radical policies. In that nomination by the so-called conservative element, financial circles saw the death knell of free silver and other financial fads. It was only a month or two prior that some doubts were expressed as to which wing of the Democratic party would be in control. The omission of the so-called sound money plank in the Democratic platform is likely to create some doubts and misgivings. So far as the omission of the plank affected money prices, none was discernible in the closing prices of the week.

As has been stated, it cannot be denied, that for the time being, at least, sentiment is more hopefully inclined.

Armstrong & Co., members of the Chicago Board of Trade, Farmers Bank building, give us as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday's Close.
WHEAT					
No. 2.					
July, o	90½	90¾	89	89¾	90¾
July, n	90½	90¾	89¾	89¾	89½
Sept, o	87½	88	86½	87½	87½
Sept, n	84¾	84½	83¾	84	84
CORN					
No. 2.					
July	48¾	49	48¼	48¾	48¾
Sept	48¼	48¾	48¼	48¾	48½
Dec	45½	45¾	45	45¾	45¾
OATS					
No. 2.					
July	38¼	38¾	38½	38¾	38¾
Sept	32½	32½	32¼	32¾	32¼
Dec	33¾	33¾	33	33	33¾
MESS PORK.					
July	12 60	12 62½	12 60	12 62½	12 72½
Sept	12 85	12 90	12 75	12 80	12 92½
LARD					
July	6 90	6 90	6 87½	6 90	6 92½
Sept	7 05	7 07½	7 00	7 05	7 10
Oct	7 05	7 07½	7 05	7 07½	7 16
SHORT RIBS					
July				7 40	7 42½
Sept	7 60	7 60	7 55	7 60	7 65
Oct	7 60	7 62½	7 60	7 62½	7 67½

CHICAGO, July 9.—Hogs, No. 1 red, $1 04@1 05; No. 2 red, $1 04@1 05; No. 2 corn, 48¾@49c; No. 2 yellow, 49c; No. 2 oats, 39½@39¾c; No. 3 white, 38@42c; No. 2 rye, 82@83c; good feeding barley, 55@56c; fair to choice malting, 58@62c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 12; No. 1 northwestern, $1 17½; prime timothy seed, $2 90; mess pork, per barrel, $12 00@12 05; lard, per 100 pounds, $6 87½@6 90; short rib sides, loose, $7 20@7 37½; short clear sides, boxed, $7 25@7 50; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 26; dried, contract grade, $10 75@11 00.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	35,400	22,000
Wheat, bushels	15,800	14,000
Corn, bushels	174,000	318,600
Oats, bushels	98,700	127,600
Rye, bushels	1,000	.....
Barley, bushels	15,700	3,200

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour quiet and steady; No. 2 spring wheat, ...

Arrested on the River Bank.

Eight men who were having a good time on the Allegheny river bank at the foot of Twenty-fourth street yesterday afternoon were arrested. Many complaints had been made by neighbors about the Sunday crowds.

Magistrate Upholds Morality.

At the South Side police station yesterday morning George A. Worthington was fined $25 for sending an obscene letter and Charles Dougal was fined a similar amount for using vile language.

REVIEW OF THE WEEK IN LOCAL MARKETS

Grocery Business Showed Improvement—Rains Hurt Produce Trading.

There was marked increase in the grocery trade during the past week. Jobbers reported better demand on flour, an increasingly firm coffee market and brisk trading in sugar, as has been shown by an advance of 20 points during the past three weeks. This advance has been due to demands incident to the canning season, which is now in full blast. Sales of fruit jars was heavier than at this time one year ago. Canned goods are booming and orders for future delivery were very flattering. Rice continues in good request, and cereals, especially the patent makes, move well; maple syrup is still selling very well at reduced quotations. A new mackerel showed well, especially on account of the low prices named at present. Lake herring showed probably better than for any one week several months. New salmon packs arrived during the week, and reports indicate that the output will be light compared with other years. Orders were fair. Cheese changes continue nearly over the previous week, and quotations are not likely to hold at the recent advances, unless there is decided change soon. The cream stock was never better, but is not wanted so generally as during the previous week.

Wet weather had a more or less depressing effect on the produce market; some dealers report good trade and others a slow week. Trading at the pit was very light, prices ruled at a standstill, and buying was more of a hand-to-mouth character. There was no change in potatoes until Saturday, supply being fair and demand good. Indications point to continued firmness in this line, but prices may be revised at the close of the week. Cucumbers were easy and prices went down. Green peas and new beans were wanted. Celery advanced. The supply of strictly fine table apples was small; demand exhausted at the end of the week. The raspberry market was very firm and prices were high; all other berries were not in too good supply, and quotations were made accordingly. Peach receipts were heavy and quotations were reduced. The pineapple market took a big jump, and indications are that prices may go still higher. Receipts of cherries were big, but the stock commanded full prices, the same as it has for several weeks past. There is very little doing in oranges, new oranges will soon be in, and little can be expected in the market until the new stock arrives. Rains had considerable effect on the melon market, especially canteloupes, which are always more or less affected by wet weather. The tomato market was strong at the opening, but bigger receipts eased it up. Considerably new tomatoes arrived, but was green and not very desirable, and prices were lower. Receipts were much beyond expectations, and in all probability there will be reductions in quotations this week. The egg market was very firm, shrinkage in supply being very great, and good stock being wanted more and more as the summer season advances.

There was practically no change in hay, grain or feed. Timothy, however, showed firmness nearer the close of the week on account of the effect of a boom in the western market. Millfeed was reduced slightly, but so little can be had that the market is holding up on the new basis. It will probably be so for two weeks more. There is little trading in corn, which is offering at 65½ to 66c and from 56 to 57c. Straw is in light supply. Receipts of everything have been very small since Tuesday. The supply of timothy hay is very scant; there was an advance of 50c on No. 1 timothy last week, but very little sold. New hay will arrive in a few weeks, but wet weather will likely affect the quality to a certain extent and hurt the business at the opening of the new market.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined Saturday: Pennsylvania, 11 cars hay, 3 cars oats, 1 car feed, 1 car straw; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 1 car corn.

Dealers change an advance of $1 00 a ton on hay and millfeed, and 5 cents per bushel on corn from warehouse in less than carload lots.

Hay, No. 1 timothy	White middlings, No. 1
...$15.50@16.00	ton ...$23.00@24.00
do No. 2 $11.00@12.00	No. 2 mid.
No. 1 mix $11.50@12.00	ton ...$22.50@23.50
No. 1 mix $11.50@12.00	do No. 2 $21.00@22.00
Loose, from	Brad, top...$20.00@20.50
wagon $14.00@16.00	Wheat, No. 2
Straw, oat...$9.00@9.50	red ...nom@1.00
do wheat $8.00@9.50	Corn, No. 2 yellow
do rye ...$14.00@14.50	ear ...55@55½c
Oats, No. 2	High mix ...54@54½c
white ...43@43½c	No. 2 mix ...54@55c
do No. 3...46@46½c	No. 2 yellow ear
do No. 4...44@45c	...56@57c

GROCERIES.

Flour,	do 5-lb bags...4.30c
Ginger, pat. quarters,	do powdered...5.30c
18 paper...$5.75@5.80	do pea ...5.35c
First clears...$3.60@3.90	do cut loaf...5.30c
Second clears...$3.10@3.40	do cubes...5.40c
Fancy winter	do confec. A...4.90c
patent...$5.20@5.25	do No. 1 yellow...4.80c
Straight win...$5.00@5.25	do No. 2 yellow...4.70c
Rye ...$4.20@4.35	do No. 3 yellow...4.60c
Graham ...$3.70@3.80	Beans.
Cornmeal bbls...$2.20	Navy, choice,
do 10-lb cotton	H. P. ...$1.85@1.95
bags ...1.65@1.70c	do prime
Rolled oats, bbl...$5.40	H. P. ...$1.75@1.80
do bags ...$2.85	Red kidney...$3.25@3.30
Roasted Coffee.	Red, lima, lb...4½@5c
Rio ...13@18c	Peas, dried,
Santos ...22@24c	bu ...$1.20@1.25
Maracaibo ...15@17c	do split, lb...4c
Peaberry ...17@18c	do marrow,
Golden Rio...16@17½c	bu. ...$2.00@2.10
Mocha ...25@28c	Oil, carbon, 110
Java ...18@25c	deg. ...11½c
Standard	do headlight...12½c
plans...$11.95@11.55	do water
High grade...$ 13.20	white ...13c
Molasses, fancy	do Ohio W. W.
refined ...36@37c	150 deg. ...12½c
do choice ...34@35c	do Elaine ...16c
do open ket...38@40c	do special
Syrup.	brands ...20@43c
Fancy syrup...28@30c	Rice, ex-fancy
Maple, gal. ...$1.00@1.25	head, lb...6½@7c
Pure, gal cans...$1.25	do broken
Prime ...24@25c	Japan ...4@4¼c
2½-lb cans, doz...$1.90	do choice Carolina
5-lb cans, doz...$3.60	head ...5¼@5½c
5-lb cans, doz...$7.80	Salt, No. 1 bbl...$1.00
10-lb cans, doz...$3.40	do No. 1 extra...$1.10
Maple, gal. ...75@$1.00	do gran. sack...30c
Oatmeal, bbl...$6.00	do packet...$1.50@2.00
Standard ...$3.75	Tobacco, fancy,
Sugar, std. gran...5.15c	lb ...40@50c
do bags ...5.10c	Lentils, fancy,
do 2-lb cartons...5.30c	"G. O." lb ...4½@

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, sm. pie...$1.10	Raspberries ...85@95c
do pie, gal...$2.00@2.50	Gooseberries ...85@90c
do California,	Tomatoes,
lb ...$1.05@2.25	do ...$1.15@1.25
do Mary-	do standard ...77½@8c
land ...$1.45@1.95	do gal...$2.50@2.55
do California,	Succotash, 1-lb
Y. P. ...$2.50@2.60	cans ...$1.25@1.40
Corn, standard...$1.70	Baked beans, cans,
do std...$1.20@1.35	tomato sc. ...75@90c
Cherries, Cal	Salmon, doz...$2.35@3.00
white ...$2.50@2.75	do red, 1-lb
Lima beans...$1.30@1.45	flats ...$1.00@1.20
do soaked...75@85c	do red, 1-lb
String beans, 2-lb...70c	flats...$1.05@2.00
do 3-lb ...90c	do pink, 1-lb
Stringless	talls ...$1.85@2.10
beans...$1.25@1.75	Chipped beef $2.25@2.75
Peas, marrow-	Corned beef,
fat ...90@95c	cans ...$2.30@2.35
do early	do 1-lb
June ...95@$1.00	cans ...$2.50@2.85
do soaked...55@65c	Mackerel,
Apples, N. Y.	broiled ...$1.90@2.80
gal. cans...$2.15@2.20	Sardines, domes-
Pineapples...$1.20@2.25	tic, ½s...$3@3.50
Plums, Cali-	do mustards...$2.60
fornia ...$1.50@1.90	do French...$5.50@18.50

SALT FISH

Mackerel, No. 1	Mackerel, No. 2
mess, bbl...$25.00	large, bbl...$14.00
do half bbl...$11.50	do half bbls...$7.40
do 8-lb. kit...$6.00	do quar. bbls...$3.85
Mackerel, No. 1	do 20-lb pails...$1.75
bbls, bbl...$20.00	do 10-lb pails...95c
do half bbls...$10.50	do No. 2 Irish
do quar. bbls...$6.25	50-lb tubs ...$5.00
do 20-lb pails...$2.00	Lake herring, 100
do 10-lb pails...$1.75	lbs ...$3.25
	do 30-lb ...$1.75
	do 10-lb ...95c

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap.,	Raisins, Muscatel,
bags ...10@12c	2 and 4 crown
do 20-lb	50-lb boxes...@6½c
boxes ...10½@12½c	do Gordon
Apples, bulk ...6½@7c	Val. ...@2½c
do 1-lb car-	do Cal. Val...7@7½c
tons ...7½@8c	Currants, Steamed,
Peaches ...7@10½c	25 and 40-lb
Raisins, seeded,	boxes ...6½@6¾c
1-lb pkg...7½@7¾c	Prunes ...@8c
	Figs, Cal. ...@9c
	do Turk ...12½@14c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store,	Millet,
recleaned, 60-lb	Western ...$1.25@1.50
bu small...$6.70@7.00	Southern ...$1.75@1.80
do imma-	Grass, Hungar-
ture ...$6.85@7.10	ian ...60c@$1.10
do crimson...$4.60@4.75	do lawn, lb...10@18c
do white	do blues, 14-lb
Dutch...$10.25@12.00	bu. ...$1.85@1.75
Alsike ...$7.00@8.00	do red top,
Alfalfa ...$8.50@9.00	14-lb bu...$1.10@1.60
	Timothy ...$1.55@1.90

PRODUCE

Potatoes,	do Miss. 4-basket
do new, bbl,	carriers...$1.00@1.25
store ...$2.50@3.00	do Washington, 6
do track...$2.75@2.90	baskets ...$1.50@1.75
Onions,	Spinach, Ba...35@40c
do Texas Bur-	Asparagus, Ca-
mudas ...$1.85@2.00	lifornia, 24-
do southern,	home raised...40@45c
bbls ...$3.75@4.00	Honey, new...13@14c
do Kennedy,	Beets, new...30@35c
bbls ...$3.50@4.00	Popcorn, lb...4@6c
do Kentucky,	Egg plant,
bags ...$1.85@1.75	crates ...$2.75@3.00
Green onions...12@15c	do doz...75c@$1.00
Cucumbers,	Strawberries,
do southern, bu	Fancy ...10@11c
Fancy ...$1.00@1.25	Choice ...08@9c
Choice ...75@85c	Dewberries,
	per crate ...$4.00

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.	do Ohio
Prints ...20½@21c	Swiss ...12@12½c
Tubs ...19½@20½c	do Wis. Swiss
Ohio creamery...15@15½c	tubs ...14@15½c
Dairy ...10@12c	do block ...13@14c
Country roll...10@12c	do imported...27@28c
Cheese, N. York	do Limber-
cream, new...9½@10c	ger, new...10@12c
do Ohio cream...8½@9c	do 5-lb brick...12@13c
do ¾ cream,	Eggs, candled ...19c
new ...7½@8c	do south'n'n...@15½c

FRUITS.

Lemons, Mes-	Cherries, California,
sina ...$5.00@5.50	10-lb boxes 75c@$1.00
do Califor-	do Mary-
nia ...$2.40@2.50	land ...$2.00@2.75
Limes, per 100...$1.50	do York-
Oranges, California,	basket ...25@35c
navel ...$3.25@3.50	Peaches, Bkw, 6-bas-
Cocoanuts,	ket carriers $1.25@2.00

NEW YORK WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Statement of the Associated Banks of the city of New York, from reports to the New York clearing house, as required under section 16 of the constitution, for week ended July 9.

Banks.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	*Deposits.	Circulation.
Bank of N. Y. Nat. Bkg. Ass'n	$ 10,226,000	$ 3,313,000	$ 1,517,000	$ 18,868,000	$ 1,074,000
Bank of the Manhattan Co	20,400,000	17,833,000	2,218,000	39,250,000	.....
Merchants National bank	10,818,200	4,393,300	1,314,500	20,816,300	.....
Mechanics National bank	31,926,000	3,510,000	2,062,000	32,577,000	474,000
Bank of America	23,526,700	5,626,300	2,626,800	28,284,100	.....
Phenix National bank	8,351,000	2,858,000	248,000	2,911,000	47,500
National City bank	175,655,100	30,575,000	8,820,400	179,006,500	5,005,000
Chemical National bank	23,500,000	6,821,000	1,808,000	24,008,000	.....
Merchants Exch. Nat. bank	6,718,000	1,998,500	1,047,500	8,347,000	147,100
Gallatin National bank	8,358,700	1,745,700	466,000	7,802,800	561,300
Nat. Butch. & Drovers bank	1,916,600	506,500	45,700	2,351,000	45,000
Mechanics & Traders bank	4,038,000	1,250,000	447,000	4,354,000	.....
Greenwich bank	2,000,000	497,500	240,900	2,681,400	.....
American Exch. Nat. bank	30,780,000	7,252,000	2,268,000	34,772,000	3,952,000
National Bank of Commerce	105,282,800	25,068,000	16,480,000	158,117,100	11,312,600
Mercantile National bank	23,840,200	4,262,900	1,351,900	21,876,000	2,179,900
Pacific bank	3,346,800	894,900	450,800	5,316,700	.....
Chatham National bank	6,072,600	1,047,700	1,440,000	8,737,600	45,200
People's bank	2,040,100	413,900	295,200	2,592,200	.....
Nat. bank of North America	16,064,500	2,316,000	1,714,800	15,340,500	781,900
Hanover National bank	48,000,200	16,084,600	3,568,300	68,243,800	50,000
Irving National bank	6,813,000	878,400	718,400	6,994,000	214,700
Citizens Central Nat. bank	12,452,300	2,406,000	2,176,700	15,238,500	1,504,500
Nassau bank	2,340,800	483,000	224,700	2,876,900	.....
Market & Fulton Nat. bank	6,176,500	1,301,800	877,200	6,267,200	39,400
Nat. Shoe & Leather bank	6,982,700	1,684,000	787,400	8,347,000	28,800
Corn Exchange bank	19,885,000	4,814,000	1,506,000	24,715,000	.....
Oriental bank	1,805,000	1,156,100	261,500	1,613,900	.....
Imp. and Traders' Nat. bank	22,851,000	3,775,000	1,316,000	20,001,000	47,400
National Park bank	70,195,000	15,287,000	5,513,000	80,990,000	2,487,000
East River National bank	1,411,100	192,400	184,700	1,787,000	45,000
Fourth National bank	23,572,800	4,650,000	2,804,200	29,432,400	50,000
Second National bank	9,112,600	1,112,000	1,197,000	8,805,000	244,400
First National bank	50,097,000	33,130,000	1,332,000	102,724,000	4,977,000
New York Nat. Exch. bank	7,035,500	1,265,900	703,400	8,715,000	644,900
Bowery bank	3,975,000	431,000	243,000	3,583,000	.....
New York County Nat. bank	4,482,200	987,400	485,700	5,840,200	27,000
German-American bank	8,534,800	654,400	214,000	3,395,400	.....
Chase National bank	43,977,100	15,763,600	1,804,100	60,651,200	53,000
Fifth Avenue bank	9,137,300	2,586,500	178,800	9,602,100	.....
German Exchange bank	2,313,100	200,000	159,000	2,453,500	.....
Germania bank	2,813,300	420,200	209,100	3,102,600	.....
Lincoln National bank	12,116,000	950,800	2,178,100	12,805,400	256,700
Garfield National bank	7,644,400	1,539,300	294,500	7,517,900	227,000
Fifth National bank	3,487,100	628,400	321,000	3,487,100	244,900
Bank of the Metropolis	4,288,000	1,759,300	622,700	10,478,500	.....
West Side bank	3,425,000	630,000	324,000	3,888,000	.....
Seaboard National bank	13,402,000	2,950,000	1,631,000	16,035,000	113,000
First Nat. bank, Brooklyn	4,231,000	849,100	637,000	4,712,000	90,000
Liberty National bank	10,900,000	2,332,000	1,079,000	13,538,000	974,100
N. Y. County National bank	4,861,000	810,400	429,500	5,178,400	.....
New Amsterdam Nat. bank	5,812,500	920,400	528,800	6,567,100	100,000
Astor National bank	4,785,600	966,000	176,000	4,689,000	356,000
Totals	$1,078,295,800	$243,052,700	$82,461,400	$1,158,135,800	$39,128,400
	Increase.	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
	$ 2,263,500	$ 3,722,100	$ 2,519,900	$ 5,161,500	$ 41,500

Reserve on total deposits, decrease $87,575. Reserve on deposits other than United States, decrease $78,628.

*United States deposits included, $23,263,400

†Five days, week ended July 9, $1,078,437,250.41. Balances for week, $103,738,422.40.

Last Week Was Phenomenal In Southwest Oil District

The week just closed was more fruitful of good producers in the lower southwest and distributed over a larger area, than for any week during the spring months of the current year. Wells above the average in size were found in the shallow, Gordon and Fifth sand districts, with the probable introduction of a new sand in the deeper territory. The first real gusher of the year was encountered in the Big Injun sand development, near Wick, Tyler county, and is owned by the Carter Oil Company. It is the company's No. 6 on the J. W. Ankrom farm, in the heart of defined territory. The well produced 450 barrels the first 24 hours and then was drilled a little deeper, increasing its production to 65 barrels an hour. That was the rate which it was flowing at the end of the first 12 hours. At the end of the 24 hours the well had placed 1,650 barrels to its credit.

The Wick or Ankrom district is in the lower edge of Tyler county, W. Va., and has furnished some fine producers for almost a year. The pool is not large, but has been found to be very rich in Big Injun sand, which is the sand well contested in the development previous to the Carter Oil Company's No. 6 on the J. W. Ankrom farm, was the Melrose Oil and Gas Company's No. 4 on the H. Ewart farm, which had an initial production of about 600 barrels the first 24 hours. There have been more than a dozen wells completed that started at better than 300 barrels a day. Only a few wells in the Fifth sand area of the pool has been defined for the reason that within the past two weeks a test well has been completed a half mile in advance to the northeast and is a 50-barrel producer for the Carter Oil Company. The Lee Bros. & Bower and the Melrose Oil and Gas Company have been the most active in developing this territory. Before the gusher was struck the estimated daily pool was between 1,500 and 1,600 barrels a day.

In the way of new discoveries, the probable introduction of a new fifth sand development was the most important. The well is owned by the Philadelphia Company on the S. Andrews farm, near Burton, and completed. When the Gordon was drilled through without encountering any oil or gas it was decided to drill to the fifth and the result was an oil producer, credited with a production of 117 barrels the first hour. Based upon future developments show a fifth sand pool, it will make the third in the state. The largest is that in the old Fairview district, Marion county. On Kinchlo creek is another living gusher in Harrison and Lewis counties. Some very good producers have been found at Fairview. During the week the South Penn company drilled in a 100-barrel, fifth sand producer, on the Wilson farm. Some of the best wells in this development have produced as high as 350 barrels a day at the start. On Kinchlo creek, the average size of the wells has been comparatively small, not exceeding 25 barrels a day.

The Pine Grove extension, in Wetzel county, had for some time not been able to present anything better than small wells. On last Tuesday R. M. Jennings & Bland drilled in a test on the Marcellus Postalwait farm that produced 360 barrels the first 24 hours. This is the largest producer that has been found in the extension during the year. On Monday last the South Penn Oil Company drilled in its second test on the T. J. Postalwait farm, located in the same district and vicinity, and got a producer that started at 135 barrels a day. The Kahan district, in Harrison county, had nothing out of the ordinary to offer. Fewer wells than has been the rule were completed and all came in light.

Aside from the Wilson district, none of the shallow sand districts furnished anything better than ordinary producers. The Yellow Creek district, in Calhoun county has for some time been the most conspicuous in the number and size of the wells it has been surprising, but four wells were completed and with the exception of the South Penn's No. 10 on the Camden-Summers farm, they were smaller than has been the rule in the field for some weeks. The best producer in the field at this time is the Fenton Company's No. 6 on the Moss farm, a good producer, on the R. E. Gardner farm, to the north of developments. This well is holding up at 150 barrels a day. Several miles to the east of the Yellow Creek development, the South Penn has drilled in two sand gushers on the M. N. Sommers farm. There are now several wells drilling in Calhoun to the northeast and the southwest that will be in soon, and will show whether or not a pool is in sight. One has been defined. The pool has a production of about 1,500 barrels a day.

Near Milton, Cabell county, operations in the Big Lime pool have declined, and the work now under way and starting is nearly all in the vicinity of the ten wells that are producing. The producing wells have declined and are now averaging about 20 barrels a day. In Putnam county, adjoining Cabell, there is but one well drilling.

On the Ohio side there was nothing discovered to attract attention. Operators are busy in nearly all districts, but the wells are all small, except to the west of Empire, in Jefferson county, where they are finding some very nice producers. Near Leetonia, Columbiana county, development work is increasing and the prospects are locating up a pool are rather promising. It is now producing about 90 barrels a day and with the work under way and starting should be doubled within a month. In Harrison county, there is some experimental work starting and the new discovery of a new pool would be no surprise.

The Three Rivers

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 10.—The stage of the river at 6 o'clock this evening marked 12.8 feet and rising, making a rise of 1.2 feet during the last 24 hours. Weather clear and very warm. Shreve's boats, since last report, did a big passenger business today. The packet departures were: Courier, for Marysville; City of Louisville, for Louisville. There were no other boat movements except those of the local harbor boats.

WHEELING—River 10 feet 4 inches and falling. Clear and hot. Up—Kanawha, Big Kanawha, Keystone State, Pittsburgh. Down—Virginia, Cincinnati; Lorena, Zanesville. Down with coal—Tom Dodsworth, Tornado, Frank Gilmore, Jack Frost.

STEUBENVILLE—River 10 feet and falling. Cloudy and warm. Down—Frank Gilmore, 6 a. m. Up—Big Kanawha, Kanawha, Keystone State, Tornado.

GREENSBORO—River 7 feet 11 inches and falling. Clear and warm. Columbia down, Monday: Woodland up.

MORGANTOWN—River 7 feet 8 inches and stationary. Weather clear.

OIL CITY—River 2 feet 10 inches and rising. Clear.

WARREN—River 5 feet 3 inches and stationary. Heavy rains last night.

LOUISVILLE—River rising. In canal, 3.7 feet; on falls, 3.8 feet; below locks, 10.6 feet. Clear and warm.

PARKERSBURG—The coal fleet which left Pittsburgh for the south about the middle of last week began passing here this morning and the last tow passed this evening. The movement has been steady and no accident of consequence has been met. The stage of water at the local wharf this evening is 15 feet 11 inches and stationary. The Virginia was the only packet today, arriving from Cincinnati at 7 o'clock with a good cargo and heavy passenger list.

POINT PLEASANT—River 15 feet 6 inches and rising. Cloudy and warm. Down—Ben Hur, Greenwood, Emma Cooper, Tom Rees, Sol Roberts, Charles Brown. Up—Henry Debus, Winnifreda.

GALLIPOLIS—River 17 feet and rising. Cloudy and warm.

The stage of water in the Ohio river, according to the gauges on Davis Island dam, at 9 o'clock last night was 10.8 feet and rising.

No Coalboat Stage in Sight.

The landing of a few tows of empties from down river points was the only commercial action along the rivers yesterday. A fair packet stage still prevails, but a coalboat stage is not looked for in the immediate future. The big steamer Shenango, which arrived Saturday morning, is expected to go down river light, today. Considerable coal stands ready for shipment at the first opportunity.

AMERICANS ACTIVE.

These Alone Relieved Dullness of the Stock Market in London.

LONDON, July 10.—(Copyright, Cable.)—The stock exchange has experienced a dull and disappointing week, relieved only by activity in the American division. Despite a slight reaction on the week's end, Americans supplied the only bright spot in the entire London market. They alone show advances, against declines in consols and gilt edged stocks, colonial government securities, foreign stocks, home rails, miscellaneous and various descriptions of mines. There were, of course, some exceptions where improvement was noted, but a general characterization would describe the week as one of dullness and inaction in all departments except American railways.

New York was entirely responsible for the improvement in its specialties. London bought Americans extensively, to be sure, but the buying was purely that of dealers. The public showed no disposition to follow the New York lead. Still the best informed specialties in Americans express the opinion that if New York keeps the same working long enough, it may obtain some following from this side. The impression that London is placed heavily short of Americans by its sales of calls is not borne out by investigations, owing to the method pursued by London option dealers and their ability to hedge against their privileges.

Winning Numbers at Carnival.

The raffle held during the last two weeks at the labor carnival in Wabash park, South Side, was decided on Saturday evening, the judges being Magistrate Joseph Vitchestain, Harry Brockett of Mellor's music store and David McCutcheon of the Pittsburgh Press club. The winning numbers were: automobile, 12,804, series F; piano, 10,900, series F, and watch, 12,849, series L.

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335, 337, 339 FOURTH AVENUE

CAPITAL, - $1,500,000
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in putting one's property or financial affairs in the care of this Company, as Trustee to manage, make investments, collect and remit the income

BY AN AGREEMENT

between Owner and Trustee, property and investments may be left with the Trustee to collect the income and pay over the same to the maker of the trust, or for the support of some member of his family, or in any way that may be desired.

These Trust Agreements are steadily gaining in favor. The expense is small for the service rendered.

HIGH GRADE INVESTMENT BONDS FOR SALE.

ESTABLISHED 1810

The Bank in History—No. 32.

The "chief clerk" of this bank, in 1812, received a salary of $700 a year, a comfortable sum in those days, but less, at the present time, than many a watchman or messenger earns.

The Bank of Pittsburgh
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION.
Capital, $2,400,000 Surplus, $2,400,000
226-228-230 Fourth Avenue

L. S. SHIELDS,
Member Pittsburgh Stock Ex

ST. LOUIS GETS ONE GAME FROM NEW YORK---OTHER SPORTS

M'GINNITY IS BEATEN BY NICHOLS IN CLOSE GAME, 3 TO 2

St. Louis Pitcher Is More Effective, and Giants Lose the Game.

LUTHER TAYLOR WINS NEXT

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCORES.

Philadelphia	4	Cincinnati	1
Cincinnati	7	Philadelphia	1
St. Louis	2	New York	1
New York	6	St. Louis	1
Chicago	3	Brooklyn	1

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
New York	42	18	.700	St. Louis	34	34	.500
Chicago	41	26	.612	Boston	37	43	.463
Cincinnati	39	28	.582	Brooklyn	28	45	.384
Pittsburgh	39	30	.565	Philadelphia	17	49	.258

GAMES TODAY.

Boston at Exposition Park.
New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 10.—St. Louis and New York split even on a double-header this afternoon. Nichols was more effective than McGinnity in the opening game, the runs of both teams being made on hits. In the second Luther Taylor pitched a brilliant game for New York. Score:

St. Louis	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	New York.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Farrell	2	0	1	2	0	Bradshaw m.	0	1	0	0	0
Shannon	1	0	0	3	0	Browne r.	0	0	0	1	0
Beckley	1	1	1	12	2	0	Devlin 3.	0	1	0	3	4	0
Smoot	m.	0	0	2	3	0	McGann	1.	1	1	11	1	0
Nichols	s.	0	1	3	2	0	McGann	1.	1	1	3	0	0
Burks	3.	0	1	0	2	0	Gilbert	2.	0	1	1	3	0	0
Barclay	1.	0	0	1	0	0	Dahlen	s.	0	0	0	1	4	0
Byrne	c.	0	0	5	1	0	Bergen	c.	0	0	1	0	2	0
Taylor	p.	0	0	0	2	0	McCorkle	0	0	2	2	1	0
Totals.		2	4	27	16	2	Totals.		2	5	27	14	0

St. Louis ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—2
New York ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Three-base hit—McGann. Sacrifice hits—O'Neil, Gilbert, Dahlen, Browne. Double play—Devlin, Gilbert and McGann. Stolen bases—McGann, Gilbert. Bases on balls—Off Taylor 1, off Nichols 1. Struck out—By Taylor 4, by Nichols 4. Left on bases—St. Louis 8, New York 5. Time—1:24. Umpires—Dundon and O'Day.

PHILLIES WIN ONE.

Reds, However, Get Next and Split a Double-Header.

CINCINNATI, July 10.—Cincinnati and Philadelphia split even in a double-header this afternoon. The first game went to the visitors, through their superlative hitting, aided by bases on balls. In the second game McPherson was hit hard enough in the first inning to put him out of the game, Cincinnati scoring all its runs in that inning. Attendance 10,350. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

Cincinnati	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Philadel.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Huggins	2.	1	1	3	2	0	Titus m.	0	2	1	2	0	0
Seymour	m.	0	0	3	5	0	Gleason	2.	0	1	2	6	0
Dolan	r.	0	0	2	2	0	0	Lush	r.	0	0	1	0	0	0
Odwell	1.	0	0	0	0	0	0	Doyle	1.	0	1	2	18	2	1
Kelley	1.	0	2	11	1	0	0	Clinton	c.	0	1	2	9	1	0
Steinfeldt	3.	0	0	1	2	0	0	Donlin	c.	0	1	0	2	4	0
Corcoran	s.	0	0	2	1	8	0	Hall	3.	0	0	0	1	0	0
Peitz	c.	0	0	1	1	3	0	Holzwrth	s.	0	0	1	2	6	0
Harper	p.	0	0	0	0	0	0	Grass	p.	0	0	0	0	2	1
Totals.		1	3	27	15	0	Totals.		4	6	27	8	1

Cincinnati ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Philadelphia ..... 1 0 1 0 0 3 0 0 *—5

Two-base hits—Huggins, Titus, Dolan 2. Three-base hits—Dolan, Doyle. Double plays—Huggins, Steinfeldt and Kelley. Bases on balls—Off Harper, 3, off Fraser 1. Sacrifice hit—Magee. Struck out—By Harper 3, by Fraser 2. Time—1:33. Umpire—Zimmer.

SECOND GAME.

Cincinn.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Philadel.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Huggins	2.	1	1	4	2	0	Titus m.	0	1	3	0	0
Seymour	m.	0	0	3	0	0	Browne r.	0	0	1	1	0
Dolan	r.	0	0	3	2	0	0	Lush	r.	0	1	0	0	0
Odwell	1.	0	2	2	3	0	0	Doyle	1.	0	2	6	2	0
Kelley	1.	0	0	4	8	1	0	Dodie	c.	0	1	4	8	1	0
Steinfeldt	3.	0	0	1	0	1	0	Bagwell	1.	0	0	9	2	1	1
Woodruff	3.	0	0	0	1	0	0	Titus	3.	0	0	1	2	2	0
Corcoran	s.	0	0	1	2	0	0	Hulswitt	s.	0	1	4	4	3	0
Schlei	c.	0	0	7	0	0	0	M'Pherson	p.	0	0	0	1	3	0
Ewing	p.	0	0	1	3	0	0								
Totals.		1	3	27	24	2	1	Totals.		1	8	27	24	14	2

Cincinnati ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Philadelphia ..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Dolan, Odwell, Kelley. Three-base hit—Huggins. Double play—Huggins and Kelley. First base on balls—Off Ewing 5, off McPherson 1. Hit by pitched ball—By McPherson 1. Struck out—By Ewing 6, by McPherson 2. Left on bases—Cincinnati 4, Philadelphia 7. Time—1:30. Umpires—Zimmer and O'Day.

Brooklyn in Hard Luck.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Corridon blanked the visitors for eight innings, allowing only three scattering hits. The locals batted Scanlon hard, their runs coming in the ninth inning. Brooklyn, by bunching a double and three singles, tallied twice, the last man up popping a fly, leaving two men on bases. Tinker's work at second was a feature. Attendance 11,200. Score.

Chicago.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Brooklyn.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Slagle	1.	0	1	1	0	0	Gessler	m.	0	0	3	0	0
Casey	1.	0	2	1	0	0	Ritter	r.	0	0	2	0	0
Chance	1.	1	2	3	2	0	Lumley	r.	0	1	1	0	0
McCarty	m.	0	2	0	0	0	Shekard	1.	0	0	0	1	0
O'Neill	c.	0	0	4	8	1	Bebb	s.	0	0	1	4	0
Evers	2.	0	0	5	6	0	Hoffer	2.	0	0	1	4	1
Tinker	s.	0	0	2	3	0	McCork	3.	0	2	2	1	0
Williams	r.	0	1	2	0	0	Jordan	2.	0	0	1	3	0
Corridon	p.	1	1	1	2	0	Jones	p.	0	0	1	0	1	0
							Thiel	t.	0	0	0	0	0
							Dobbs	t.	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.		1	5	27	16	1	Totals.		0	3	27	14	0

*Batted for Jordan in ninth. †Batted for Jones in ninth.

Chicago ..... 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 *—3
Brooklyn ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Left on bases—Chicago 5, Brooklyn 7. Two-base hits—McCarthy, Chance, Casey, Lumley. Sacrifice hits—Williams, Ritter. Stolen bases—Chance, Babb. Double play—Tinker, Evers and Chance. Struck out—By Corridon 5, by Jones 3. Bases on balls—Off Corridon 3, off Jones 2. Time—1:45. Umpire—Moran.

Fierce Family in Baseball.

ERIE, Pa., July 10.—(Special.)—Dan Kester, who dropped National league bowling to take up baseball, is happy today through seeing his team defeat the Carlisle Indian team, headed by Bender. There are but four brothers, in a game before 3,000 people at Reed's track today. The score:

Carlisle.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Erie.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
J. Pierce	2.	1	1	2	3	2	Hendrie	s.	3	2	3	4	1
J. Pierce	1.	0	0	9	0	0	Robb	1.	1	2	9	0	0
B. Pierce	c.	1	1	7	0	0	Vollmer	m.	1	0	2	0	0
Kennedy	3.	1	1	2	1	0	Applebee	2.	2	3	3	0	0
Keasty	m.	1	0	2	0	0	J. Wilson	p.	1	0	0	2	2
H. Pierce	p.	0	1	0	5	0	Marshall	r.	1	2	0	0	1
Hoffman	1.	0	0	6	0	0	Hayes	c.	0	0	4	1	0
J. Pierce	1.	0	0	0	0	0	Bach	m.	1	1	3	1	1
Hunke	s.	0	0	1	0	2	R. Wilson	3.	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.		5	4	29	9	7	Totals.		10	10	27	9	6

Carlisle ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Erie ..... 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 *—3

Three-base hits—H. Pierce. Two-base hits—Hendrie, Applebee, Hayes. Bases on balls—Off Pierce 3. Struck out—By Wilson 8, by Pierce 4. Double plays—Hendrie and Smith. Time—1:30. Umpire—Reisinger.

The Hockfords won from the Atlantic A. C. yesterday 7 to 1. Score:

Hockford.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Atlantic.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Fehr	2.	0	1	1	1	1	Brehm	s.	0	0	3	2	2
Hazel	3.	1	1	1	3	0	Sayer	2.	0	0	2	0	1
McVoy	1.	2	1	0	1	2	Bauer	p.	0	0	1	3	1	0
Hoffman	p.	2	2	1	0	0	Kelley	1.	0	0	10	1	1
Tucker	1.	1	1	1	0	0	Nahner	m.	0	0	1	0	0
Irby	r.	0	1	1	0	0	Jacoby	3.	0	0	2	2	0
Eberle	c.	1	0	2	8	0	0	Hunter	1.	0	0	1	0	0
Werner	c.	1	1	0	1	0	0	Bauer	r.	0	1	0	0	0
Hazel	p.	0	1	0	0	0	0	Deprery	p.	0	0	1	1	0
Totals.		7	11	27	7	2	Totals.		1	2	24	8	4

Hockfords ..... 2 0 0 0 3 1 1 0 *—7
Atlantic ..... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—McCoy, Schilling. Sacrifice hits—Nagel. Double plays—McVoy and Hazel; Brehm, Sayer and Kelley. Bases on balls—Off Eberle 5, off Bauer 1. Struck out—By Schilling, 15; by Hazel, 1; by Bauer, 1. Left on bases—Hockfords 7, Atlantic 4. Time—1:40. Umpire—Joe Bish.

BIG LEAGUE PLAYERS SPEND A QUIET SUNDAY

Late Story About Lee Fohl Told in Cincinnati—Gossip from Other Camps.

The Pittsburgh and Boston players lounged around their hotel yesterday. There was nothing startling done by either party, and even Manager Buckenberger had the idea of a person who was managing a world's championship team. The work of McNichols, the Whiting youngster, in Saturday's game tickled the older players on the Boston team, and every one seemed to be "pulling" for him to make good.

The kid has a little more self-confidence, and if he gets over the wildness, which he is bound to do once he gets started rightly, I think he will stick in the league," said one of the Boston players.

Lee Fohl, the Hawkeye backstop, who came to the Reds and has failed, was called to congress, is catching for Homestead, and the Cincinnati Enquirer. One story incidental to his career with Cincinnati has never been told. The lowing failed to deliver Fohl on time. The Reds were anxious to fortify behind the bat, and the westerners needed an outfielder, and were using Fohl in the garden.

"Load us Dodlin," was the startling message that reached Garry Herrmann, "and Fohl will be shipped on at once."

The suggestion was referred to Manager Kelley then in New York, and vetoed by him, although at that time Dodlin was in the throes of a slump such as often come to all players. On the very day that the Red manager called the New Yorkers' attention to the matter Dodlin was sprinkled with red pepper and tobasco sauce

Gus Dundon, the Allegheny boy with the Chicago Americans in the role of sub outfielder, is fielding at .966 and hitting at .225.

Catcher Bowerman intends to retire from baseball at the end of the present season and engage in the lumber business at Romeo, Mich., where he owns considerable timber land.

Says the Philadelphia North American: "Why should there be friction, as reported, in the Pittsburgh team, when Claude Ritchey's wells produce something like 25 barrels of oil a day? Crude petroleum is a fair to middling lubricant."

Gessler came near scoring in the fifth Saturday on Dillon's fast grounder to Tinker. Gessler went to third on the play and rounded the corner when Tinker threw to Evers. The Cubs' captain was unable to square the ball. Seeing his chance, Gessler darted for home, and was more than half way there when Chance awoke and shot the ball to King, who put his man out within a yard of the plate.

J. PHELPS WILL LEAD.

Starts Motor Race Today With His 20-Horse Power Car. Rain Feared.

MOUNT PLEASANT, BRETTONWOODS, N. H., July 10.—Bottled in impenetrable mist, rugged Mount Washington tonight awaits the morrow's onslaught of the conquering motorists. The morning sun may evaporate the thick and depressing clouds, but the indications are for a rainy prospect at 5 o'clock, the scheduled necessary hour. Chief Manager Morgan has designated for the start of the line of motor-driven vehicles. A half hour will elapse between the departure of successful contestants, and J. Phelps Ward, record holder, will lead off in a 20 horse-power car of his own make. Otto Westman, who recently established a new mark of 48 minutes 30 seconds, will participate again with his seven horse-power Stevens.

Telephone service connects the base with the summit of the forbidding bulk of earth and rock, and every possible precaution has been taken to minimize the chances of accident, though the abrupt turns at the top are not reassuring for the high-power machines. Late this afternoon the officials who are to serve during the day, and who will occupy the house, started skyward up the cog-wheel road. The party included Referee Pardington and Judges Butler and Sinclair. Earlier in the day the course for tomorrow's events started from the garage of the Mount Washington hotel on the 40-mile run around the northern end of the Presidential range for the site of the old general house on the Pinkham road, the point where the Mount Washington carriage road begins its tortuous ascent towards clondland.

KNIPE AGAIN TO TAKE UP BOXING

NEW YORK, July 10.—(Special.)—Joseph Knipe, the former amateur champion heavyweight of the world, has decided to get back into the boxing game, and has signified his willingness to a match with Philo Bofeneck, the present holder of the title. Since quitting the game Knipe has done considerable work at his gymnasium, where he has been teaching boxing. Knipe has suggested that the A. A. U. have the match take place at the St. Louis exposition, and he will leave the conditions to be named by those who promote the event.

ART OF SWIMMING EXPLAINED BY CHAMPION JOSEPH W. SPENCER

England Leads in Sport, but United States Beginning to Advance.

RACING STROKES DESCRIBED

The Swimmer in Action.

By JOSEPH W. SPENCER.
Holder of 23 American Records.

The human body is not very well designed for natatorial feats. Since we are not equipped with fins, it is rather difficult to force the body forward in the water with any speed, but with instruction and practice it is possible to increase the ability of the average swimmer two or three times.

Regarding swimming as a sport, our English cousins are far in advance of us, as is shown by a comparison of English and American swimming records. The reason for this difference is that the English show much more interest in the pastime than we do, and, in addition, swimming pools are numerous and well patronized in that country. There are indications that the interest throughout the United States is increasing. New swimming tanks are being built every year, and records at all distances are being cut down.

Considered as an exercise, swimming has two points which in particular commend it. The muscles of the chest and back are evenly developed and the lung capacity is increased. As distinguished from many other sports, swimming has a practical application, particularly for those who live near the water or take an interest in boats or yachting. It gives not only an ability to save one's self in cases of emergency, but in many instances to save others. Granting that the water is not too rough, or an old sea to benumb, a good swimmer should be able to float for miles, or to keep afloat as many hours. This would not be a remarkable performance when one considers that there are men who have gone twenty miles or more without rest or let up.

The specific gravity of the body is such that water will nearly support it without effort on the part of the swimmer. With the lungs well inflated, the average person can with a little practice float motionless in salt water. To do so in fresh water requires considerable practice and development of the lung capacity. Because of the greater sustaining power of salt water those who are unable to swim will find it a little easier to learn the art in the sea. After some degree of ability has been acquired the difference in fresh water will not be noticed except in the attempt at motionless floating.

Those who are entirely unable to swim will find that it is practically impossible to teach themselves by any sort of a written article. The knowledge can only come by actual work and practice in the water. Children, as a rule, under favorable conditions, work out the ability to keep afloat by their almost undirected efforts, but the best way to learn is to have the help of a friend who understands the art, or the assistance of a competent instructor, where possible.

The intention is to make this article a description of what are known as "racing strokes." These can be easily learned by people who have had enough experience in the water to make them as at home in that element. However, there are certain points relating to elementary swimming which it is well to touch upon, for, if kept in mind, a man should shun the most serious difficulties. There are three things which will help the beginner if dependent upon the instruction of a friend. The first is that an inflated bat or other device for keeping the body afloat will make it easier to learn the stroke. The attention is not distracted from the proper performance of the necessary motions by the danger of sinking. With a bat the full stroke may be taken slowly and executed according to instruction. In this way much useless floundering and waste of strength is avoided. As soon as the idea of the way of using the limbs is acquired the bat should be discarded and the attention directed to keeping the body afloat by means of the stroke.

The next important thing is to avoid the natural tendency to keep as much out of the water as possible. Most beginners try to keep the head, neck, and even part of the shoulders above the surface. This cannot be done easily, even by a good swimmer. Every portion of the body which is kept above the water is a dead weight upon the effort to keep afloat, and soon produces exhaustion. Swim as low in the water as possible, so long as the breathing is not interfered with. If the water is not rough let the body drop till the chin is just immersed.

The third thing to remember is that the leg stroke is the principal one used by most people who swim. Beginners are often told to draw the legs up and then kick them back, the idea being that propulsion is attained by kicking at the water. This principle is wrong, and those who swim this way have difficulty in making progress. The proper way is to draw the legs up; then extend them, but at the same time separating them till they form an angle of about forty-five degrees to each other. Then, with the legs straight and "toes pointed," swing them together forcibly, as if they were the blades of a pair of scissors. It is this last part, or the swinging together of the legs, which gives the propelling force. The principle of the motion is that the water between the legs forms a wedge on which the legs act in closing, and the greatest force comes when the feet almost meet. It would be well for the beginner to practice this leg stroke while holding by the hands to some convenient pole or other stationary object at the surface of the water. At first work on the three parts of the leg motion, with a slight pause between each, until with practice the whole stroke may be made continuous.

Of the racing strokes for fast swimming, there are only two which are in general use. These are the over-arm side stroke and the trudgeon, or double over-arm. It is inadvisable for one to learn both, as the two strokes unless one has gained considerable proficiency in the ordinary method of swimming, or, as it is called, the "breast stroke." For racing there is seldom a step in the willingness that is, one in front of the other. In the former explanation it is understood that the legs are to be separated sideways of the body, or as they are when one stands with the feet apart.

As to the order in which the motions of the different limbs are made, it is necessary to get it by mental effort, and to regard the respective strokes and to execute them in the following order: Lower arm, upper arm, leg, lower arm, etc. These should follow each other continuously. As soon as one ends the other should commence, so that the body is kept moving forward continuously.

Probably the most difficult part of the side stroke is the breathing. The body being on the side and carried very low in the water, the face is nearly covered. In fact, many swimmers have their heads almost under the water at one part of the stroke. It will be found that there is naturally a slight lift of the body on the end of the sweep of the upper arm stroke. This lift will bring the face partially clear of the water, and the breath must then be taken in through the mouth—never through the nose. The object of this is that any little splash of water drawn in with the breath will stop in the mouth and will not choke the swimmer by being drawn into the throat.

After one has acquired proficiency in the side stroke, the trudge may be attempted. The point which characterizes this method is that both arms are brought forward above the surface of the water. In this way one avoids the resistance which is encountered in forcing the under arm forward in the side stroke. It is evident that the body cannot be kept on one side. There must be a decided roll which will bring the shoulders alternately near the surface. That which is naturally carried uppermost in the side stroke must be brought up further than the other to allow of breathing on that side and to allow the propelling part of the leg stroke to be made with the body in nearly the same position as in the side stroke. The alternate rolling of the body is accomplished by allowing the sweep of each arm to follow each other so that the arm can be lifted out and swung forward, straight to the front, as is done with the upper arm in the side stroke.

The order or succession of the movements of the four limbs is the same as previously described.

The face that the trudger keeps the face under water most of the time will necessitate considerable study in catching the breath, for the mouth can only be above the surface for a fraction of a second each time. To make it possible to inhale in this short period, the breath must be exhaled while the face is still under water. In this way there is time enough to fill the lungs if the air is drawn in quickly.

There are certain rules which apply to both the trudgeon and side stroke, which, if kept in mind, will aid in developing speed. First, time the movement of the limbs so that one stroke follows the other in regular and even succession. This keeps the body moving steadily forward and prevents the loss of power which will result from a "sag" in the stroke. Second, remember that the head is only to be carried just high enough to bring the mouth clear of the water at the time when the breath should be taken. Third, reach well forward with the arms and make the propelling sweep as long as possible.

If one can master either or both of the strokes described in this article, it will be found that the pleasure of swimming will be almost doubled. However, when you go in for a swim do not overdo it. Keep in shape if you wish to derive the greatest benefit from the sport. It is always best to come out before the sense of exhaustion is experienced or before feeling chilled.

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S. S. JONES

American and English champion will contribute an article for next Monday's Gazette on Running High Jump.

CARRICK BEATS MIFFLIN BY HITTING BALL HARD

Rockfords Win from Atlantic by 7 to 1, and Riverview Is Victorious.

The Carrick A. C. defeated the Mifflin A. C. yesterday, 12 to 10. Kuntz, Carnegie A. C.'s star pitcher, pitched a masterly game in spots, but Carrick hit him at the right time. The feature was the fine hitting of Reits, J. Lostetter and A. Shores for Carrick and the shortstop playing of Ilgerman. Kuntz and Schwerer carried off the honors for Mifflin. The score:

Carrick.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Mifflin.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Reits 3.	2	3	1	1	1	Peas s.	0	1	3	1	0
J. Sutch	m.	2	2	0	0	0	Kuntz m.	0	0	0	0	0
Lostetter	s.	2	2	7	3	1	Mooney 2.	1	1	1	1	1
Shores 1.	1	2	11	2	0	Dullard 3.	2	2	1	0	2
T. Sauser	r.	1	1	1	0	0	Harris r.	1	1	1	0	0
Abbott 1.	0	0	2	0	0	Fleret 1.	2	1	4	1	0
O'Neil	s.	1	2	2	3	1	Schwerer 1.	2	2	2	1	1
Wagner 2.	1	2	3	2	0	Engel c.	0	0	12	0	0
Wagner p.	2	1	1	0	0	Hillier c.	0	1	2	0	0
Shores p.	0	0	0	2	0	Kuntz p.	2	2	0	2	1
Totals.	12	15	27	14	3	Totals.	10	11	24	7	4

Carrick A. C. ..... 3 0 0 2 1 0 2 4 *—12
Mifflin A. C. ..... 0 0 0 1 1 3 0 1 4—10

Two-base hits—Reits, J. Lostetter, J. Wagner, Dullard, Hanna, Schwerer. Hit by pitcher—Trenhauser. W. Kuntz. Bases on balls—Off Shores 2. Struck out—By G. Wagner, 4; by Shores, 5; by Kuntz, 7. Wild pitches—Kuntz.

CENTRAL LEAGUE GAMES.

EVANSVILLE, July 10.—Poor base running in the first game cost Evansville a run in the seventh. Armstrong pitched superior ball. In the second game good batting and Miller's fine pitching made the victory an easy one for Evansville. Scores:

	R.	H.	E.
Evansville	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1	4	1
Peoria	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	2	4
Batteries—Coons and Pearse; Armstrong and Shannon.			
Second game—		R.	H. E.
Evansville	2 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 *—5	8	2
Peoria	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	2	4
Batteries—Miller and Cross; Summers and Shannon.			

DAYTON, O., July 10.—Smith's curves proved an enigma to Dayton. The two runs made by Grand Rapids were a result of singles by Bufka and Denny and a pass to Barry. Farrel was effective at critical times, benching six batsmen. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Dayton	0 2 2 0 0 1 2 0 *—5	12	2
Grand Rapids	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—2	4	4
Batteries—Smith and Hawkins; Farrel and Benny.			

TERRE HAUTE, July 10.—Terre Haute shut out Ft. Wayne today. Smith of the local team had perfect control and did not allow a base on balls. Obenlin pitched a good game, but was poorly supported. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Terre Haute	0 1 0 0 3 0 0 0 *—4	8	2
Ft. Wayne	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	6	3
Batteries—Smith and Street, Oberlin and Ostdiek.			

WHEELING, July 10.—South Bend and Wheeling broke even in a double-header today. Miller was badly supported in the first and Schafer's knockout helped to turn the tables. Scores:

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Wheeling	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1	5	4
South Bend	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 *—4	7	0
Batteries—Miller and Schriever, Ferguson and Andrews.			
Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Wheeling	4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 *—4	8	3
South Bend	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 *—3	6	1
Batteries—McConnell and Schriever, Schafer, Ferris and Andrews.			

Coshocton Beats Marietta.

MARIETTA, O., July 10.—(Special.)—Coshocton defeated Marietta again this afternoon in a 10-inning game 4 to 3. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Marietta	0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0—3	8	2
Coshocton	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—3	4	10
Batteries—Schaefer and Walsh; Collins and Matheson. Umpire—Conway. Hit by pitcher—Collins 2. Three-base hit—Russell. Two-base hits—Schaefer, Bedur. Umpire—Kaiser. Attendance—1,200.			

Findlay Loses a Game.

FINDLAY, O., July 10.—(Special.)—Through rank fielding errors Findlay lost today to the first game Findlay has lost in the last seven played. It was also the first Sunday game. Score.

	R.	H.	E.
Findlay	0 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 2—5	10	4
Springfield	0 3 0 2 0 0 0 0 *—11	11	1
Batteries—Harris and Zahniser; Dorn and Feeney.			

American Association Games.

St. Paul 1, Louisville 2.
Minneapolis 1, Columbus 4.
Milwaukee 4, Indianapolis 2.
Kansas City 6, Toledo 4; second game, Kansas City 0, Toledo 8.

Eastern League Scores.

At Montreal—Buffalo 14, Montreal 4.
At Providence—Providence 8, Jersey City 0.

INDEPENDENTS HAVE HARD GAMES ON THEIR SCHEDULE

The independent baseball teams will be busy this week. Homestead and the Steel Works team of McKeesport have the hardest work before them. Homestead plays at Waynesburg today and the next two days and will then return home to meet the fast Kane (Pa.) team, which until recently was under the management of Bill Hopper of the South Side. Kane will finish the week at Steel Works park.

The Johnstown club will play at McKeesport today and tomorrow. Johnnie Welsh, who was with the Interscholastics on their trip, will pitch for McKeesport today and "Toots" Shultz of Shadyside Academy, also of the Interscholastics, will oppose the visitors tomorrow. Steubenville is the attraction for Wednesday and Thursday and Friday the pick of the Elks' league will be played and the C. A. C. of Braddock Saturday.

The Interscholastics will play the P. A. C. aggregation tomorrow evening at Friendship park. This will be the first game played by the school boys in Pittsburgh, as they have been on the road for the past month. Either Don Doyle or Frank Kastley will pitch against Wentz's team. Totten, Burns and Rankin will be the P. A. C. pitchers. The Scholastics finish their season Saturday at Rochester.

GLASSWORKERS' MEETING HELD AT CLEVELAND

Affiliation of the Denny Faction With the Organization Seems Probable.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, O., July 10.—A joint session of the executive board, officers and wage committee of the United States Glass Workers was held today at the American House and the affairs of the new organization were gone over.

Tomorrow the officers of the Denny faction will meet to consider affiliation with the new organization and the strife which has been going on for a long time between the factions bids fair to be settled soon. Another important matter, which will probably come before the convention which opens Tuesday will be the matter of the wage scale.

The last scale was in force last year the glass workers being in session in Pittsburg at present and it is likely that an effort will be made to boost the present wage scale.

Among those who attended today's meeting were: President W. S. Phillips, Secretary and Treasurer Harry C. Parker, Vice President Joseph Webb, Bath Creek, Pa.; W. Denton, Shellport, Pa.; I. Clark, Port Allegany, Pa., A. F. Cooper, Allegheny, Pa.; J. Gessner, Kane, Pa.; W. E. Springer, Port Allegany, Pa., G. Pendry, Uplands, Ohio; Clarence Hornbeher, Pa. The convention will probably last the entire week.

SALARIES TOO SMALL.

Teachers Turn in Their Resignations to Accept More Lucrative Positions.

Several teachers in the schools of Braddock, Duquesne and other towns in the Turtle Creek and Monongahela valleys, who were elected at the June meeting of the boards, have tendered their resignations, having accepted more lucrative salaries elsewhere.

In Braddock it is stated that there are three or four positions to be filled at a meeting to be held this week, the exact night of which is being kept from the numerous applicants. One of the positions to be filled is that of special musical instructor. At Duquesne at least two of the teachers resigned. A meeting will be held tomorrow night.

TURTLE CREEK JR. O. U. A. M. GOING TO CONNEAUT LAKE

Turtle Creek council, No. 38, Junior Order of United American Mechanics, of Turtle Creek, has planned its annual excursion to Conneaut Lake. This outing will last two days this year, July 23 and 24. About 1,200 members of the order from Turtle Creek, Wilmerding and Braddock are expected to go with friends for the members. The committee in charge is James Davis, chairman; E. D. Kenyon, Phillip Sadler, J. H. Watson, W. B. Girdseye, James N. Dobbs and W. R. Cunningham.

Entries for Tennis Tourney.

NIAGARA-ON-THE-LAKE, ONT., July 10.—The Canadian tennis championships commence July 12 and the entries include: Louis Wright, Waldorf of Chicago, western doubles champion; R. G. Hunt, the California crack; F. W. Cole of Princeton, A. G. Lewis of Yale, Clarence Hobart, middle states champion; C. C. Pyle, intercollegiate champion; Pell, a California champion, and a great number of Canadian experts.

Fell from a Window.

John Hillson, aged 30, fell from a third-story window at his home, 205 Forty-fifth street, early yesterday morning and was badly bruised.

COMPANION OF CORDOVA RETURNS TO HER HOME

Wife of Eloping Minister Is Seeking Her Husband in New York.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 10.—Miss Julia Bowne, the 18-year-old daughter of J. Conover Bowne, of South River, N. J., who eloped with the Rev. J. F. Cordova, pastor of the church of which her father was a trustee, has returned to the home of her parents. Her arrival in South River was followed by the departure of Mrs. Cordova, the wife of the minister, who is now in this city seeking her husband.

At the St. Denis hotel this evening it was said that a person, who answered the description of the Rev. J. F. Cordova, had left the hotel on Saturday, after a man and woman had called on a young girl, who was his companion. Few persons save Miss Bowne in South River today. She remained in her home, while residents of South River rec